Name: ……..

Class: S7

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Ngày GV giao bài: Thứ …… ngày ……/…….

Ngày HS nộp bài: Thứ …… ngày ……/…….

Grammar: ……

Use of English: ……..

Listening: ……..

Mini Test: ……

GLOBAL ENGLISH 7

UNIT 4 – FROM A TO B – GRAMMAR REVISION & FCE READING

Lưu ý: *Các từ vựng mở rộng thầy cô cho ghi trong vở (nếu có) và các từ vựng mở rộng trong phiếu đề có chú thích nghĩa: Con về nhà chép mỗi từ 1 dòng để ghi nhớ nhé.*

A. EXTRA VOCABULARY

No.	New words	Meanings	No.	New words	Meanings
1	**quite a long time**	khá lâu	6	**financial support** (n.phr)	hỗ trợ tài chính
2	**get through** (phr.v)	hoàn thành, vượt qua	7	**freerunning** (n)	môn thể thao tương tự Parkour, kết hợp chạy và nhảy qua chướng ngại vật
3	**no chance of V-ing**	không có cơ hội	8	**recognise** (v)	công nhận
4	**to have an effect on**	có sự ảnh hưởng, tác động đến	9	**self-control** (n)	khả năng kiểm soát bản thân
5	**apart from** (prep)	ngoài ra, ngoại trừ	10	**forbidden** (adj)	bị cấm, không được phép làm

***Note:** *n = noun: danh từ; v = verb: động từ; adj = adjective: tính từ;*
n.phr = noun phrase: cụm danh từ; phr.v = phrasal verb: cụm động từ;
prep = preposition: giới từ

*Con học thuộc nghĩa của từ, chỉnh phát âm theo từ điển và chép mỗi từ **1 dòng** vào vở ghi.

B. HOMEWORK

I. Circle the correct answer.

0. The letter _____ by John yesterday.
(A.) was written B. is written C. were written

1. The documents _____ by the manager last week.
A. signed B. were signed C. is signed

2. The chef _____ the meal for the guests two hours ago.
A. prepared B. was prepared C. were prepared

3. The paintings _____ in the gallery last month.
A. displayed B. were displayed C. are displayed

4. The teacher _____ us the test results this morning.
A. were given B. gave C. was given

5. The old bridge _____ after the storm last year.
A. repaired B. were repaired C. was repaired

II. Correct the mistakes in the sentences below.

*0. The weather is much **more better** today than it was yesterday.*
*→ **better***

LIVEWORKSHEETS

1. My new car is **more far reliable** than the one I had before.
→ _____
2. This dress is not **as more expensive** as I thought.
→ _____
3. Sarah is running much **quickly** than her teammate to finish the race in time.
→ _____
4. John finds math much **more harder** than history, so he spends more time studying it.
→ _____
5. The museum visit was not as **most interesting** as the art gallery tour.
→ _____

III. Circle the correct answer.

0. Anna works ***more efficiently / most efficiently / less efficient*** *than her colleagues.*

1. The new shopping mall is **as crowded / little crowded / more crowded** than the old one, especially during weekends.
2. My exam result was **worse / better / as good** than last time, so I'm feeling quite happy about it.
3. I finished my project **more quickly / less quickly / as quickly** than I expected. I had a lot of free time after that!
4. This cake is **far more delicious / far less delicious / as delicious** as the one we had yesterday.
5. The weather today is **much hotter / much colder / as cold** than it was last week. I need a fan!

IV. Circle the correct answer.

The city is *(0)*_____ developed than it was ten years ago. Living in the countryside is often seen as being (1)_____ than living in the city. However, some rural areas are actually (2)_____ than you might think, especially during local festivals or events. On the other hand, traveling between places in the city is (3)_____ than in the countryside due to the availability of public transport. However, the air in cities tends to be (4)_____ due to higher levels of pollution. In terms of cost of living, rent in the countryside is usually (5)_____ than in big cities, which is why many people choose to move there.

0. A. much more	*B. as much*	*C. far less*
1. A. calmer	B. much more calm	C. not as calm
2. A. not as lively	B. livelier	C. less lively
3. A. more faster	B. far more fast	C. faster
4. A. not as fresh	B. much fresher	C. more fresh
5. A. not as expensive	B. far less expensive	C. much expensive

V. Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first one.

0. Someone painted the house last week.
→ The house ***___was painted last week___***.

1. The company fired several employees last month.
→ Several employees _____ .
2. The manager didn't organize the event last year.
→ The event _____ .
3. They repaired the bridge for a week before it was reopened.
→ The bridge _____ .
4. The police didn't inform us about the incident until much later.
→ We _____ .

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Lưu ý:
1. Khi làm bài tập có từ mới, các con phải tra từ điển. Sau khi tra từ điển, các con chép mỗi từ mới **1 dòng** để ghi nhớ.
2. Các con gạch chân các từ khoá chính trong bài đọc.

PART 4

For questions 35–42, complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence, using the word given. Do not change the word given. ***You must use between*** two ***and*** five ***words, including the word given. Here is an example*** (0).

Example:

0 Making new friends was easy for her.
DIFFICULT
She didn't _____ new friends.

The gap can be filled with the words 'find it difficult to make', so you write:

0	F	I	N	D		I	T		D	I	F	F	I	C	U	L	T		T	O		M	A	K	E			

Write the missing words IN CAPITAL LETTERS ***on the separate answer sheet.***

35 Despite winning the race, he wasn't very pleased.
EVEN
He wasn't very pleased, _____ the race.

36 It's a fairly long time since I last watched this programme.
QUITE
I haven't watched this programme _____ time.

37 Were you able to complete all your work yesterday?
GET
Did you manage _____ all your work yesterday?

38 His first novel was better than this one.
GOOD
This novel is not _____ one he wrote.

39 I'm sorry, could you wait for a moment, please?
MIND
I'm sorry, _____ for a moment, please?

40 We're so late now that we definitely won't get to the party on time.
CHANCE
We're so late that we have _____ to the party on time.

41 The food she eats affects her health badly.
EFFECT
The food she eats _____ her health.

42 The only thing I did at the weekend was housework.
APART
I did _____ housework at the weekend.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Con hãy làm bài nghe theo link sau:
https://youtu.be/pUhFa7Y38K8

PART 4 Questions 20-25

For each question, choose the correct answer.

You will hear an interview with a young athlete called Miguel.

20. What are Parkour athletes expected to do?

A. use their body as well as equipment to move across an area.

B. use equipment efficiently to get from one point to another.

C. use only their body to move across a challenging area.

21. What do most athletes find hard to do, according to Miguel?

A. use every part of their body

B. control their fear

C. use equipment to jump from great heights

22. Miguel says that, in the UK, Parkour

A. has already been recognised as a sport.

B. has already been part of school sports.

C. is a well-paid sport to be involved in.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

23. **What does Miguel say about the video?**

A. It was positive for the sport.

B. It had a negative effect.

C. It was prohibited.

24. **What does Miguel say about the competition in Santorini?**

A. People can only watch it online.

B. It will be quite easy for him to do well in it.

C. He could be offered a job because of it.

25. **In the future Miguel wants to**

A. study sports at university.

B. deal with Parkour as a job.

C. stop school to practise Parkour.

LIVEWORKSHEETS