

MIDTERM TEST 3 - GRADE 11 - FORM 2025

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

Question 1: A. honor B. omen C. response
D. revolve

Question 2: A. cloth B. thought C. together
D. through

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of stress in each of the following questions.

Question 3: A. magic B. palace C. picture
D. hotel

Question 4: A. renovation B. deficiency C. astronomer D. redundancy

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Question 5: In my entire life, I _____ so liberated and content as I do right now.

A. am never feel **B.** never was felt **C.** have never felt **D.** never had felt

Question 6: We wear uniforms on weekdays. It's the rule at our school.

A. should B. have to C. ought to
D. must

Question 7: _____ cholesterol is a byproduct of the fat that are found in animal-based foods like eggs, dairy products and meat.

A. Diet **B. Dietary** **C. Meal**
D. Food

Question 8: You need to set a time _____ a family talk and stick to the schedule.

A. on B. for C. with D. about

Question 9: When the manager of our company retires, the deputy manager will _____ that position.

A. stand for **B.** take over **C.** catch on **D.** hold on

Read the following advertisement/announcement and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 10 to 15.

Oldtown University extends a warm welcome to all new students! Take advantage of our complimentary workshops tailored to enrich your university experience. Join us for an engaging *Ice-breaker* session to (10) _____ meaningful connections with fellow classmates, creating a supportive community from day one. Develop essential *Budgeting Skills* to navigate your (11) _____ journey successfully, ensuring financial stability throughout your academic years. Plus, immerse yourself in our *Cooking Class* and master the art of preparing mouthwatering meals, empowering you to savor delicious and nutritious homemade dishes.

Don't miss (12) _____ on these invaluable opportunities for personal and academic growth!

A. d-b-a-c-e

B. b-d-e-a-c

C. e-c-a-b-d

D. c-b-a-d-e

Question 17:

- a. Best wishes.
- b. First of all, self-study gives learners more freedom. They decide what they should study and how to learn depending on their abilities.
- c. Dear Martin, I hope you are well. I am thinking about the advantages of self-study - learning at home without a teacher.
- d. Secondly, they can make learners responsible. They set their learning goals and make study plans to achieve them.
- e. Finally, it makes them more confident. Completing tasks and solving problems on their own boost learners' confidence.

A. d-c-a-b-e

B. e-c-d-a-b

C. c-b-d-e-a

D. c-d-a-e-b

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 18 to 23.

Nowadays, it's really common to see people being publicly shamed for their bodies, particularly online. The following (18)_____ : The goal of body shaming is to "disparage" another person's physical appearance and body by behaviors such as: (19)_____, and gestures, etc. to maliciously criticize, evaluate, judge, etc. another person's physical appearance.

(20)_____ a negative way, it can lead to feelings of inadequacy, remorse, or even suicidal ideation due to the violation of dignity and honor and the accompanying depression. Online platforms like Facebook, Zalo, TikTok, etc. have made body shaming a widespread occurrence in recent times. An example of a joke that could be used to shame someone's body or (21)_____ "fat like a pig. Have you gotten fat lately?" When someone says things like "you're so fat and ugly that you want to compete in a beauty pageant" or "you're as stupid as cattle," it can be an insult to (22)_____ and dignity.

Statements that shame people's bodies, whether mistakenly or on purpose, cause others to think negatively and act as "invisible weapons" that do harm. Specifically, people's (23)_____ of widespread body shaming on social media and in real life.

Question 18:

- A. is an explanation of this English term
- B. was an explanation of this English term
- C. were an explanation of this English term
- D. are an explanation of this English term

Question 19:

- A. be used language
- B. is used language

- C. using language
- D. to use language

Question 20:

- A. What people criticize others in
- B. Where people criticize other in
- C. Why people criticize other in
- D. When people criticize others in

Question 21:

- A. disparage her is
- B. disparage them is
- C. disparage us is
- D. disparage his is

Question 22:

- A. other people's respect
- B. another people's respect
- C. others people's respect
- D. the others people's respect

Question 23:

- A. bodies are been the target
- B. bodies were been the target
- C. bodies had been the target
- D. bodies have been the target

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 24 to 28.

Ecosystems and humans have coexisted for a very long time. Nearby ecosystems were the birthplace of numerous civilizations. Native American communities in the North American Great Plains, for example, relied heavily (24)_____ the flora and fauna of the region to sustain elaborate ways of life. Among many Plains Indian societies, like that of the Lakota and the Kiowa, the bison—a massive grazing animal indigenous to the Great Plains—became the most significant biotic component. It is common for people to call bison by the (25)_____ name. Native Americans made furniture, clothes, and even tools out of buffalo horns, and they subsisted mostly on buffalo meat and hides. Tribespeople spent the year tracking bison herds (26)_____ lived in the Great Plains' tallgrass grassland.

