

Vocabulary

1 Complete the gaps with: *person, click, heart, charity, business, physical.*

- 1 You don't need to go to the _____ shop to buy pet food, you can buy it online.
- 2 The delicatessen's _____ hours are 8 am until 6 pm.
- 3 I prefer to go and buy shoes in _____ so that I can try them on.
- 4 Now you can buy tickets with your credit card at the _____ of a button.
- 5 I bought a nice coat from the _____ shop and the money went to a good cause.
- 6 Our department store puts the customer at the _____ of the shopping experience.

2 Label the photos.



1 m _____



2 h _____



3 s _____



4 c _____



5 t _____
p _____



6 t _____
h _____

3 Where do you buy things? Find and correct the mistakes in each sentence.

- 1 I bought some paint at the fishmonger's to do my daughter's room. _____
- 2 My best friend loves pens, pencils, and notebooks. Her favourite place is that big jeweller's on Queen's Road. _____
- 3 Derek needs a new pair of glasses. We're going to the baker's tomorrow. _____
- 4 Can you get me some of that delicious Italian pasta and cheese from the optician's? Thanks! _____
- 5 I'm not going into that DIY shop. I don't like buying used books and records. _____

Unit 3

4 Unscramble the letters to form items of clothing.

- 1 I bought a new (**saturctki**) _____ yesterday. I need it to go jogging in the winter.
- 2 She always wears beautiful (**ansldas**) _____ in summer.
- 3 Put on your (**fcasr**) _____. It's very cold outside.
- 4 Wow! What a great (**yohod**) _____! I need to get one, too.
- 5 My brother wears only cotton (**isthsr**) _____; he says they're the most comfortable.
- 6 Where did you get those pink (**gnlgsegi**) _____? I need a new pair for yoga class.

5 Choose the correct preposition/particle.

- 1 My new book is **on/by** display at the biggest bookshop in town.
- 2 Is the jacket in the window **at/for** sale? I'd like to buy it.
- 3 Are you buying a new dress? You should try **on/out** a few before you decide.
- 4 Fashion trends change so quickly that it's impossible to keep **up/on** with them.
- 5 You cannot pay **in/by** cash; we only accept card payments.
- 6 We decided to head **at/for** Oxford Street early in the morning before it gets too busy.
- 7 My favourite perfume is **on/for** sale. I'll get two bottles for the price of one.
- 8 Can we bring **down/out** the price of these shoes? They are last year's style.
- 9 It's always exciting to look **for/around** a city and explore new places.
- 10 The new smartphone has only been **in/on** the market for a few weeks.

6 Complete the gaps with the correct word derived from the words in brackets.

- 1 My mum used to work as a _____ for a big bank. (**CONSULT**)
- 2 Jim is the best _____ in the town; he makes delicious bread and cakes. (**BAKE**)
- 3 I'm the _____ of the month at my company. I even got a small prize. (**EMPLOY**)
- 4 Would you like to work as a _____ at our school? (**LIBRARY**)
- 5 Our new shop _____ used to live and work in Chile. (**MANAGE**)

Unit 3

7 Fill in: *save, cost, burn, break, grow.*

- 1 Don't spend so much money on clothes. Money doesn't _____ on trees.
- 2 I love this car, but it must _____ an arm and a leg.
- 3 I guess they have money to _____. They always go on expensive holidays.
- 4 I need to _____ for a rainy day. You never know what might happen.
- 5 I need a new laptop, but I have to find one that won't _____ the bank.

8 Translate the words

- 1 Papuošalai - _____
- 2 Turėti panašumą iš dviejų skirtingų dalykų - _____
- 3 Išeiti iš mados - _____
- 4 Striukė su gobtuvu - _____
- 5 Gauti nuolaidą - _____
- 6 Užsisakyti prekes internetu - _____
- 7 Kvitas/čekis - _____
- 8 Apsipirkti daug ir ilgai. - _____
- 9 Apatiniai drabužiai - _____
- 10 Pritarti - _____
- 11 Siuntinys - _____
- 12 Defektas - _____
- 13 Išsikeisti - _____
- 14 Turėti pinigų kaip šieno. - _____
- 15 Grynais pinigais - _____
- 16 Pinigai ant medžių neauga - _____
- 17 Taupyti juodai dienai. - _____
- 18 Numatyti biudžetą - _____
- 19 sutaupytas centas yra uždirbtas centas. _____
- 20 Padaryti gražinimą - _____

Grammar

1 Put the verbs in brackets into the *past simple* or the *present perfect*.

- 1 How long _____ (Jen/work) at the DIY shop?
- 2 Shaun _____ (explore) the whole city on foot yesterday.
- 3 I _____ (just/come) back from a full day of shopping.
- 4 We _____ (not/visit) the palace last week.
- 5 My dad _____ (never/go) to the top of the Eiffel Tower. He hates heights.
- 6 Where _____ (you/be) yesterday? I couldn't reach you on your phone.
- 7 Jack _____ (not/buy) his new school uniform yet.
- 8 Alicia's brother _____ (travel) around the country visiting different monuments last month.

