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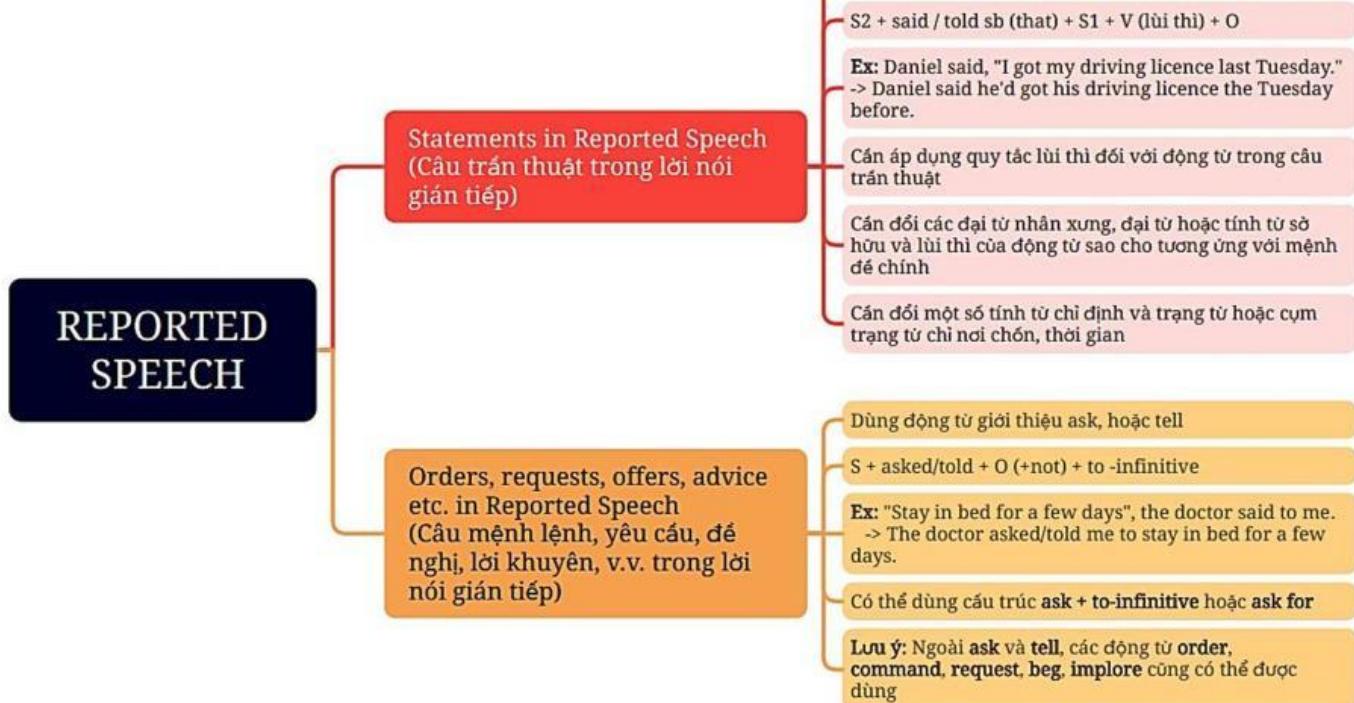


Grammar:
 Reading:
 Listening:
 Mini Test:

NATURE AND WILDLIFE GRAMMAR & IELTS LISTENING

*Lưu ý: Các từ vựng mở rộng thầy cô cho ghi trong vở (nếu có) và các từ vựng mở rộng trong phiếu để có chú thích nghĩa: con về nhà chép mỗi từ 1 dòng để ghi nhớ nhé.

GRAMMAR



CAMBRIDGE VOCABULARY

No.	New words	Meanings	No.	New words	Meanings
1	mass (a)	quần chúng	5	offence (n)	sự phạm tội
2	fraud (n)	lừa gạt, gian lận	6	dishonest (a)	không trung thực
3	fraudster (n)	kẻ lừa đảo	7	pretend to something (phr.v)	đòi hỏi cái gì
4	guilty (a)	đã làm điều sai trái			

* Note: n = noun: danh từ; a = adjective: tính từ; phr.v = phrasal verb: cụm động từ.

* Con thuộc nghĩa của từ, chép mỗi từ 1 dòng vào vở ghi và chỉnh phát âm theo từ điển.

HOMEWORK

I. Now use William's report to his wife to write what Luke actually said.

William's report:

0. He said I didn't look very well.

1. He said he would give me the name of his doctor.
2. He told me to eat more fruit.
3. He told me he was living in a flat on his own.
4. He said he had tried sharing with his friend, Paul, but Paul had left.
5. He said he was going to live in Sheffield.

Luke: (0) You don't look very well.

William: I'm alright actually.

Luke: (1) _____

William: But I'm never ill.

Luke: (2) _____

William: Perhaps. Anyway, what are you doing these days?

Luke: (3) _____

William: Don't you get lonely?

Luke: (4) _____

William: Really? What are you going to do next, anyway?

Luke: (5) _____

II. Some of these sentences are correct, and some have a word which should not be there. If the sentence is correct, put OK. If it is incorrect, underline the unnecessary word out of the sentence and write it in the space.

