

about the authors



Ms Linh Nguyễn luôn cháy bỏng đam mê đem phương pháp Language Art lan tỏa đến các bạn nhỏ. Cô có hơn 7 năm kinh nghiệm giảng dạy tại các trường quốc tế chuẩn IB và AP.

Nhiều kinh nghiệm đồng hành cùng học sinh cấp 2,3 đạt IELTS 6.5 và 7.0+. Nhiều học sinh đạt giải học sinh giỏi Tiếng Anh cấp quận. Đạt chứng nhận giáo viên dạy giỏi cấp Quận Hà Đông.

Ms Ngọc Trà với nhiều năm kinh nghiệm giảng dạy IELTS cho người đi làm và tốt nghiệp TOP 10% sinh viên xuất sắc nhất khoá của Khoa Anh Đại Học Hà Nội (HANU University - Đại học Ngoại Ngữ Thanh Xuân)



Listening	8.5
Reading	7.0
Writing	6.5
Speaking	6.0
Overall	7.0

Cô ơi

Ôi ko ngờ Nghi ơi 🤩

Chúc mừng con nha

Tiếng Anh Sáng Tạo Ms Linh



Các kết quả của học sinh đạt IELTS điểm cao tại đây

15 Put the adjectives / adverbs in brackets into the *comparative* or *superlative* form, adding any necessary words.

- 1 A: I like Geometry more than Algebra. What about you?
 B: Actually, I find Algebra much ... *more interesting* ... (interesting).
- 2 A: What did you think of the Chemistry exam, Peter?
 B: Well, it was (difficult) exam we've had so far.
- 3 A: Were the tickets for the concert expensive?
 B: No, I got seats in the back row. They were (cheap) I could find.
- 4 A: Your work isn't very good, Elisha. I'm sure you can do (well).
 B: I promise I'll try (hard).
- 5 A: Thank you for your help.
 B: My pleasure. For (far) information, contact the school.
- 6 A: Do you prefer the brown jacket?
 B: Yes, but it is much (expensive) the grey one.
- 7 A: We can't hear you. Could you speak (loudly), please?
 B: Yes, of course.

16 Complete the sentences using the words in brackets in the correct form.
Which of the sentences 1–6 don't you agree with? Correct them.

1 Comics are ... *more interesting* ...
... *than* ... (interesting) fairy tales.

2 Burgers are as
..... (tasty) tacos.

3 Skating is
..... (difficult) cycling.

4 Rock climbing is as
..... (dangerous) surfing.

5 Football is (popular)
..... basketball.

6 Sailing is
..... (relaxing) golf.

17 Complete the sentences using *the + comparative* as in the example:

1 The wind blew hard. The kite flew high in the sky.

..... *The harder* the wind blew, *the higher* the kite flew.

2 It got dark. I became frightened.

..... it got, I became.

3 We worked hard. We became very successful.

..... we worked, we became.

4 The boys got noisy. Their father became angry.

..... the boys got, their father became.

Too – Enough

Too comes before adjectives. It has a negative meaning and shows that something is more than enough, more than necessary or more than wanted.

- **too + adjective + to-infinitive**
The tea is **too hot to drink**. (It's so hot that we can't drink it.)

Enough comes before nouns but after adjectives. It has a positive meaning and shows that there is as much of something as wanted or needed.

- **adjective + enough** } + **to-infinitive**
enough + noun }
Her house is **big enough** to have a party.
(She can have a party at her house.)
They have **enough money to go** on holiday this summer.
(They can go on holiday.)
- **not ... enough + to-infinitive (negative meaning)**
She is **not strong enough to carry** her bike.
(She can't carry her bike.)
- **too ... (for somebody/something) + to-infinitive (negative meaning)**
This ring is **too expensive for me to buy**. (The ring is very expensive, I can't buy it.)



The baby is **too young** to walk.
(He can't walk.)



Mandy is **old enough to drive** a car.
(She can drive a car.)

Too much – Too many – Not enough

There's **too much traffic** today. (Uncountable)
There are **too many cars** in the streets.
(Countable)

There **isn't enough butter** left. (Uncountable)
There **aren't enough chairs**. (Countable)

18 Complete the sentences with *too* or *enough*.

- 1 You can't borrow my car. You aren't old ... *enough* ... to drive.
- 2 I'm sorry Tim but I can't meet you this week. I'm busy.
- 3 Can you help me with these boxes? I'm not strong to lift them.
- 4 I haven't got money. Can you lend me some?

- 5 I'm tired to go to the gym this evening.
- 6 Let me help you. You aren't tall to reach the top shelf.
- 7 This video game is expensive for me to buy.
- 8 There aren't parks in the city for children to play.

19 Complete the responses using *too* or *enough*.1 A: Can you walk to the restaurant? (**close**)B: *Yes, it is close enough.*.....2 A: Can Wendy do these exercises? (**difficult**)B: *No, they're too difficult.*.....3 A: Can we buy this sofa? (**cheap**)

B: Yes,

4 A: Can baby Annie walk yet? (**young**)

B: No,

5 A: Can she carry this suitcase? (**light**)

B: Yes,

6 A: Can Mario come out to play? (**busy**)

B: No,

20 Circle the correct word.

- 1 Don't spend too **much** / **many** time watching TV. You haven't finished your essay yet.
- 2 I haven't got **enough** / **much** eggs to make a cake.
- 3 You've spent too **many** / **much** money on these clothes.
- 4 There are too **many** / **much** flowers in the vase.
- 5 Jenny doesn't have **many** / **enough** money to buy a computer.
- 6 There isn't **much** / **many** jam left in the jar.