

TEST FOR UNIT 2 (VOCABULARY THINKING)

1. After the presentation, we need to _____ the results.
a. assume b. assess c. baffle d. biased
2. The child believed in magical creatures, showing he was very _____.
a) Naive b) Optimistic c) Pessimistic d) Reflective
3. Even though he had never been there, John had an _____ that the small village would be beautiful.
a) Ingenious b) Inspiration c) Intuition d) Pessimistic
4. Without any evidence, she decided to _____ that he was guilty.
a. baffle b. biased c. prejudiced d. assume
3. The magician's trick managed to _____ everyone in the audience.
a. biased b. baffle c. assume d. concentrate
4. His opinion on the matter is _____ because his brother is involved.
a. skeptical b. assume c. biased d. contemplate
5. She is _____ against people from that region due to past experiences.
a. prejudiced b. contemplate c. cynical d. ponder
6. It's hard to _____ on work with all this noise.
a. ponder b. baffle c. concentrate d. deduce
7. His positive _____ on life is truly inspiring.
a. outlook b. skeptical c. deduce d. ponder
8. Please _____ my application for the job.
a. deduce b. baffle c. contemplate d. consider
9. She sat quietly to _____ her future.
a. cynical b. contemplate c. biased d. assume
10. Maria's plan to solve the problem was so _____ that everyone was surprised by her creativity.
a) Reflective b) Optimistic c) Ingenious d) Presume
11. Although it seemed impossible, the idea that she proposed was actually quite _____.
a) Plausible b) Naive c) Paradox d) Query
12. During their debate, they had to _____ the best solution to the problem.
a) Ideology b) Presume c) Query d) Reckon

13. The author had an _____ for her new novel while walking through the park.
- a) Speculate b) Presume c) Inspiration d) Paradox
14. His political _____ influenced how he viewed the news and world events.
- a) Ideology b) Hunch c) Reflect d) Plausible
15. He likes to _____ important decisions carefully.
- a. biased b. assume c. ponder d. prejudiced
16. When the teacher asked him a difficult question, he could only _____ what the correct answer might be.
- a) Plausible b) Justify c) Speculate d) Ideology
17. The philosopher's theory was filled with _____, ideas that seemed contradictory but could both be true.
- a) Hunch b) Notion c) Presume d) Paradox
18. She is _____ about politicians' promises.
- a. ponder b. cynical c. deduce d. assume
19. The scientist had a _____ that the two phenomena were connected and started researching it.
- a) Reflect b) Hunch c) Justify d) Suppose
20. When asked why he believes the Earth is round, Jack tried to _____ his answer with scientific facts.
- a) Reflect b) Presume c) Justify d) Speculate
21. I'm _____ about the benefits of this plan.
- a. biased b. dubious c. consider d. baffle
22. She decided to _____ that he was telling the truth until she found evidence to the contrary.
- a) Speculate b) Presume c) Pessimistic d) Ingenious
23. It is _____ to believe that everything will go perfectly without any issues.
- a) Optimistic b) Naive c) Plausible d) Reflect
24. He remained _____ despite all the evidence.
- a. skeptical b. outlook c. contemplate d. deduce
25. She was _____ about the outcome of the project, believing it would succeed despite the challenges.

a) Pessimistic b) Naive c) Optimistic d) Query

26. The detective had to _____ the evidence carefully before making a conclusion.

a) Reflect b) Naive c) Plausible d) Inspiration

27. From the clues, the detective could _____ who the thief was.

a. contemplate b. cynical c. assume d. deduce