SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO
HÀ TĨNH
ĐỀ CHÍNH THỨC
(Đề thi có 05 trang)

ĐỀ THI THỬ TỐT NGHIỆP THPTQG NĂM 2024
MÔN: TIẾNG ANH
Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút, không kể thời gian phát đề

Họ, tên thí sinh: ……
Số báo danh: ……

Mã đề lẻ

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

Question 1: **A**. chat **B**. change **C**. ache **D**. cheer

Question 2: **A**. thin **B**. climb **C**. spin **D**. sing

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

Question 3: **A**. follow **B**. allow **C**. enjoy **D**. destroy

Question 4: **A**. difference **B**. achievement **C**. charity **D**. benefit

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Question 5: He is a good cook, _____ ?
A. does he **B**. is he **C**. didn't he **D**. isn't he

Question 6: Music festivals are held all over _____ world.
A. the **B**. a **C**. an **D**. Ø (no article)

Question 7: Reading books lays a _____ foundation for a better tomorrow.
A. strongly **B**. strengthen **C**. strength **D**. strong

Question 8: Exercise is _____ than dieting for losing weight.
A. the most effective **B**. effective **C**. most effective **D**. more effective

Question 9: I wish my flat-mate wouldn't play the guitar all day and night. It's driving me up the _____ .
A. ceiling **B**. sky **C**. wall **D**. ground

Question 10: I don't mind _____ a little extra for organic produce because it's healthier.
A. paying **B**. to pay **C**. paid **D**. pay

Question 11: I lost my _____ on the way home and had to call my doctor to get a new one.
A. medicine **B**. prescription **C**. treatment **D**. therapy

Question 12: David entered the room while they _____ behind his back.
A. talk **B**. are talking **C**. were talking **D**. talked

Question 13: The holiday resort offers all the _____ a young family could want.
A. itineraries **B**. amenities **C**. vicinity **D**. expectancy

Question 14: I had to _____ the job offer because the salary was too low.
A. get down **B**. get up **C**. turn down **D**. turn up

Question 15: I get quite depressed when thinking about the damage we are _____ to the environment.
A. having **B**. causing **C**. taking **D**. giving

Question 16: People _____ smartphones have access to a wealth of information and entertainment at their fingertips.
A. owning **B**. are owned **C**. are owning **D**. owned

Question 17: The children will start playing again _____ .
A. by the time they finished their snacks. **B.** after they finish their snacks.
C. when they finished their snacks. **D.** as soon as they had finished their snacks.

Question 18: Peter is walking happily hoping that he _____ to the party by his girl friend.
A. invites **B**. will invite **C**. was inviting **D**. will be invited

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Question 19: They are tired _____ seeing the same boring movies all the time.

A. of **B**. in **C**. about **D**. on

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 20: At the educational **conference**, teachers shared best practices and strategies for teaching effectively.

A. meeting **B**. absence **C**. cancellation **D**. solution

Question 21: The police officers signaled for the traffic to **proceed** through the intersection.

A. employ **B**. finish **C**. begin **D**. continue

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 22: The crowd began to **scatter** when they heard the loud explosion.

A. send **B**. move **C**. collect **D**. decrease

Question 23: The party was **a barrel of laughs**, thanks to all the fun games and activities.

A. pleasurable **B**. entertaining **C**. unavoidable **D**. unenjoyable

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

Question 24: Susan and Brian are talking on the phone.

- **Brian**: "Would you like to grab some coffee and catch up this afternoon?"
- **Susan**: " _____ , but I have to finish my English assignment"

A. I'll certainly come **B**. Congratulations **C**. I'm sorry **D**. Good luck

Question 25: Andrew and Olivia are talking about the book they've read.

- **Andrew**: "Personally, I think the book was a bit too long."
- **Olivia**: " _____ 100 pages, just enough for us to read"

A. I can't agree more **B**. Exactly right **C**. I don't agree **D**. Great idea

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 26 to 30.

