

GRAMMAR REVIEW: UNITS 1 & 2

1

Complete the sentences using the Present Simple or Present Continuous.

- She _____ (teach) at an elementary school.
- I _____ (usually walk) to work, but today I _____ (drive) because it's raining.
- They _____ (not drink) coffee, so they _____ (have) tea this morning instead.
- Look! The cat _____ (sleep) on the couch right now.
- My sister _____ (practice) the piano every evening, but today she _____ (play) the guitar.
- He _____ (go) to the gym every Saturday, but this Saturday he _____ (go) for a run instead.
- It _____ (snow) heavily in winter.
- We _____ (read) the newspaper every morning.
- The chef _____ (prepare) a special dish at the moment.
- I _____ (not usually watch) TV in the mornings, but today I _____ (watch) the news.
- She _____ (exercise) regularly to stay healthy.
- Right now, the kids _____ (play) outside in the garden.
- Birds _____ (sing) in the morning and _____ (fly) south for the winter.
- This month, we _____ (study) plants in biology class.
- My aunt and uncle _____ (visit) us every summer, but this summer they _____ (travel) to Italy.
- They _____ (plan) a big family gathering next month.
- We _____ (organize) a school concert on Friday evening.
- Listen! Someone _____ (play) the violin beautifully in the other room.

Highlight the key words
will help you!

this week
usually
every day



Marta Escrivano Ortega



GRAMMAR REVIEW: UNITS 1 & 2

2

Complete the sentences using state verbs.

- He _____ (want) to learn more about history.
- I _____ (not understand) why she is upset.
- They _____ (seem) really happy with their new home.
- She _____ (remember) all her friends' birthdays by heart.
- We _____ (need) more time to finish the project.
- My brother _____ (own) a collection of rare stamps.
- I _____ (think) that's a great idea for the party.
- She _____ (not mind) waiting a few more minutes.
- He _____ (believe) in working hard to achieve success.
- They _____ (have) a very close relationship with their neighbors.

Remember! State verbs are often used in simple tenses.



Marta Escrivano Ortega



GRAMMAR REVIEW: UNITS 1 & 2

3 Complete the sentences using CAN or HAVE TO. Read carefully to choose the right verb tense (present or past) and check if you need affirmative or negative.

- She _____ (swim) across the lake because she's very strong.
- I _____ (wake up) early tomorrow; there's an important meeting.
- They _____ (attend) the conference yesterday; it was mandatory.
- He _____ (drive) well, so he usually gives us a ride.
- We _____ (wear) helmets when riding bikes.
- She _____ (speak) three languages fluently.
- You _____ (pay) the bill by the end of the month.
- They _____ (come) to school today; it's a day off.
- I _____ (study) harder if I want to pass the test.
- He _____ (carry) the heavy box without help.
- We _____ (call) her yesterday because I was busy.
- She _____ (take) the final exam tomorrow, so she's studying hard.
- They _____ (go) hiking because they're prepared for it.
- I _____ (cook) tonight; we already have leftovers.
- You _____ (show) your ID to enter the concert.

Attention!! Check if you need present or past tense and affirmative or negative.



Marta Escrivano Ortega



GRAMMAR REVIEW: UNITS 1 & 2

4

Transform these adjectives into adverbs. Then, write the comparative form.

ADJECTIVE

ADVERB

COMPARATIVE ADVERB

FAST

CLEAR

BAD

GOOD

QUICK

PROFESSIONAL

EFFICIENT

PATIENT

SIMPLE

CAREFUL

CALM

CORRECT



Marta Escrivano Ortega



GRAMMAR REVIEW: UNITS 1 & 2

5 Complete the sentences with comparative adverbs from the adjectives in brackets.

- She runs _____ (fast) than anyone on the team.
- He speaks _____ (clear) than his colleague during presentations.
- They finished their work _____ (quick) than expected.
- My dog behaves _____ (good) than my cat, especially around strangers.
- She reacts _____ (calm) than I do in stressful situations.
- The students answered the questions _____ (correct) than last time.
- He handled the negotiation _____ (professional) than his assistant.
- This year's model performs _____ (efficient) than the previous one.
- The children played _____ (happy) when they were outside.
- She replied _____ (patient) than her coworker to the customer's complaint.
- He drives _____ (careful) than most people on the road.
- The teacher explained the concept _____ (simple) than last week.

Attention!! 2 steps are required

- 1.Transform the adjective into an adverb
- 2.Use the comparative adverb



Marta Escrivano Ortega

