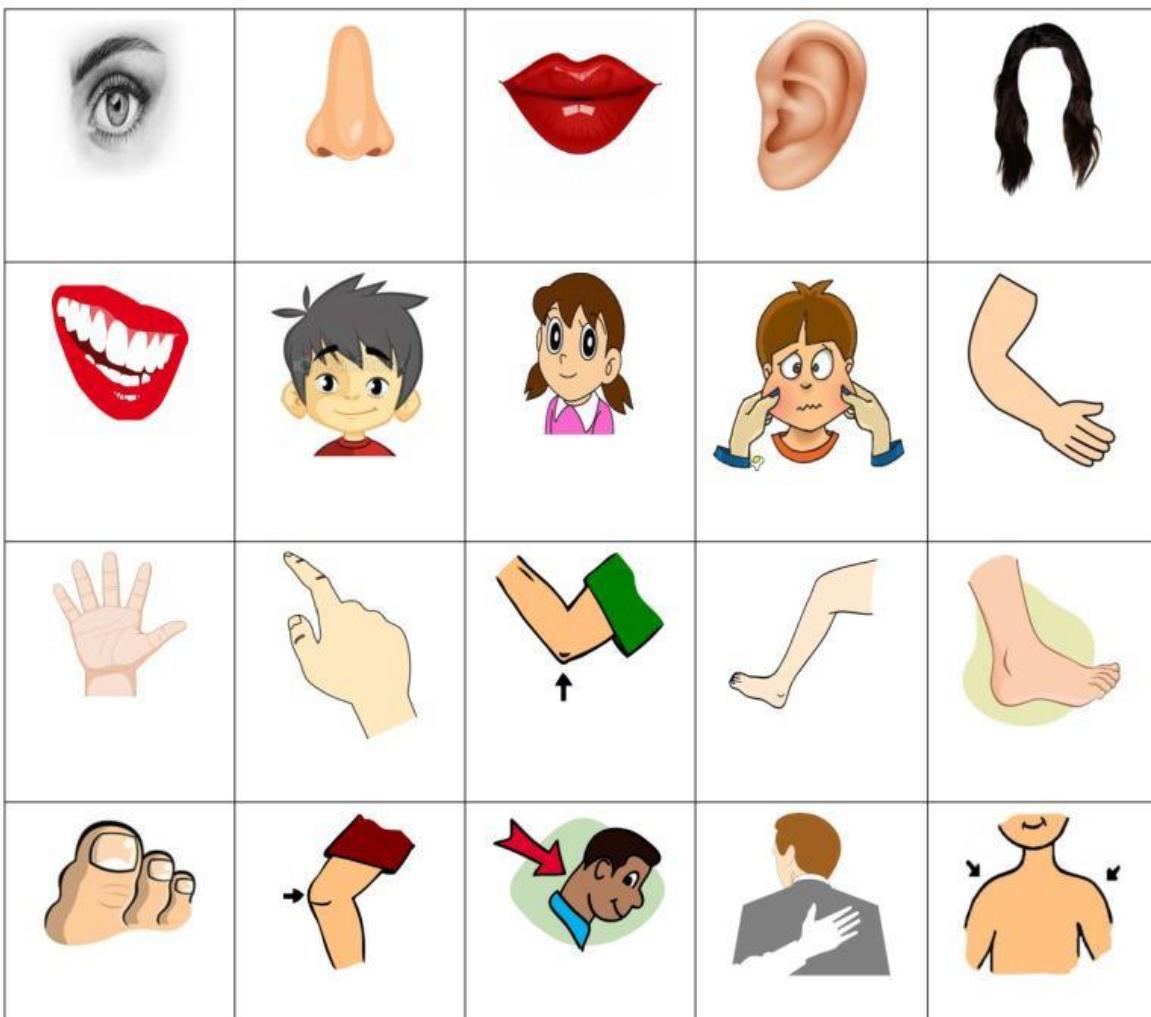


VOCABULARY

Task 1. Choose the correct names of parts of the body.



Task 2. Read and circle the right adjectives.

1. Donata is very *friendly/ rude*. She has a lot of friends.
2. Mona is very *reliable/ creative*. She always has new ideas.
3. Ann is a bit *interesting/ boring*. She never has anything interesting to say.
4. Jully is very *funny/ shy*. She likes telling jokes.

5. Helen is a *quiet/ curious* person. She isn't very talkative.
6. Lucy is very *outgoing/ generous*. She likes meeting and talking to people.
7. Joana is very *hard-working/ lazy*. She never helps with the housework.
8. Mathew is very *active/ helpful*. He likes to play sport or do physical things.

Task 3. Fill in each blank with the correct adjective from the box.

kind	boring	funny	clever
talkative	creative	confident	hard-working

1. He's a little bit _____. He likes to talk a lot.
2. Everyone is _____ to me. They often help me when I need.
4. It is _____ to sit on the plane with nothing to read.
5. She is very _____. She writes poetry and paints.
6. It's a really _____ film; everyone laughs a lot.
7. Children are often _____ at school and he always gets good marks.
8. The teacher wants the students to feel _____ about asking questions when they don't understand.
10. I'm not very _____ at Math. I often make mistakes in calculations.



GRAMMAR

1. Description with *be* and *have*

a. Be

Câu khẳng định	I + am + adj You, we, they + are + adj He, she, it + is + adj
Câu phủ định	I + am not + adj You, we, they + aren't + adj He, she, it + isn't + adj
Câu nghi vấn	Am + I + adj? Are + you, we, they + adj? Is + he, she, it + is + adj?

b. Have

Câu khẳng định	I, you, we, they + have +... He, she, it + has + ...
Câu phủ định	I, you, we, they + haven't +... He, she, it + hasn't + ...
Câu nghi vấn	Have + I, you, we, they + ...? Has + he, she, it + ...?