Bullying is hard to control and it affects millions of teenagers every day. In the past, it mostly happened at school or in public places, but nowadays the Internet makes it possible for bullies to (**26**)_____ their victims at home. We call it cyberbullying - when a bully teases or threatens someone online. Experts believe that almost all children and teenagers will experience bullying at some point in their lives.

Most people know that if someone bullies you, you can tell a teacher or a parent. (**27**) _____ what should you do if you see bullying happening to someone else? People (**28**) _____ try to ignore bullying become bystanders: they stand by and see bullying happen, but don't do anything to stop it. Sometimes bystanders are frightened of the bullies, or they're embarrassed about telling their parents or a teacher. (**29**)_____ reason is that they just feel confused about what to do. But if you don't do anything, bullies think that their behavior is not bad. They think that people don't mind, and more bullying happens. That's why we need to be up-standers. Up-standers say "no" to bullies because bullying is (**30**) _____ ! Bullying is hard to stop - but together, we can stop it by being up-standers, not bystanders.

(Adapted from Oxford Metro Student's Book)

Question 26: **A**. arrive	**B**. make	**C**. bring	**D**. reach
Question 27: **A**. But	**B**. Because	**C**. Although	**D**. So
Question 28: **A**. who	**B**. whom	**C**. whose	**D**. which
Question 29: **A**. Many	**B**. Much	**C**. Little	**D**. Another
Question 30: **A**. relevant	**B**. unaffected	**C**. adequate	**D**. unacceptable

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Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word for each of the questions from 31 to 35.

Samba is one of Brazil's most popular music and dance styles. In many ways, it is a symbol of the country itself. In the worlds of one of modern samba's main artists, Seu Jorge: "Samba is our truth, our peculiarity … and our flag". When people today hear the word *samba*, they often think of the festival of Carnaval and the city of Rio de Janeiro. But there are many different types of samba, and these styles differ throughout Brazil.

Today, one of the most popular types of samba comes from Bahia, a state in the eastern part of the country. It's called *samba reggae*. From the 16th to 18th centuries, over three million Africans were brought to Brazil to work as slaves. Samba from this region of Brazil is heavily influenced by African rhythms. Modern samba reggae is a **combination** of Rio samba, African drumbeats, and Jamaican reggae. It's a bit slower than Rio samba, and it is usually performed in large groups – sometimes with over 200 drums playing at one time!

Bahia's most famous drumming group is Olodum. Many say the group invented the samba reggae sound. But Olodum is not only a musical group. **Its** members also created local organizations to help young people and the poor. Every year, in the city of Salvador in Bahia, the lively sound of samba reggae fills the streets during Carnaval – one of the world's greatest parties.

(Adapted from Reading Explorer 1)

Question 31: What is the passage mainly about?

A. Olodum, Bahia's most famous drumming group

B. Brazil, a country with different types of samba

C. The Rio Carnaval, the most important festival in Brazil

D. Samba reggae, an important type of music in Brazil

Question 32: According to the passage, Rio samba is faster than _____ .

A. Samba reggae **B**. Jamaican reggae **C**. African drumbeats **D**. African rhythms

Question 33: The word "**combination**" in paragraph 2 mostly means _____ .

A. separation **B**. mix **C**. self **D**. coordination

Question 34: The word "**Its**" in paragraph 3 refers to _____ .

A. Bahia **B**. sound **C**. Olodum **D**. samba

Question 35: Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?

A. Olodum founded local organizations to support other people.

B. Samba reggae is rarely played with over 200 drums at one time.

C. Africans brought samba to Brazil from the 16th to 18th centuries.

D. Different types of samba are similar throughout Brazil.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word for each of the questions from 36 to 42.

Time management is a critical skill that can help us achieve our goals and be more productive. It involves planning and organizing our time to ensure that we use it efficiently and effectively. Good time management skills can help us reduce stress, increase productivity, and achieve a better work-life balance. One of the first steps in effective time management is prioritizing tasks based on their importance and urgency. This can involve breaking down larger tasks into smaller, more manageable ones, and setting **realistic** goals and deadlines for each one. By focusing on the most important and urgent tasks first, we

can maximize our productivity and minimize stress.

