

Reflexive Verbs - 1

Reflexive Verbs are the verbs in which the object reflects the subject, that is, the subject does the action to itself. Therefore, in Spanish reflexive verbs, the object pronoun must exchange each time the person of the subject changes. The reflexive verb has the same forms as the non-reflexive verbs, but the object pronoun is always included, in the same person as the ending of the verb indicates.

Present of Reflexive Verbs: levantarse = to get (oneself) up, to arise

Yo	me	levanto	Nosotros	nos	levantamos
Tú	te	levantas	Vosotros	os	levantáis
Ud./él/ella	se	levanta	Uds./ellos/ellas	se	levantan

The infinitive indicates that the verb is reflexive by having **-se** attached to it (**levantarse**). The **se** is removed with the infinitive ending when the personal endings are attached. The reflexive functions the same way for all tenses of the verb.

Conjugate the following

	lavarse = to wash (oneself)	llamarse = to call oneself (to be named)	dormirse (o→ue) = to fall asleep (oneself)
Yo			
Tú			
Ud./él/ella			
Nosotros			
Vosotros			
Uds./ellos/ellas			

Complete the following sentences applying the reflexive verbs in the **present tense**.

- La chica _____ (dormirse o→ue) a las nueve de la noche.
- Josué y su hermano _____ (levantarse) a las seis de la mañana.
- Yo _____ (despertarse e→ie) temprano.
- Primero mi papá y mamá _____ (cepillarse) los dientes.
- Después mi papá _____ (afeitarse).
- Mis hermanos no _____ (ducharse) todas las mañanas.
- Mi hermanito _____ (peinarse) el pelo por sí mismo.
- Mi hermana _____ (maquillarse) antes de ir a la escuela.
- Yo nunca _____ (vestirse e→i) a la moda.
- Mi hermanito de tres años no _____ (ponerse) la ropa solo.
- Mis hermanas _____ en el espejo (mirarse)
- ¿Ustedes _____ (divertirse e→ie) en el parque de diversiones?