Final Test

Unit 3 Solutions Pre-Intermediate 2nd

	1. Listen to the people talking about online games. Complete the sentences with the correct speaker, A, B, C, D or E. There is one extra sentence you do not need.			
	Speaker spends his/her money on things for his/her online farm.			
	2 Speaker thinks online games are violent and the government should ban them.			
	Speaker spent someone else's money buying virtual things.			
	Speaker thinks the online game he/she plays is useful for the future.			
	Speaker thinks online games are for children.			
	Speaker likes games that are creative and free			
	2. Read the text. Match the sentences A–F with the gaps 1–5 in the text. There is one extra se you do not need.	ntence		
	A buzz about town 'm in an expensive hotel in the centre of Paris. The hotel owner, Jean Leforestier, tells me the	not the		
	noney is from the hotel's own bees. I imagine that the hotel has a farm somewhere in the countryside tean is smiling. 'Would you like to see the bees?' he asks. 'They're upstairs.'			
I'm surprised, but I follow Jean up the stairs. On the roof of the hotel, far above the busy streets of Par there is a roof garden. ² I can see them flying around. They live in six small hives made of wood they make honey for the hotel's guests.				
	Some people have gardens, but you don't need much room for a small hive. Like Jean at the hotel, people are building them on rooftops or on balconies. In the city of Paris there are over 400 hives. It's surprising, but research shows that bees in the city are healthier and produce more honey than their country cousins.			
	Research suggests that the use of chemicals on farms, and the size of modern farms are not good for bees. The farmers plant huge fields with just one type of crop. ⁴ When the farmers cut their crops to sell them, the bees have almost no food left.			
	on the city, bees visit our parks, gardens, balconies and flower beds. ⁵ They can produce honey onger each year. Next time you're in the park, look out for bees buzzing among the flowers. There is an urban bee keeper in your town too!			
	A In fact, more and more people in big cities are keeping bees.			
	Alice Jennings keeps bees at her farm in Devon.			
	It's breakfast time and I'm putting some honey on my bread.			
	This means that bees have only one type of food.			
	Urban bees can have up to 250 different types of food.			
	This is where the hotel keeps its bees.			
`	cabulary			
	3. Read the sentences and complete the words.			
	She lives in a small ve with only a few houses and one shop.			
	There's a fh across the fields to the campsite. It's nicer than walking on the road.			
	It's safer to cross the road at the p t n crossing.			



	4	Don't throw the paper on the ground! Put it in the r b			
	5	The road s says that cars can't go down this street.			
4.	4. Complete the sentences with the words below. There are two words you do not need.				
	ba	n crops economy farmyard law plough respect wheat			
	1	Fox hunting was important to the rural It created jobs.			
	2	The hunt sometimes went across farmers' fields and damaged the			
		We must nature and try to protect the environment.			
		The farm welcomes tourists, and children can see the animals in the			
		My grandfather grows for the bakeries in town.			
_					
5. Choose the correct words. 1. Drive at / through / over the gate and you will see the main road					
1 Drive at / through / over the gate and you will see the main road.					
		He turned in / - / up left.			
3 Turn in / to / onto Churchill Road.					
		She was walking at / straight / along Queen Street.			
	5	Go past / on / after the supermarket.			
G	rai	nmar			
		mplete the sentences. Use <i>a</i> , <i>the</i> or nothing (no article).			
υ.		Do you want to speak to Mum? She's in kitchen.			
2 fast cars can be dangerous.					
		There's a barn and a small house at the end of the lane. Freya lives in house.			
4 There's beautiful lake near our house. 5 Did you see Queen on TV last night?					
	5	Did you see Queen on 1 v last night?			
		7. Fill in some or any.			
1		We need bananas.			
		You can't buy posters in this shop.			
		We haven't got oranges at the moment.			
		Peter has bought new books.			
		She always takes sugar with her coffee.			
6	5.	have seen nice postcards in this souvenir shop.			
7	7.	There aren't folders in my bag.			
8	3.	have magazines for you.			
9).	There are apples on the table.			
1	10.	Pam does not have pencils on her desk.			
8. Fill in a lot of, much or many.					
		here aren't apples in the fridge.			
2	2. Is	there snow on the mountains?			



3. There are	vegetables but there isn't much fruit.
4. There isn't	water in your cup.
4. I have got	books in my library.
5. There isn't	sugar in her coffee.
6. Is there	pollution in Beijing?
7. There aren't	trees in the garden.
8. Loren has got	money in the bank.
9. Have you got	friends in Roma?
10. There are	exercises in GrammarBank.
	meat left in my plate.
2. There is	milk in the glass.
3. She drank	wine yesterday.
4. They saw	people inside the shop.
5. I need	pens to give to the students.
6. Can I have	bread, please?
7. There are only	students left in the classroom.
8. Derek has	books in his backpack.
9. There's	rice in the fridge if you get hungry.
10. I borrowed	movies from my friend.