Another key aspect of time management is avoiding distractions. In today's world, there are countless distractions that can interfere with our ability to focus and be productive, such as social media, email, and other digital devices. To avoid **them**, it can be helpful to set specific times to check email or social media, or even turn off notifications altogether when working on important tasks.

Finally, it's important to be flexible and adaptable in our approach to time management. No plan is foolproof, and unexpected events or emergencies can arise at any time. By being open to changes in our schedule and adjusting our priorities as needed, we can better manage our time and reduce stress.

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In that way, time management is an important skill that can help us be more productive, reduce stress, and achieve a better work-life balance. By prioritizing tasks, avoiding distractions, and being flexible in our approach, we can **enhance** our overall productivity and well-being.

(Adapted from https://craftythinking.com/importance-of-time/)

Question 36: Which of the following could be the best title for the passage?

A. The Art and Science of Effective Time Management

B. Time Management – The Only Way to achieve Goals

C. Time Management – The Lead to Every Success

D. The Importance and Urgency of Time Management

Question 37: The word **realistic** in paragraph 2 mostly means _____ .

A. practical **B**. imaginary **C**. interesting **D**. impossible

Question 38: According to paragraph 3, one way to prevent distractions is by _____ .

A. focusing on social media **B**. working on important tasks

C. turning off digital devices **D**. setting times to check emails.

Question 39: The word **them** in paragraph 3 refers to _____ .

A. notifications **B**. distractions **C**. devices **D**. times

Question 40: The word **enhance** in paragraph 5 mostly means _____ .

A. remain **B**. improve **C**. drop **D**. decrease

Question 41: According to the passage, which of the following is NOT mentioned as one of the ways to better our time management?

A. Being flexible **B**. Prioritizing tasks **C**. Reducing stress **D**. Avoiding distractions

Question 42: Which of the following can be inferred from the passage?

A. To reduce stress and manage time better, people need a fixed approach to time management.

B. Effective Time Management can benefit individuals in both personal and professional lives.

C. People can increase productivity and reduce stress just by focusing on urgent tasks first.

D. Various digital distractions make people less productive and more stressful.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

Question 43: She reads the latest issue of her favorite magazine during her commute yesterday.

A **B** **C** **D**

Question 44: His work remained obscene for years before it was finally recognized as

A **B**

groundbreaking and influential.

C **D**

Question 45: He bought a new suit so that he could use them for his upcoming job interview.

A **B** **C** **D**

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

Question 46: "Have you seen that movie before?" asked my roommate.

A. My roommate asked me if had I seen that movie before.

B. My roommate asked me if have I seen that movie before.

C. My roommate asked me if I had seen that movie before.

D. My roommate asked me if I have seen that movie before.

Question 47: He hasn't taken a day off from work for months.

A. It's months since he didn't take a day off from work.

B. He has a day off from work to take every month.

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C. He has taken a day off from work monthly.

D. He last took a day off from work months ago.

Question 48: It's likely that we'll be stuck in traffic for hours.

A. We needn't be stuck in traffic for hours.

B. We might be stuck in traffic for hours.

C. We must be stuck in traffic for hours.

D. We can't be stuck in traffic for hours.

Mark the letter A, B C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

Question 49: The weather was so bad. We couldn't go for a picnic.

A. If only the weather wasn't so bad, we could go for a picnic

B. If the weather hadn't been so bad, we couldn't have gone for a picnic.

C. If the weather hadn't been so bad, we could have gone for a picnic.

D. As long as the weather wasn't so bad, we could have gone for a picnic.

Question 50: They were being followed by a group of strangers. They then realized that.

A. Only later they realized that were they being followed by a group of strangers.

B. Only later did they realize that they were being followed by a group of strangers.

C. Not until they realized that were they being followed by a group of strangers.

D. Not until were they being followed by a group of strangers, they realized that.

THE END

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