Example

- He **is** hard-working. (Anh ấy chăm chỉ.)
- I **am** not creative. (Tôi không sáng tạo.)
- I **have** a round face. (Tôi có khuôn mặt tròn.)
- She **has** a pink notebook. (Chị ấy có quyển vở màu hồng.)

2. Present continuous (Thì hiện tại tiếp diễn)

a. Form

(+)	I + am + V-ing. You, we, they + are + V-ing. He, she, it + is + V-ing.
(-)	I am not + V-ing. You, we, they + aren't + V-ing. He, she, it + isn't + V-ing.
(?)	Am + I + V-ing? Are + you, we, they + V-ing? Is + he, she, it + V-ing?

b. Usage (cách dùng)

- ❖ Thì hiện tại tiếp diễn diễn tả một hành động đang diễn ra tại thời điểm nói.

VD: My mother is cooking in the kitchen now. (*Hiện tại mẹ tôi đang nấu ăn trong bếp.*)

c. Signals (dấu hiện nhận biết)

Các trạng từ hay gặp: *now, at the present, at the moment, at this time* (bây giờ, lúc này)

Các động từ: *Look!* (Nhìn kìa), *Listen*(Nghe này); *Be careful!*(Cẩn thận); *Hurry up!* (Nhanh lên)

d. How to add “ing” after verbs

- ❖ Thông thường nhất, ta thêm đuôi -ing vào sau các động từ.

read → reading go → going

- ❖ Khi động từ kết thúc bằng “e”, ta bỏ “e” trước khi thêm “ing”.

have → having make → making

- ❖ Khi động từ kết thúc bằng “ee”, ta thêm ing mà không bỏ “e”.

see → seeing agree → agreeing

- ❖ Khi động từ kết thúc bằng “ie” ta đổi “ie” → “y” rồi thêm “ing”.

lie → lying die → dying

❖ Khi âm tiết cuối của động từ mang trọng âm và có chứa 1 nguyên âm + 1 phụ âm, ta gấp đôi phụ âm cuối rồi thêm “ing”.

run → running

permit → permitting

e. Note

Chúng ta không dùng thì hiện tại tiếp diễn với các động từ thuộc về nhận thức, tri giác hoặc sự sở hữu như: *be, see, hear, understand, know, like, want, feel, smell, remember, forget,...* Tuy nhiên thì hiện tại đơn thay vì hiện tại tiếp diễn trong các trường hợp này.

Example

False: ~~She is being happy.~~

Correct: She is happy.

Task 1. Complete the sentences with forms of *be* or *have*.

1. She _____ long blond hair.
2. He _____ green eyes. They look so nice.
3. He _____ short blond hair.
4. His eyes _____ black and quite large.
5. Her eyes' color _____ green. It is brown.
6. His mouth is small and he _____ green eyes.
7. _____ she _____ straight black hair? – Yes, she does.
8. Miranda's parents have brown eyes, but she doesn't. Her eyes _____ blue.

Task 2. Write the correct form of the verbs in brackets in the present continuous.

1. This evening, we _____ (work) on our school project.
2. I _____ (visit) my grandparents next Saturday afternoon.
3. The children _____ (watch) cartoons on TV at the moment.
4. _____ you _____ (play) football with my team this Sunday morning?
5. Bob _____ (not come) to our club tonight. He's busy.
6. My mother _____ (bake) an apple pie for my birthday at the weekends.
7. The students are in the schoolyard now. They _____ (not take) a test.
8. _____ Harry _____ (cycle) to school tomorrow?
9. Wendy _____ (travel) to England for summer camp at present.
10. Look! Betty and Lucas _____ (talk) to a reporter.



READING

Task 1: Read and choose the correct answer to complete each gap below.

1. A. be	B. are	C. is
2. A. make	B. makes	C. making
3. A. bikes	B. cars	C. bags
4. A. don't	B. isn't	C. doesn't
5. A. straight	B. long	C. blue

One of my best friends' names (1) _____ Robert. He lives in England and we always meet in summer. He spends his summer holidays on the beach in Huelva.

Robert is fifteen and he's very funny and generous. I like being with him because he always (2) _____ me laugh. We enjoy playing volleyball and riding our (3) _____. He also loves music and he plays the guitar and he's learning to play the piano. I don't play any instruments but I love music too. Robert (4) _____ like computer games. He likes playing with friends in the street. He has a dog called Tobby.

Robert is tall and he's got short (5) _____ dark hair and green eyes. He likes wearing jeans and tracksuits.

He's a very good student. His favourite subject is Maths. He is not very good at Social Sciences but he studies hard to pass it.



WRITING

Task 1. Reorder the words to make the correct sentences

1. My younger / is short / round eyes / sister / and has / .

→

2. Lam / hard-working student / is / an intelligent and / in my class / .

→

3. Jane / to Paris / with her mother / is travelling / at the moment /.

→

4. We / to National cinema / now / are going /.

→

5. My friend / in Cuc Phuong forest / going / is /.

→



LISTENING

Task 1. Listen and decide if the statements below are true (T) or false (F).



1. Sam has more than 4 best friends
2. Tom is tall, but Henry is short.
3. Henry doesn't help Sam study.
4. Lars is talkative.
5. Daisy sings well.

Task 2. Listen again and fill in the blanks.

1. Tom is funny because he can tell good

2. Henry looks like a

3. Daisy is a winner of the school's competition.

-THE END-