0. Lucy thought "That I can't understand what's happening." that _____

1. Robert wanted to know if did the price included breakfast. _____

2. Isabelle told me she had started the job the week before. _____

3. Dan said me he wanted to come with us. _____

4. My friend said she did liked her new flat. _____

5. Martin asked us for not to wake the baby. _____

III. Choose the correct answer.

0. What did that man say _____?

A. at you B. for you **C. to you** D. you

1. I told you _____ switch off the heater, didn't I?

A. don't B. not C. not to D. to not

2. Someone _____ me there's been an accident on the motorway.

A. asked B. said C. spoke D. told

3. When I rang Tessa some times last week, she said she was busy _____ day.

A. that B. the C. then D. this

CAMBRIDGE PRACTICE

*Lưu ý:

1. Khi làm bài tập có từ mới, các con phải tra từ điển. Sau khi tra từ điển, các con chép mỗi từ mới 1 dòng để ghi nhớ.
2. Các con gạch chân các từ khoá chính trong bài đọc.

For questions 1–8, read the text below and choose which answer (A, B, C or D) best completes each gap. Here is an example (0).

Example:

0 A say B make C do D offer

Answer: 0 A B C D

Mass Marketing Fraud

Mass marketing fraud is a kind of fraud in which emails, letters, phone calls or adverts (0) false promises in order to obtain money from victims. A person does not have to benefit (1) the fraud to be guilty of the offence. As soon as they have (2) a dishonest or false statement, they have (3) a crime. Mass marketing fraudsters trick victims with false promises of cash prizes, goods or services in (4) for upfront fees. They can (5) from foreign lottery frauds to romance fraud, in which fraudsters pretend to have romantic intentions towards Internet daters to gain their trust in the (6) of obtaining money. Mass marketing fraud is becoming a more serious and complex crime. Research (7) out a few years ago showed that almost half of the UK adult population were (8) to be targeted by some kind of fraud and they estimated that UK consumers lose about £3.5 billion to fraud every year.

1	A from	B with	C at	D in
2	A made	B said	C done	D told
3	A carried	B committed	C completed	D acted
4	A place	B trade	C exchange	D turn
5	A reach	B stretch	C range	D spread
6	A ambition	B belief	C wish	D hope
7	A took	B carried	C made	D set
8	A likely	B easy	C available	D possible

Con hãy mở link nghe sau bằng máy tính nhé:

Track 7

09

Listen to Part 2 of the radio interview and answer the questions. For each question, choose the correct answer, A, B or C.

07

1 Where did Anna's host family live?

- A in an apartment
- B in a house
- C on a farm

2 How long did Anna stay with her host family?

- A two weeks
- B three weeks
- C four weeks

3 How old do students have to be to take part in the language exchange programme?

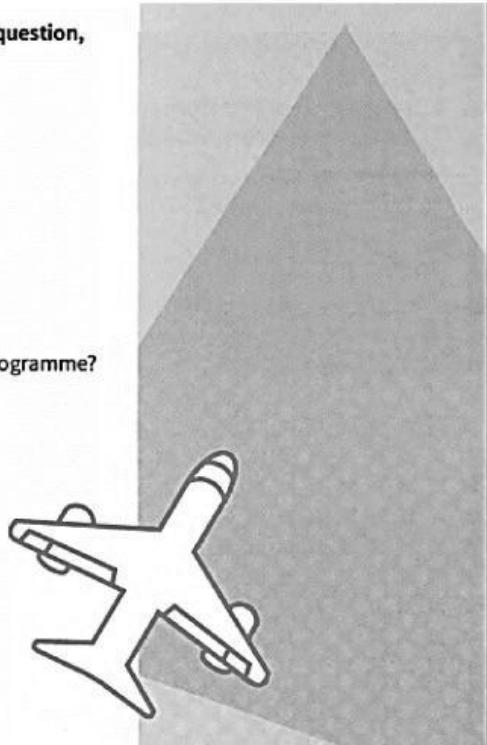
- A 13
- B over 14
- C 16

4 Students can go on the language exchange programme if

- A they are 16 or over and their parents allow them.
- B they study a language like French or Spanish at school.
- C they play in a school sports team or in the school orchestra.

5 Anna thinks that her Spanish

- A hasn't improved.
- B has improved a little
- C has improved a lot.



Track 8

07

You are going to listening to Mark and Jane discussing the food festival. What is the main topic of their conversation? Listen and choose the best answer, A, B or C.

08

A The activities they want to see there.

B The friends they will invite to the festival.

C The reasons their other friends can't go.

08

Listen again and match the people, 1–6 with the reasons, A–H.

1 Marco

A is going sightseeing

2 Mohammed

B can't afford to go

C is working

3 Pierre

D is going to a restaurant

4 Hang Yie

E is helping someone

F is doing something with their flatmate

5 Lucy

G is in a different country

6 Larissa

H is studying

TIP 08

Be careful. There are more reasons than people, so you won't use all the letters.

08.A MINI TIP. What does 'sightseeing' mean?

08.B MINI TIP. If you can't afford something, what don't you have?

08.F MINI TIP. Where does a 'flatmate' live?

09

Listen again and check your answers.

08

TIP 09

Make sure you listen for all of the information.