

G8 GLOBAL – REVIEW UNIT 9 – BTVN12

Mark A, B, C or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|---------------|
| 1. A. erupt | B. rescue | C. suddenly | D. hurry |
| 2. A. predicted | B. trembled | C. destroyed | D. damaged |
| 3. A. handsome | B. Wednesday | C. grandparents | D. tornado |
| 4. A. stay | B. game | C. lazy | D. volcanic |
| 5. A. lessons | B. disasters | C. desks | D. landslides |

Mark A, B, C or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress.

- | | | | |
|------------------|------------|-----------|-------------|
| 6. A. earthquake | B. predict | C. liquid | D. property |
| 7. A. tremble | B. destroy | C. funnel | D. victim |

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the most suitable answer to each of the following questions.

8. What _____ when his mother came home yesterday?
A. were you doing B. was you doing C. are you doing D. did you do
9. At this time last week, we _____ money for the earthquake victims.
A. donate B. were donating C. are donating D. donated
10. I know that he _____ in the library at this time yesterday.
A. works B. has worked C. is working D. was working
11. _____ the heavy rain, he went out without a raincoat.
A. Although B. In spite C. Despite D. Even
12. The _____ destroyed many houses before it stopped.
A. landslide B. storm C. volcano D. flood
13. The children finally agreed _____ the candies equally.
A. divide B. dividing C. divided D. to divide
14. At the meeting, the chairman suggested _____ funds for the victims of natural disasters.
A. raising B. to raising C. raise D. to raise
15. The road is open now, but it is often blocked by snow _____ winter.
A. in B. on C. at D. behind
16. Her family is poor, so she has to try her best to _____ many difficulties.
A. look for B. get over C. take care of D. turn away
17. I prefer watching detective films _____ about disasters.
A. to reading stories B. reading stories C. more than stories D. than read stories
18. Linh _____ a lot of time looking after her children after the storm.
A. takes B. gives C. spends D. plays
19. _____ often happen in rainy season especially in the center of Vietnam.
A. Droughts B. Storms C. Floods D. Sandstorms
20. While they _____ for help, the rescue workers appeared.
A. call B. were calling C. are calling D. called
21. His children _____ when he came home last night.
A. comes B. is coming C. will come D. were sleeping
22. The idea to _____ a visit to the flooded local village was welcomed by all the visitors.
A. pay B. do C. walk D. go
23. You should _____ the light before going out to save electricity.
A. go on B. turn off C. come in D. look up

Mark A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s)

24. Playing sports is an exciting way to stay in shape.
A. regular B. interesting C. boring D. normal

25. The man climbed into the house to save the victims in this neighborhood after the earthquake safely.

- A. cheap B. funnily C. dangerously D. convenient

Mark A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) *OPPOSITE* in meaning to the underlined word(s)

26. A landslide often occurs in the mountainous areas because many trees have been cut down.

- A. grown up B. found out C. looked after D. turned off

27. Monsoon rains across Thai Binh affected millions of people in 8 of its nearby districts.

- A. far B. coastal C. seashore D. next

Mark A, B, C, or D to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

28. - Linda: "What a beautiful dress you are wearing, Mary!" - Mai: "_____"

- A. Thanks. B. Not at all. C. I'm glad to say so D. It's not good.

29. - Lan: "Why don't we go camping this weekend?" - Nga: "_____"

- A. You're welcome B. Here you are. C. That's a fine day. D. That's a good idea.

Read the passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

The large movement of the earth under the water causes a very large and powerful tsunami. That tsunami was called the Asian Tsunami in most of the world. It was called the Boxing Day Tsunami in England, Australia, South Africa and Canada because it happened on the holiday which they call Boxing Day. The tsunami caused a lot of damage to countries such as the Philippines, Thailand, Indonesia and Sri Lanka.

Waves as high as 30 meters killed many people and damaged or destroyed a lot of buildings and other property. Over 225,000 people died or they were not found after the tsunami. The waves traveled as far away as South Africa (8,000 kilometers) where as many as 8 people died because of high water caused by the waves. Because of how much damage was caused and the number of people the earthquake affected, over \$7 billion was donated to help the **survivors** and rebuild the areas damaged.

30. Why was the tsunami called the Boxing Day Tsunami in England?

- A. Because it happened when people were boxing. C. Because it happened on Boxing Day.
B. Because it happened when people were collecting boxes. D. Because it destroyed a lot of boxes.

31. How high were the waves?

- A. thirteen meters B. eighteen meters C. thirty meters D. two hundred meters

32. What were some people in South Africa killed by?

- A. earthquake B. high water C. high wind D. volcano

33. Which of the following sentences is NOT true?

- A. Only in Asia the tsunami was called Asian Tsunami.
B. The tsunami caused a lot of damage to Indonesia.
C. Many people died because of the high waves.
D. A lot of money was raised to help people.

34. What does the word "survivors" in the last sentence mean?

- A. Houses that aren't destroyed. C. People who were dead.
B. Offices are being rebuilt D. People who are left alive.

Give the correct form of the verbs in the past continuous tense.

35. Where you _____ (go) when I saw you last weekend?

36. They _____ (not go) to church when I met them yesterday.

37. My mother _____ (not do) the housework when our grandparents came home.

Write in full sentences using the past continuous tense.

38. They/ play/ tennis/ 10.30 yesterday morning.

39. Ann/ do/ homework/ 5 o'clock this afternoon.

40. My father/ wash/ car/ from five to six.

41. This time last year/ we/ live/ France.

Complete the second sentences so that it has a similar meaning to the first one.

42. They predict the hurricane won't hit the city, but the residents still get prepared for the worst.

→ **Although** _____

43. The guidelines for evacuation will be useless if people don't read and follow them.

→ **Unless people** _____

44. It was such a strong tsunami that thousands of people were killed.

→ **The tsunami was so** _____

45. The firemen spent three days putting out the forest fire.

→ **It took** _____