2 GRAMMAR defining relative clauses

a Look at three of the definitions Victoria heard in the show. Complete them with *who*, *which*, or *where*.

1 It describes a place _____ there are a lot of people.
2 It's an adjective for a person _____ doesn't like studying or working.
3 It's a thing _____ you use in an airport to help you with your cases.

b G p.130 Grammar Bank 3C

3 VOCABULARY & SPEAKING paraphrasing

a What do you usually do if you're talking to someone in English and you don't know a word that you need?

a Look up the translation on your phone.
b Try to mime the word.
c Try to explain what you mean using other words you know.

b 3.17 Complete the useful expressions with these words. Then listen and check.

example kind like opposite similar
somebody something somewhere

Useful expressions for explaining a word that you don't know:

1 It's _____ who shows you round a city or a museum.
2 It's _____ which we use to pay, instead of cash.
3 It's _____ where people go when they want to send a parcel or a letter.
4 It's a _____ of fruit. It's long and yellow.
5 It's the _____ of *expensive*.
6 It's _____ a sweater, but it has buttons.
7 It's _____ to a wallet, but it's for a woman.
8 It's a verb. For _____, you do this to the TV when you've finished watching something.

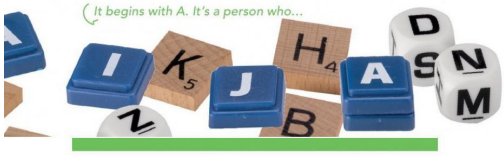
c What are the words for definitions 1–8?

d Complete the definitions for these words.

1 **a DJ** It's somebody…
2 **an art gallery** It's somewhere…
3 **a camera** It's something…
4 **a passport** It's a kind of…
5 **sunbathe** For example, you do this…
6 **curly** It's the opposite…

e Play A to Z with letters A–E. Think of a word which begins with each letter and write a definition for each word. Then work in groups of three or four. Start with A, and read your definition. Do the other students know the words?

It begins with A. It's a person who…



4 PRONUNCIATION silent *e*

Silent *e*
e at the end of a word is normally not pronounced, but it usually changes the sound of the vowel before it. When a word ends in silent *e*, the preceding vowel sound is usually the same as that letter of the alphabet, e.g. *sit* /sɪt/, *site* /saɪt/, *fat* /fæt/, *fate* /feɪt/.

a Look at two definitions. What are the words? How does the pronunciation of the first word change when you add an *e*?

1 It's a thing which you wear on your head.
2 It's a verb which means the opposite of love.

b Look at some more pairs of words. How do you pronounce them?

bit – bite	not – note
cut – cute	plan – plane

c 3.18 Listen to the definitions for three more similar word pairs. Try to write the words.

1 a _____ – b _____
2 a _____ – b _____
3 a _____ – b _____

d How do you pronounce the words below?



e 3.19 Listen and check.

5 SPEAKING

Communication Split crossword
A p.103 B p.109 Ask your partner for definitions to complete your crossword.

What's two across? *It's a place where…*

LIVEWORKSHEETS