

## GRAMMAR

Circle a, b, or c.

- Van Gogh and Gauguin \_\_\_\_ both painters.  
a was b were c is
- Where \_\_\_\_ Shakespeare born?  
a was b were c is
- \_\_\_\_ the tickets expensive?  
a Was b Were c Did
- I \_\_\_\_ a good film on TV last night.  
a watched b watch c watches
- They \_\_\_\_ at the right airport.  
a didn't arrived b don't arrived c didn't arrive
- \_\_\_\_ you see the football match last night?  
a Did b Do c Were
- We \_\_\_\_ to Istanbul three years ago.  
a go b were c went
- When \_\_\_\_ in Los Angeles?  
a you lived b did you lived c did you live
- I \_\_\_\_ you at the party last night.  
a didn't saw b didn't see c don't saw
- What time \_\_\_\_ home?  
a did you get b you did get c you got
- \_\_\_\_ a big table in the living room.  
a There are b There is c It is
- How many bedrooms \_\_\_\_?  
a there are b are there c are they
- There aren't \_\_\_\_ pictures on the walls.  
a any b some c a
- \_\_\_\_ only three guests in the dining room.  
a There was b There were c There is
- How many people \_\_\_\_ in the hotel?  
a there were b was there c were there

c Complete the sentences with *back*, *by*, *in*, *out*, or *to*.

- I went \_\_\_\_\_ with my friends on Saturday night.
- They went home \_\_\_\_\_ car.
- What time did you get \_\_\_\_\_ the restaurant?
- I was born \_\_\_\_\_ 1995.
- After lunch I went \_\_\_\_\_ to work.

d Label the pictures.



- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_

e Write the prepositions.



- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_

## VOCABULARY

a Complete the professions with *-er*, *-or*, *-ian*, or *-ist*.

- act \_\_\_\_\_
- art \_\_\_\_\_
- paint \_\_\_\_\_
- music \_\_\_\_\_
- scient \_\_\_\_\_

b Complete the phrases with *go*, *have*, or *get*.

- \_\_\_\_\_ a good time
- \_\_\_\_\_ an email
- \_\_\_\_\_ away for the weekend
- \_\_\_\_\_ a taxi
- \_\_\_\_\_ a holiday

## CAN YOU understand this text?

a Read the article once. Do you have any favourite detectives or detective writers?

b Read the article again. Mark the sentences T (true) or F (false).

- 1 Gillian Flynn and Lee Child are modern crime writers. ☐
- 2 Sherlock Holmes only appeared in short stories. ☐
- 3 Agatha Christie's novels were similar to older crime fiction. ☐
- 4 She wanted her readers to try to solve the crimes themselves. ☐
- 5 If you read detective fiction from the 19th and early 20th century, you can learn about how people thought and behaved. ☐
- 6 Not many people now enjoy Dorothy Sayers's books. ☐

### How the modern detective novel was born

Millions of readers, like me, love the books of Gillian Flynn and Ruth Rendell, of Lee Child and Laura Lippman. But most fans of modern crime fiction know very little about the writers who invented the modern detective novel.

Many of the best early detective stories were short stories. Edgar Allan Poe (1809–1849) was probably the author of the first detective story. Arthur Conan Doyle (1859–1930) created perhaps the most famous detective, Sherlock Holmes. Father Brown was also a detective who was nearly as popular as Holmes; he was created by G.K. Chesterton (1874–1936). Father Brown only appeared in short stories, and Sherlock Holmes appeared in over 50 short stories and only four novels, including *The Hound of the Baskervilles*, where he solves the mystery of an enormous ghost dog.

In 1916, in her book *The Mysterious Affair at Styles*, Agatha Christie introduced a new type of detective novel, and a new detective, Hercule Poirot. This book was a bit different because the plot was more important than the characters and the writer asked readers to guess the name of the murderer. Later, in the 1930s and 40s, Dorothy Sayers wrote detective novels where the relationships between the characters were sometimes more interesting than the plot.

Reading can give us a fascinating view of the past, and when we read these detective stories and novels we can also learn something about how people lived and thought in the 19th and 20th centuries. These authors are still very popular. They influence present-day authors such as J.K. Rowling and they are probably going to inspire crime fiction for decades to come.

Adapted from the British press

## CAN YOU understand these people?

8.25 Watch or listen and answer the questions.



- 1 Rebecca's family lives in \_\_\_\_\_.  
a Italy b the UK c Newcastle
- 2 Last weekend, James \_\_\_\_\_.  
a went out with friends c watched a concert on TV  
b went to the cinema
- 3 In Maura's bedroom there's \_\_\_\_\_.  
a a TV and a cupboard c a bed and a desk  
b a wardrobe and a bed
- 4 Yesterday, Asya \_\_\_\_\_.  
a went to bed late c had lunch with her brother  
b went out with her sister
- 5 Last New Year's Eve, David celebrated \_\_\_\_\_.  
a at home b with friends c with his children

## CAN YOU say this in English?

Do the tasks with a partner. Tick (✓) the box if you can do these things.

Can you...?

- 1 ☐ say three things about a famous (dead) person from your country
- 2 ☐ say five things you did last week, using past time expressions, e.g. *last night, yesterday, (three) days ago*, etc.
- 3 ☐ say where and when you were born
- 4 ☐ ask five questions about the past with *was / were* or *did*