(27)_____, many ecosystems have been dominated by humans as their populations have increased. For example, the Great Plains' tallgrass prairie was turned into arable land. Fewer bison were able to make it as the environment contracted. Only in (28)_____ areas like Yellowstone National Park are a small number of herds still going strong today.

Question 24: A. on
D. for
B. in
C. with

Question 25: A. suit
D. fail
B. wrong
C. fault

Question 26: A. who
D. that
B. whom
C. whose

Question 27: A. Moreover
Such as
B. Therefore
C. However
D.

Question 28: A. survived
D. distracted
B. protected
C. ignored

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 29 to 33.

Flat bodies that fit the contours of the sea floor are good for fish that live there. These fish have evolved in very different ways, and there are two main types. A family member of sharks, skates, and rays have become flat in a way that might be called obvious. Their bodies have spread out to make big "wings." The shapes are still the same and they look like they were flattened, but they are still "the right way up." On the other hand, fish like plaice, sole, and halibut have changed how they've become flat. They are much "taller" than they are wide. There are bony fish that tend to be flattened in a vertical direction. They use their whole flattened bodies as swimming surfaces, which move back and forth in the water as they swim. So, when their ancestors moved to the seabed, they lay on their sides instead of their bellies. One eye was always looking down into the sand, though, so it wasn't doing anything useful. In evolution, **this** problem was fixed by the lower eye "moving" around to the other side. This process of moving around can be seen in the growth of all young bony flatfish. It starts out swimming near the surface and is flattened and symmetrical in the vertical direction. But then the skull starts to grow in a strange, asymmetrical, and twisted way, so that one eye, say the left eye, moves over the top of the head and up, giving it an old Picasso-like look. By the way, some species of 20 flatfish settle on the left, some on the right, and some on both sides.

Question 29: The passage is mainly concerned with _____.

- A. Symmetrical flatfish
C. Evolution of flatfish
B. Bony flatfish
D. Different types of flatfish

Question 30: The word "useful" is closest in meaning to ____.

- A. Helpful
D. Joyful
B. Peaceful
C. Handful

Question 31: The word "This" refers to ____.

- A. The migration of the ancestors
B. The practice of lying on one side
C. The problem of the one eye looking downwards

D. The difficulty of the only one eye being useful

Question 32: According to the passage, the ability of a bony flatfish to move its eyes around is _____.

A. Average

B. Excellent

C. Weak

D. Variable

Question 33: It can be inferred from the passage that horizontal symmetrical fish _____.

A. Have one eye each side of the head

B. Have one eye underneath the head

C. Have two eyes on top of the head

D. Have eyes that move around the head

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 34 to 40

Water is essential for life and makes up most of the tissues of all living things. One of the biggest challenges for desert animals is to stay alive in a world with few sources of flowing water. A man must always take in large amounts of water on a regular basis, so it's hard for him to understand how many animals in the desert live their whole lives without drinking a drop.

Even though it is harsh, the desert has not killed all living things; **it** has only killed off those that couldn't handle how dry it is. Animals with wet skin and a love of water can't live there. Not many big animals can be found. The bobcat, the coyote, and the deer are the big animals of the North American desert. Because the desert is open, it has more animals that can run and jump quickly than the dense forest. Its people are mostly active at night, are quiet, are shy, and are very good at being sneaky. Still, they are not skinny. They are as healthy as animals anywhere else in the world because they have learned to live in such a harsh environment. The key to their ability to adjust is how their behavior and bodies work together. They would all die in minutes if they went outside in the middle of the day, like crazy dogs and Englishmen.

Because of this, most of them sleep in cool, damp burrows underground during the hot hours and only come out at night to hunt. A desert that is baked in the sun is about 150 degrees on top, but only 60 degrees 18 inches below the surface.

Question 34: The title for this passage could be

A. "Man's Life in a Desert Environment"

B. "Desert Plants"

C. "Animal Life in a Desert Environment"

D. "Life Underground"

Question 35: The word "**harsh**" is opposite in meaning to _____.

A. Normal

B. Gentle

C. Peculiar

D. Fraternal

Question 36: According to the passage, creatures in the desert

A. Are smaller and fleetier than forest animals

B. Are more active during the day than those in the tangled forest

C. Live in an accommodating environment

D. Are not as healthy as those anywhere else in the world

Question 37: The author mentions all the following as examples of the behavior of desert animals EXCEPT

- A. They are watchful and quiet
- C. They dig home underground

- B. They sleep during the day
- D. They are noisy and aggressive

Question 38: The word “it” in paragraph 2 refers to _____.

- A. harsh
- B. water
- C. animals
- D. the desert

Question 39: The word “adjust” is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. Prosecute
- B. Nominate
- C. Modify
- D. Analyse

Question 40: We can infer from the passage that

- A. Healthy animals live longer lives
- B. Living things adjust to their environment
- C. Desert life is colorful and diverse
- D. Water is the basis of desert life