Unit 3

2 Choose the correct option.

- 1 My parents have **been/gone** to the market. They'll be back in a couple of hours.
- 2 **Has someone worn/Has someone been wearing** my new shirt? There's a button missing.
- 3 John **has been shopping/has shopped** for souvenirs all day.
- 4 I've never **been/gone** to an optician's.
- 5 We **haven't bought/haven't been buying** a car yet.
- 6 Zoe **has been ordering/has ordered** lunch from that delicatessen for years.
- 7 Have you **been/gone** to that new vintage shop on King's Road?
- 8 I **have visited/have been visiting** this charity shop three times this week. It's amazing.

3 Put the verbs in brackets into the *present perfect*, *present perfect continuous* or the *past simple*.

- 1 Sarah _____ (**study**) for her exams all morning. She's really tired.
- 2 I _____ (**not/visit**) the new fashion museum last week. But I'm definitely going this week.
- 3 She _____ (**borrow**) three books from the library so far this month.
- 4 Mark and Louise _____ (**walk**) around town for the last two hours.
- 5 Tom _____ (**watch**) the new superhero movie at the cinema last night.
- 6 He _____ (**work**) on his stall since this morning.
- 7 _____ (**you/wait**) for the bus for the last 20 minutes?
- 8 Lately, I _____ (**think**) about changing my optician.

4 Complete the second sentence using no more than three words.

- 1 The Statue of Unity is the tallest monument in the world.
No other monument in the world is _____ the Statue of Unity.
- 2 Mandy is a more sensible shopper than Ella.
Mandy shops _____ than Ella.
- 3 I've never found such a good bargain at the market.
This is _____ that I've ever found at the market.
- 4 Alan is a more polite shop assistant than Brian.
Brian is a _____ shop assistant than Alan.
- 5 Can't you deliver my order any sooner than that?
Is that _____ you can deliver my order?

Unit 3

Everyday English

1 Match the exchanges.

- | | | |
|----------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| 1 <input type="checkbox"/> | We can either exchange it or give you a refund. | a No, I'd like a refund. |
| 2 <input type="checkbox"/> | This dress has a broken zip. | b Thank you! |
| 3 <input type="checkbox"/> | Would you like a replacement? | c Sure, here you go. |
| 4 <input type="checkbox"/> | I'll get you a new pullover. | d Can you replace it? |
| 5 <input type="checkbox"/> | Can I have your receipt, please? | e I'm really sorry about that. |

Reading

1 Read the four short texts below, which are all reviews of galleries. Choose from the texts (A to D) and answer the questions (1 to 10).

Meet the Tates

A

Tate Modern

The Tate Modern is an amazing art gallery on the River Thames in London that you really can't miss! It displays the UK's national collection of modern art from 1900 as well as exciting international artists of today. It has paintings, sculptures, videos and much more by famous artists from around the world including Pablo Picasso, Anish Kapoor and Steve McQueen. In fact, it's one of the largest museums of modern art on the planet! This huge gallery attracts millions of visitors every year and its collection is so big you can't even see it all in one day! You have to book tickets for some special exhibitions, but entry to the main collection is completely free!

B

Tate Britain

If you're in Central London, another great art museum is Tate Britain. Located right in the heart of the historic City of Westminster, you can explore over 500 years of British art and learn about its interesting history. It was originally called the National Gallery of British Art when it opened in 1897 until it became the Tate Gallery in 1932 and in the year 2000 it was renamed Tate Britain. It displays a huge range of paintings from the Tudor to the Victorian eras and is home to the largest collection of works by the world-famous romantic artist William Turner. There is no need to book a ticket because entry to the gallery is free! However, they do recommend booking for special exhibitions, although children under 11 enter for free.

C

Tate Liverpool

The Tate Group have another art gallery in Liverpool that displays wonderful international modern art from their collection but also holds many exciting events, including large concerts and film festivals. They even produce a fun visual arts festival with exhibits in public spaces across the city. The gallery also has a very unusual exhibition which changes regularly. It's called the 'Ideas Depot', because children from a different primary school come each month to explore the Tate Collection. Then, the kids get to choose which artworks the gallery will display to the public! Tate Liverpool recommends booking for exhibitions as they may sell out, but visitors aged 16–25 can join the *Tate Collective* to get tickets for just £5.

D

Tate St Ives

You will find the smallest of the Tate Group's galleries all the way down in the far southwest corner of Britain. They built it in a beautiful location above the beach in the small seaside town of St Ives, West Cornwall and opened it in 1993. The gallery celebrates 100 years of works by artists from the area and explores West Cornwall's connections to artists from around the world. They also display the works of active artists from the town itself, as well as a collection by the famous St Ives artist Barbara Hepworth. Entry fee is £12 or free for visitors under 18. Tickets are limited so they recommend booking ahead.

Which gallery, A, B, C or D, ...

- 1 has had three different names? _____
- 2 allows young children to participate in an exhibition? _____
- 3 is on the coast? _____
- 4 displays art by active artists from around the world? _____
- 5 has most of an artist's work? _____
- 6 displays art in places outside the building? _____
- 7 displays a well-known local artist's work? _____
- 8 asks all adults to pay for tickets? _____
- 9 takes a long time to get around? _____
- 10 can people visit to listen to live music? _____