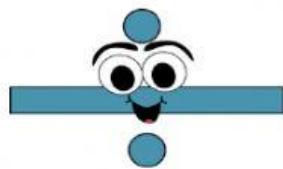Name: _____

Properties of Division

When a number is divided by 1, the quotient is always that number.
For example: 27 ÷ 1 = 27

When a number is divided by itself, the quotient is always 1.
For example: 9 ÷ 9 = 1

When 0 is divided by a number, the quotient is always 0.
For example: 0 ÷ 15 = 0

a. 14 ÷ 14 =	b. 31 ÷ 1 =
c. 58 ÷ 58 =	d. 0 ÷ 49 =
e. 26 ÷ 1 =	f. 0 ÷ 482 =
g. 67 ÷ 1 =	h. 237 ÷ 237 =
i. 0 ÷ 108 =	j. 625 ÷ 1 =