

Chapter 38

Indian Constitution

What is Constitution

The constitution is the body of rules under which the people of the country are governed. Vijayalakshmi Pandit and Sarojini Naidu were the famous female personalities of the Constituent Assembly.



B.R. Ambedkar



Aladi Krishnaswamy Iyer



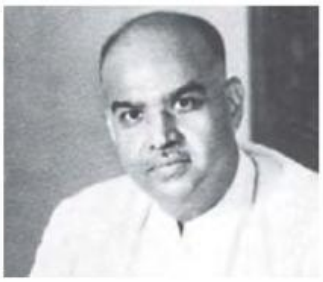
B.N. Rau



Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel



K.M. Munshi



Shyama Prasad

They made a distinct contribution towards the present form of the Constituent Assembly.

Read the following facts :

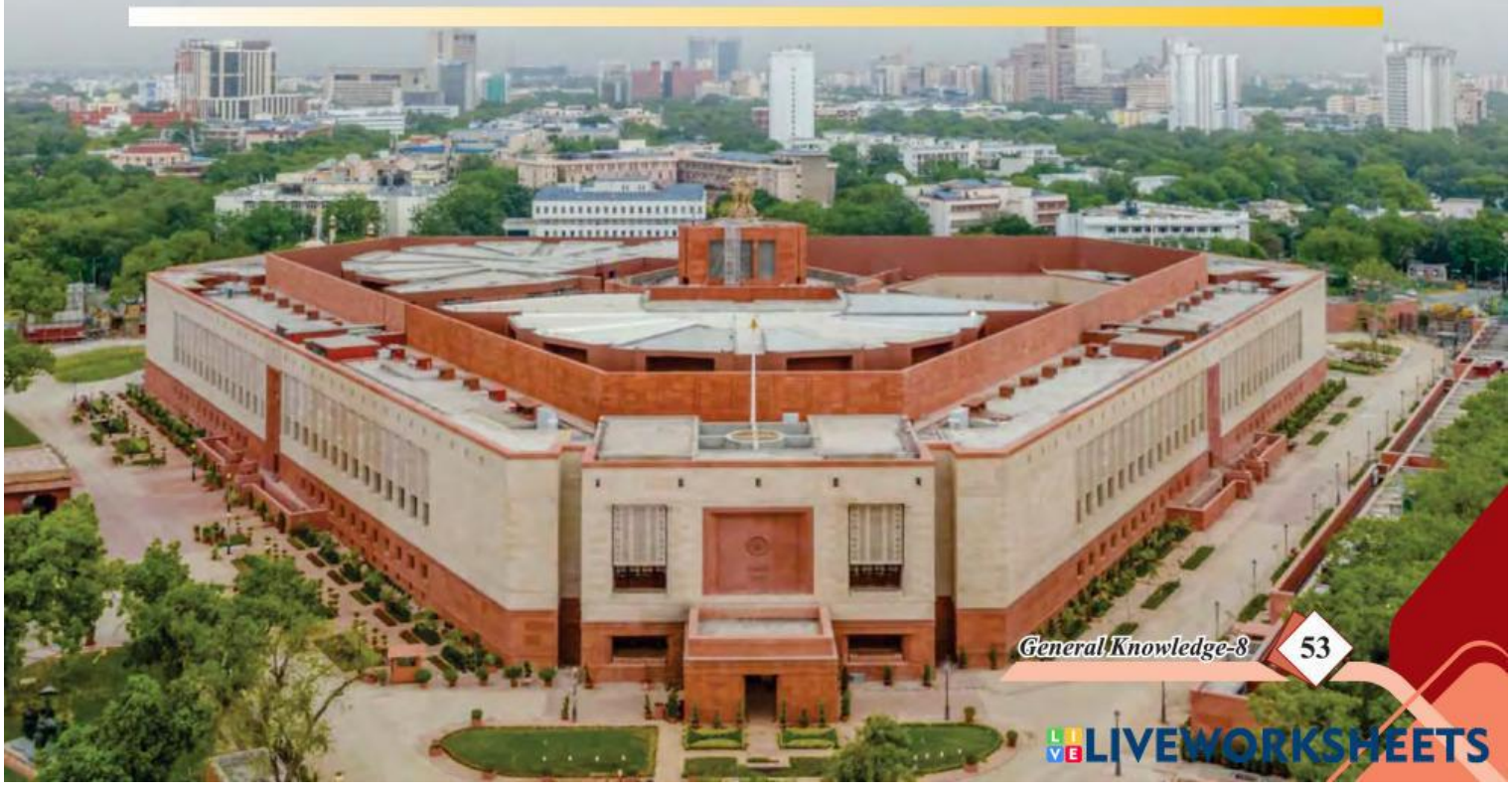
- India's Constitution was formed by — Constituent Assembly
- Components of the Constitution — (a) The Preamble (b) 25 Parts (c) 448 Articles (d) 12 Schedules
- Members of Constituent Assembly — 389
- First session of Constituent Assembly was held on — December 9,1946
- Idea of single citizenship is taken from — Brazil

LIVEWORKSHEETS

- Drafting Committee was set up on — August 29,1947
- The procedure by which president may be removed before expiry term — Impeachment
- Fundamental Rights — 6
- Fundamental Duties — 11

Find the answers :

1. How many articles does the Constitution of India contain? _____
2. From which date the Constitution of India came into force? _____
3. On which date the Indian Constitution was signed by Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru? _____
4. Who was the president of the Constituent Assembly and the first president of India? _____
5. Who is regarded as the Father of the Constitution of India? _____
6. How many schedules are there in the Constitution of India? _____
7. What is the name of our country according to our Constitution? _____
8. Who has the authority to amend the Constitution? _____
9. Which system of government is followed in India? _____
10. How many languages are considered as the official languages in the Constitution? _____
11. Which Indian state has been recently divided into two UTs? _____
12. From which Constitution was the concept of a Five Year Plan borrowed into the Indian Constitution? _____



LIVEWORKSHEETS