

## Unit 6 Test

### Vocabulary

1 Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence, using the word given. Do not change the word given. You must use between three and six words, including the word given. Here is an example (0).

0 Susie doesn't look very well.

**WAY**

Susie looks to be in a bad way.

1 One of the students has lost consciousness, so we've called an ambulance.

**OUT**

One of the students \_\_\_\_\_, so we've called an ambulance.

2 Sarah's aunt has been feeling a bit tired and ill recently.

**WEATHER**

Recently, Sarah's aunt has been feeling \_\_\_\_\_.

3 Martin's getting better. Thanks for all the get-well messages.

**MEND**

Martin's \_\_\_\_\_ . Thanks for all the get-well messages.

4 It was hard not to laugh in the meeting.

**STRAIGHT**

It was hard \_\_\_\_\_ in the meeting.

5 Dan has made a serious mistake. He'll have to deal with the consequences.

**MUSIC**

Dan has made a serious mistake. He'll have to \_\_\_\_\_.

6 Sally refused to show it, but I know she was disappointed not to pass.

**BRAVE**

Sally \_\_\_\_\_ it, but I know she was disappointed not to pass.

7 Beauty is subjective.

**BEHOLDER**

Beauty is in the \_\_\_\_\_.

8 You shouldn't just accept what he says without any verification.

**VALUE**

What he says shouldn't be \_\_\_\_\_ without any verification.

9 I go to the gym three times a week to remain fit and healthy.

**SHAPE**

I go to the gym three times a week to \_\_\_\_\_.

10 You should start doing aerobics. You'll feel fitter.

**TAKE**

Why don't \_\_\_\_\_ aerobics? You'll feel fitter.

\_\_\_ / 10

2 For questions 1–10, read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Complete texts A and B with a preposition and text C with verbs describing injuries. Use only one word in each gap. There is an example at the beginning (0).

**A**

I've always dreamed of (0) far-off places. That's why I decided to fly to New Zealand. It was a very long flight, with a brief (1) stop-\_\_\_\_\_ in Bangkok, but I'm glad I went. I had been feeling a bit run (2) \_\_\_\_\_ before going on the trip – you know, a bit tired and stressed – but I felt much better once I got there.

**B**

Staying slim is easy. I work (3) \_\_\_\_\_ at the gym daily and go (4) \_\_\_\_\_ a run twice a week. I do a few (5) warm-\_\_\_\_\_ exercises then off I go on a ten-kilometre run. There's no need to go (6) \_\_\_\_\_ a diet if you are physically active.

C

Last weekend, Joe fell off a ladder. He landed on his foot and (7) \_\_\_\_\_ his ankle – it wasn't broken, fortunately, but all the ligaments were swollen and painful. As he then fell forwards, he (8) \_\_\_\_\_ his knee on the ground – nothing too serious, it just took the surface skin off, leaving it red and bloody-looking. He stretched out his arm and his hand hit the ground. Unfortunately, he (9) \_\_\_\_\_ his wrist. It really hurt. Now, it's in plaster and it will take a while to heal. Oh, and he also banged his chin on the ground. It caused some bruising and he (10) \_\_\_\_\_ a tooth. Unfortunately, it was a front tooth. Now, when he smiles, you can see that a bit of one of his teeth is missing!

\_\_\_ / 10

**Grammar**

**3** Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence. Replace the verb or phrase in *italics* with a phrasal verb formed with the verb in brackets. Whenever possible, separate the verb and particle of the phrasal verb. Here is an example (0).

- 0 The company *tested* the toys on a group of children. (TRY)  
The company *tried the toys out* on a group of children.
- 1 We *unexpectedly discovered* the remains of a wild animal in the forest clearing. (COME)  
We \_\_\_\_\_ in the forest clearing.
- 2 The friends had planned to go surfing, but the bad weather *made them feel they didn't want to*. (PUT)  
The friends had planned to go surfing, but the bad weather \_\_\_\_\_.
- 3 How do we *escape from* this place? (GET)  
How do we \_\_\_\_\_?
- 4 This coastline *reminds me* of the time when we walked to Land's End in Cornwall. (TAKE)  
This coastline \_\_\_\_\_ to the time when we walked to Land's End in Cornwall.
- 5 We *started* the foundation in Uganda in the 1990s. (SET)  
We \_\_\_\_\_ in Uganda in the 1990s.
- 6 What made you *think of* that idea? (COME)  
How did you \_\_\_\_\_?
- 7 It's a great opportunity. *Try to get* that job. (GO)  
It's a great opportunity. \_\_\_\_\_.
- 8 Robin is really successful. How do you *explain it*? (PUT)  
Robin is really successful. What do you \_\_\_\_\_ to?
- 9 It took a while to *recover from* the illness. (GET)  
It took a while to \_\_\_\_\_.
- 10 Let's *do* some tests. (CARRY)  
Let's \_\_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_ / 10

**4** Complete the sentences using the correct form of the verbs in brackets. Here is an example (0).

- 0 I worry about *walking* (walk) home late at night.
- 1 Joseph urged us \_\_\_\_\_ (invest) in real estate.
- 2 Penny seemed discouraged from \_\_\_\_\_ (participate) in the event.
- 3 I tend not \_\_\_\_\_ (take) myself too seriously.
- 4 Do the new regulations mean \_\_\_\_\_ (have) to dismantle the outdoor facilities?
- 5 His negative attitude made me \_\_\_\_\_ (want) to scream.
- 6 You should carry on \_\_\_\_\_ (perform) despite all the criticism.
- 7 Don't try \_\_\_\_\_ (be) someone you aren't.
- 8 Jerry convinced me \_\_\_\_\_ (apply) for the job.
- 9 We only narrowly avoided \_\_\_\_\_ (hit) a tree.
- 10 The council required the sports centre \_\_\_\_\_ (offer) free classes for the over-65s.

\_\_\_ / 10