

Past Simple

Uzupełnij zdania właściwą formą czasowników w czasie Past Simple.

1. We (go) to Warsaw last week.
2. (you / play) football last Monday?
3. Three weeks ago, my mum (buy) a new washing machine.
4. They (not / visit) their grandparents.
5. My best friend Tomek (help) me with my homework yesterday.
6. Oscar and Susan (be) in the cinema yesterday.
7. His dog (run) in the garden.
8. (your sister / watch) TV yesterday?
9. She (not / be) hungry.
10. (you / be) at school yesterday?
11. I (buy) a new car last month.
12. My friend (watch) TV yesterday.
13. They (be) at school on Monday.
14. His brother (eat) pizza at the party.
15. Tom and Oscar (play) basketball together.

Przekształć zdania oznajmujące w zdania przeczące.

1. He went to Paris.
2. My mum bought some milk.
3. Tom and Oscar helped me with my homework.
4. Cindy studied history.
5. Our teacher closed the window.
6. My father was tired.

Przekształć zdania oznajmujące w zdania pytające.

1. I studied history. ?
2. His brother broke his leg. ?
3. Tom and Oscar liked the film. ?

4. My friends went to the cinema. ?
5. The dogs were hungry. ?
6. She cut the potatoes. ?

Dokończ pytania.

1. He went to Warsaw.

Where

2. Our aunt bought a car.

What

3. My mother opened the door.

Who

5. Tom broke his arm.

What

6. She watched TV last night.

When

„To be” in the past

Uzupełnij zdania właściwą formą czasownika TO BE.

1. I in the cinema last week.

2. They tired yesterday.

3. My parents scared of our neighbour's new dog.

4. Tom at school on Saturday.

5. Tom's friends at the party.

6. The dog hungry.

7. The Browns in Paris last month.

8. Our cousins on time.

Podane zdania przekształć w pytania.

1. He was at home.

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2. Mr White and his wife were happy.

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3. The lion was dangerous.

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4. Ola, Tomek, Patrycja and Marta were in the garden.

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Czasowniki nieregularne:

- a) Zaczynać -
- b) Dmuchać -
- c) Przynosić -
- d) Wybierać -
- e) Zapominać -
- f) Dostawać -
- g) Brać -
- h) Myśleć -
- i) Rozumieć -