

Vocabulary (Starters A1)

A-L

Translate:

1. I give him a flower
2. I hold a ball
3. They have a grey car
4. We eat fruit at school
5. I have got a green frog:
6. We eat dinner at home
7. The floor is dirty
8. Helicopters can fly.

Odd one out (parts of speech):

Nombres: Designan personas, cosas, animales, objetos, ideas, sentimientos ...
Verbos: Expresan acciones (en infinitivo, terminan en -ar, -er, -ir)
Adjetivos: Describen cualidades, rasgos , características del nombre

Elige la que no pertenece a la misma categoría gramatical e indica qué es lo que has elegido (nombre, verbo o adjetivo):

- | | |
|--|-------|
| 1. grandma - evening - friend - enjoy | ----- |
| 2. good - grey - fantastic - example | ----- |
| 3. guitar - flower - funny - eraser | ----- |
| 4. house - hold - do - find | ----- |
| 5. friend - apartment - bread - come | ----- |
| 6. bus - ask - cow - clock | ----- |
| 7. blue - great - go - dirty | ----- |
| 8. grape - desk - happy - burger | ----- |
| 9. good - goat - duck - doll | ----- |
| 10. hit - get - door - do | ----- |
| 11. glasses - handbag - armchair - brown | ----- |
| 12. breakfast - bee - fly - egg | ----- |

Match the word and the meaning/s

1	Here
2	Between
3	For
4	Behind
5	How
6	again
7	and
8	her
9	From
10	At
11	about
12	but
13	his

	Para
	Sobre, de
	Aquí
	En (sitio)/ A las (horas)
	Y
	Entre
	De, desde
	Otra vez, de nuevo
	Detrás de
	Su (de él)
	Pero
	Cómo
	Su (de ella)

Translate into Spanish:

1. The house is **behind** the school.
2. The bathroom is **between** the bedroom **and** the dining room.
3. **Her** favourite doll is beautiful.
4. **His** bedroom is fantastic, **but** it isn't clean.
5. The children draw animals **at** school
6. I am **from** Colombia, **but** I live in Spain.
7. The book is **about** aliens.
8. The box isn't **here**. It is **behind** the bookcase.
9. I go to bed **at** 11:30.
10. They come **from** France, **but** they live in Spain.
11. **Her** hair is black **and** **her** eyes are green.
12. The blue dress is **for** you. It is here.
13. **How** are you?

Commands (órdenes)

El tiempo verbal se usa para dar órdenes o instrucciones ("*estudia, ven, espérame, no te levantes, no interrumpáis ...*") se llama **IMPERATIVO**.

Estudia cómo formar el imperativo en inglés:

- En **afirmativa** = Verbo (sin sujeto)!
Come! = ¡Ven! / ¡Venid!
- En **negativa** = Don't + verbo (sin sujeto)!
Don't come! = ¡No vengas! / ¡No vengáis!

Translate these commands into Spanish:

1. Don't catch the ball!
2. Clap!
3. Choose a flower!
4. Don't cross!
5. Don't be angry!
6. Give him his book, please!
7. Go to sleep!
8. Clean the flat!

Translate into English:

1. Venid aquí
2. Contad cuántos animales
3. Sujeta los libros
4. Corregid la respuesta
5. Dibuja una flor grande
6. No golpees la puerta
7. No conduzcas
8. Sed buenos
9. No os comáis las pinturas
10. No contestes

Compara:

Presente	Imperativo
Sujeto + verbo	Verbo (sin sujeto)
We choose = Elegimos They go = Van	Clean! = ¡Limpia! Choose! = ¡Elige!
Si el sujeto es HE, SHE, IT añadimos S o ES al verbo	
He chooses = Elige (él) She chooses = Elige (ella) He adds = añade (él) She adds = añade (ella)	

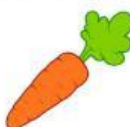
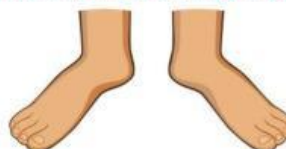
Complete the sentence:

1. Hold the horse, please = _____ al _____, por favor.
2. My dad goes to bed at 10 = Mi padre _____ a las 10.
3. Don't hit the horse! = ¡No _____!
4. Give me my book = Dame _____
5. He always gives the correct answer = Él siempre _____
6. Eat the fruit! = _____ la fruta.
7. She eats fruit at school = _____ fruta _____
8. Close the door, please = _____, por favor.

Translate into English:

1. Limpia tu habitación, por favor.
2. No limpies el coche. Está limpio.
3. Yo limpio mi habitación.
4. Ella limpia su habitación
5. Él limpia su habitación.
6. Nosotros limpiamos el coche
7. Ellas limpian el coche.
8. Limpiamos el comedor en el colegio.

What is it?



Write the words in the suitable category:

bathroom · bedroom · black · blue · boat · bread · brown · bus · draw · car · dress · face · fish · hand · hat · head · hit · ice cream · goat · green · jacket · jeans · jellyfish · kick · kitchen · leg · lemon · lime · listen · living room · lizard · lorry

VERBS (ACTIONS)	FOOD	ROOMS	CLOTHES
VEHICLES	PARTS OF THE BODY	ANIMALS	COLOURS

Complete the sentences with these verbs and translate:

Recuerda: Cuando el sujeto es “él/ ella”, se añade una “s” al verbo

catch · clean · cleans · come · comes · kick · know · like · likes · live · lives

1. She _____ in a small apartment, but we _____ in a big house.
2. I _____ apples, and my brother _____ bananas.
3. The football players can't _____ the ball with their hands, but they can _____ the ball with their feet.
4. My father _____ the kitchen on Mondays and I _____ my bedroom on Saturdays.
5. I _____ the answer.
6. My friend _____ to school by car, but I _____ to school on foot.