

Topic 2.

SOLUTION CONCENTRATIONS: PERCENTAGE. MOLARITY.

Theoretical QUESTIONS for preparation:

I. Concentrations

1. Solution, solute, solvent
2. Concentration of solutions
 - a. Percent by weight
 - b. Percent by volume
 - c. Percent by weight/volume
 - d. Weight or volume fractions
3. Concentrations depending on the mole unit
 - a. Molarity

TASKS

Example 1: A 1.215-g sample of NaCl is dissolved in 65.483 g of water. What is the mass percent of NaCl in the solution?

Given:

Example 2: How many grams of glucose and of water are in 500 g of a 4% by-mass glucose solution?

Given:

Example 3: What is the molarity of a solution made using 45.0 g of NaCl and enough water to give 1 liter of solution?

Given:

Example 4: How many moles of solute are in 682. mL of 1.5 M NH_3 solution?

Given:

Example 5: How many grams of solute are in 2.4 mL of a .02 M H_2O_2 solution?

Given:

Example 6: There is 29.25 g CaCl₂ in 500 ml. What is its molarity?

Given:

Example 7: How would you prepare a 100.0 mL of 0.500 M KI starting with 2.00 M KI?

Given:

Example 8: What volume of 3.25 M sulphuric acid is needed to prepare 0.5 L of 0.130 M H_2SO_4 ?

Given:

Example 9: Calculate the molarity of an aqueous vinegar solution, which is 5.0% $\text{HC}_2\text{H}_3\text{O}_2$ (MM of $\text{HC}_2\text{H}_3\text{O}_2$ = 60 g/mol), density $\rho=1\text{g/ml}$.

Given: