

FRIENDS GLOBAL 10 – UNIT 4
PRACTICE TEST 2

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following sentences.

1. A. <u>electric</u>	B. <u>economic</u>	C. <u>equipment</u>	D. <u>epidemic</u>
2. A. <u>surface</u>	B. <u>fabulous</u>	C. <u>factory</u>	D. <u>fraction</u>

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following sentences.

3. A. <u>valuable</u>	B. <u>devastating</u>	C. <u>alternative</u>	D. <u>necessary</u>
4. A. <u>sustain</u>	B. <u>emit</u>	C. <u>comment</u>	D. <u>renew</u>

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

5. One should always put a little money aside for a _____ day.
 A. snowy B. windy C. showery D. rainy
6. In May 2003, a disastrous typhoon _____ Central Vietnam.
 A. broke B. hit C. beat D. blew
7. Nobody knows what kind of plants you can find at the _____ of the ocean.
 A. bed B. end C. bottom D. deep
8. Customs and traditions in the US are _____ to those in Canada.
 A. similar B. as well as C. common D. like
9. This old aeroplane has been in _____ now for over 40 years.
 A. use B. order C. work D. control
10. The weather forecast tells us that rain is _____ tomorrow.
 A. improbably B. unusually C. uncertainly D. unlikely
11. The zoologist spent a few weeks _____ the behaviour of the new-born animals.
 A. seeing B. looking C. observing D. noticing
12. Many parents believe that society begins to _____ an impact on children's development.
 A. have B. lay C. set D. bring
13. In Japan people live to work, _____ in this country, people work to live.
 A. whereas B. compared C. than D. like
14. The closure of the car factory had a _____ effect on the tyre manufacturers.
 A. knock-down B. knock-up C. knock-in D. knock-on
15. Sea-level rise and more frequent extreme weather are no longer _____ but reality.
 A. phenomenon B. theory C. formula D. lesson
16. Carbon emissions have badly _____ the atmosphere.
 A. upset B. effected C. affected D. disturbed
17. The match was _____ because of the bad weather.
 A. called off B. made off C. turned off D. taken off
18. Education in Germany is _____ to the school system in other central European countries.
 A. compared B. likeable C. comparable D. contrast
19. The heavy rain of the last few days _____ in widespread flooding.
 A. occurred B. lead C. resulted D. caused

Mark the letter A, B, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best completes each of the following exchanges.

20. YUKIKO: "Scorching summer days make me exhausted"
 STELLA: "_____. We should take in more water"
 A. I'm up to my ears B. That's nonsense C. Absolutely D. I doubt it

21. SEAN: "Women in the past had to sacrifice their life taking care of their husband and children."

LILY: "_____"

A. Totally. C. It's so unfair for them.
B. From my point of view, yes. D. I have no idea.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

22. It can get a bit chilly in the evening, so you should take a jacket with you.

A. hot B. cold C. freezing D. cool

23. We had a rather mild winter this year. Even January was warmer than normal.

A. gentle B. harsh C. strange D. typical

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

24. We thought his behaviour was suspicious and called the police immediately.

A. trusting B. disbelieving C. kind D. believable

25. I was sure they would turn down his proposal as it was impracticable.

A. reject B. accept C. offer D. welcome

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is CLOSEST in meaning to each of the following questions.

26. My room is smaller than yours.

A. There is more space in my room than in yours.
B. There is less space in my room than in yours.
C. My room is considerably larger than yours.
D. Your room is not as large as my room.

27. I suggest you choose an apartment that is closer to the workplace.

A. If I were you, I wouldn't choose an apartment that is closer to the workplace.
B. Despite the workplace, I suggest you choose an apartment that is farther from it.
C. You were made to choose an apartment that is closer to the workplace by me.
D. If I were you, I would choose an apartment that is closer to the workplace.

28. Houses will get cheaper if you keep going towards the suburbs.

A. The further you go towards the suburbs, the more expensive houses will be.
B. The closer you go towards the suburbs, the cheaper houses will be.
C. The further you go towards the suburbs, the cheaper houses will be.
D. The further you go away from the suburbs, the cheaper houses will be.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

29. The tornado yesterday definitely made a lot of damage to the left wing of the house.

A B C D

30. Anna's house is in construction so she's staying with a friend at the moment.

A B C D

31. Their football is always coming on the fence and destroying my flower bed.

A B C D

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

32. The room became hotter and hotter. I had to take off my sweater.

A. The room became hotter and hotter, so I had to take off my sweater.
B. Unless the room became hotter and hotter, I had to take off my sweater.
C. Although the room became hotter and hotter, I had to take off my sweater.
D. The room became hotter and hotter but I had to take off my sweater.

