

## I. Tense

1. We ..... (invite) them to the party but they didn't come.
2. It ..... (rain) when we ..... (go) out.
3. It's a nice day today. The sun ..... (shine).
4. I got up early and ..... (have) a shower.
5. The phone ..... (ring) while Mary ..... (cook) dinner.
6. Tom isn't at home at the moment. He ..... (travel) abroad.
7. I saw Bob and Sam at the party, but I ..... (not/speak) to them.
8. Robert had a book in his hand but he ..... (not/read) it.
9. The floor is clean now. I ..... (just/wash) it.
10. How often ..... (you/go) on holiday ?
11. Janet and Daniel ..... (be) married for nine years.
12. Who ..... (invent) the telephone ?
13. Jo got married when she ..... (be) 23.
14. I ..... (know) Ann and Lesley since we were at school..
15. We ..... (go) to the cinema yesterday.

## II. Passive voice

### 1. Choose the right form of the verb in Passive Voice:

1. This street \_\_\_\_ (call) the 1<sup>st</sup> Avenue.  
a) were called      b) is called      c) are called
2. Our plan \_\_\_\_ (discuss) next week.  
a) was discussed      b) is discussed      c) will be discussed
3. The telephone \_\_\_\_ (invent) in 1876.  
a) is invented      b) will be invented      c) was invented
4. A lot of guests \_\_\_\_ (invite) every year.  
a) is invited      b) are invited      c) were invited
5. The window \_\_\_\_ (clean) now.  
a) is being cleaned      b) will be cleaned      c) was cleaned
6. This work \_\_\_\_ (finish) yesterday  
a) was finished      b) will be finished      c) is finished
7. Hockey \_\_\_\_ (play) in winter.  
a) is played      b) was played      c) will be played
8. The letter \_\_\_\_ (deliver) yesterday.  
a) is delivered      b) was delivered      c) will be delivered

### 2. Fill in the correct form of the verb in Passive Voice:

1. The keys \_\_\_\_ (loose) by Bob yesterday.
2. The cheap flights \_\_\_\_ (recommend) in summer.
3. A new shoe shop \_\_\_\_ (build) next year.

4. Many parties \_\_\_\_ (held) in this large hall.
5. The University of Oxford \_\_\_\_ (found) in 1214.
6. The first women's college in Cambridge \_\_\_\_ (open) in 1871.
7. Almost all colleges \_\_\_\_ (mix) nowadays.
8. A year \_\_\_\_ (divide) into three terms.
9. His lectures \_\_\_\_ (attend) by many students every year.

### III. Conditional type 1 and 2

Fill in the gaps with the type 1 and conditional sentences.

1. If you \_\_\_\_\_ (squeeze) an orange, you \_\_\_\_\_ (get) orange juice.
2. You \_\_\_\_\_ (put) on some more weight if you \_\_\_\_\_ (eat) too much sugar.
3. If I \_\_\_\_\_ (study) a lot, I \_\_\_\_\_ (pass) the year.
4. If you \_\_\_\_\_ (press) that button, the machine \_\_\_\_\_ (stop) functioning.
5. If you \_\_\_\_\_ (not / apologise), she \_\_\_\_\_ (not / forgive) you.
6. If you \_\_\_\_\_ (wash) the dishes today, I \_\_\_\_\_ (dust) the house.
7. If you \_\_\_\_\_ (tidy) up your bedroom every day, it \_\_\_\_\_ (not / be) in a mess.
8. I \_\_\_\_\_ (not / do) the chores myself if I \_\_\_\_\_ (have) more money.
9. We could stay in Tom's house, if he \_\_\_\_\_ (live) in a big house.
10. There \_\_\_\_\_ (be) confrontation if the two opposite cheerleaders \_\_\_\_\_ (appear