33. The storm was weak. It could not cause damage to the town.

- The storm was strong enough to cause damage to the town.
- The storm was too weak to cause damage to the town.
- So weak was the storm that it can not cause damage to the town.
- The storm was weak, therefore, it could not cause damage to the town.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 34 to 38

RAINING ANIMALS

There are (34) _____ examples of strange occurrences in the animal world, and none more bizarre than those which (35) _____ animals falling from the sky. Showers of fish have been reported on various (36) _____ throughout history, including as recently as 2010 in the remote Australian town of Lajamanu. Hundreds of small white fish, many of them still alive, were seen falling from rainclouds over the (37) _____ of two days. It is believed the fish were (38) _____ up by a small whirlwind during a thunderstorm and then dumped on the confused residents of the small desert town, which is over 300 miles from the nearest river.

34. A. plenty	B. wide	C. numerous	D. full
35. A. consist	B. compose	C. involve	D. contain
36. A. events	B. occasions	C. times	D. incidents
37. A. course	B. way	C. gap	D. span
38. A. sipped	B. risen	C. bolted	D. sucked

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 39 to 43.

DECREASE IN AMAZON DEFORESTATION IS NO REASON FOR CELEBRATION

Recent government reports show that the rate of deforestation in the Amazon basin has decreased by nearly 20 percent since 1970s. Officials say this is lowest rate since 1991. But environmental critics say it is too soon for celebration. Most of the deforestation is due to construction of new towns, clearing land for soybean fields and creating grazing land for cattle.

Dr. Sonya Braga from the ministry of the National Institute of Space Research (NISR) in Brazil says, "At the current rate of deforestation, the Amazon rainforest will be half its size in just two decades." NISR conducts annual studies of the rainforest by examining pictures of the area taken by satellite.

Since 1970, the Amazon rainforest has decreased in size by nearly 1 million square miles. Some scientists say that one square kilometre of rainforest may contain up to 150 thousand species of trees and plants, not to mention the vast array of animal life and insects. Although advances are being made in slowing down deforestation, more protective measures are necessary to guarantee the safety of this world treasure.

39. What is NOT mentioned in the article as a reason for deforestation in the Amazon?

- Construction of towns
- The sale of lumber
- Creating grazing land
- Making soybean fields

40. According to Ms. Braga, how long will it take for the rainforest to decrease by 50 percent?

- One year
- Ten years
- Fifteen years
- Twenty years

41. The underlined word "**measures**" is closest in meaning to

- steps
- estimations
- budgets
- organisations

42. The author agrees that

- government should increase the budget for the rainforest's safety.
- scientists need to pay more attention to the rainforest's ecosystem.
- farmers are to blame for deforestation of the rainforest.
- more needs to be done to conserve the rainforest.

43. What is the purpose of the writer?

- To inform the public of good news about the Amazon rainforest.
- To show concerns over the decrease in size of the Amazon rainforest.
- To raise funds to conserve the Amazon rainforest.
- To look into the reason why the Amazon rainforest has decreased in size.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 44 to 50.

CARBON FOOTPRINTS

Humans are doing a lot of damage to the Earth. Our lifestyles rely on certain technologies. And many of these technologies require power. The sources of that power emit greenhouse gases. These gases pollute the air. Polluting the air has serious implications. For one thing, it's not healthy to breathe polluted air. In addition, greenhouse gases cause the Earth's temperature to rise. **This** causes changes in the climate. Climate change is responsible for extreme weather like floods, droughts, and storms.

Sometimes the problem seems overwhelming. Individuals wonder what they can do. One to grasp the subject is through the idea of a carbon footprint. This is the amount of greenhouse gases we are each responsible for. So, instead of feeling overwhelmed by the enormity of the problem, we can do something. We can reduce our carbon footprint.

How can we change our lifestyles to minimize our carbon footprints? First, we can assess our **current** level of consumption. Then, we can explore ways to reduce it. If we have to drive, we can set a limit to how much we drive. Then, we may not exceed this limit. But what if we do exceed it?

The other positive thing we can do is offset our carbon footprint. This means doing positive things for the Earth to counter the negative things we do. For example, we can plant trees. Trees filter the air and also serve as an energy source.

44. The underlined word "**this**" in the passage refers to

A. increased temperature	B. greenhouse gases
C. humans' lifestyles	D. technologies

45. Which of the following was mentioned as a result of greenhouse gases?

A. Health problems	B. Increased UV rays
C. High unemployment rate	D. Disturbed food chain

46. The word "**current**" in the passage is closest in meaning to

A. flow	B. present	C. alternative	D. renewable
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47. According to the passage, what can people do to reduce their carbon footprint if they can't change their lifestyles?

- to volunteer to work for some environmental organisations
- to assess their level of consumption
- to offset their footprint by doing something positive
- to make use of more technology in their work

48. Planting trees can help offset our carbon footprint because

- trees help to prevent floods.
- trees are home to birds and small mammals.

---THE END OF THE TEST---