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1. According to the text, what did most Viking Age Scandinavians do instead of going out raiding?

- A. They traveled widely as merchants.
- B. They farmed, raised cattle, and hunted and fished.
- C. They worked as pirates and murderers.
- D. They lived in monasteries like the monks of Lindisfarne.

2. What does the story of Egil Skallagrimsson in Egil's Saga illustrate about Viking character?

- A. All Vikings were ruthless pirates and murderers.
- B. Vikings were only farmers and craftsmen.
- C. Vikings could be both tough and cruel, as well as successful merchants, farmers, and poets.
- D. Vikings did not engage in any form of trade.

3. What have archaeologists discovered that provides a more balanced view of Viking life?

- A. Only weapons and armor
- B. Foundations of buildings and large ships
- C. Only evidence of raiding and pillaging
- D. Rare artifacts and precious stones

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4. What do the ship-shaped burial enclosures suggest about Viking beliefs?

- A. The Vikings thought death was a journey to the next world.
- B. The Vikings believed in reincarnation.
- C. The Vikings used ships only for raiding.
- D. The Vikings buried all their dead in boats.

5. How were Viking sagas originally passed down through generations?

- A. Written on parchment.
- B. Carved into stones.
- C. Passed on by word of mouth.**
- D. Engraved on jewelry.

6. What purposes did Viking runic inscriptions serve?

- A. They were used only as decorations.
- B. They recorded property boundaries, memorials, important events, and thanks to gods.
- C. They were used exclusively for marking graves.
- D. They contained long stories and sagas.

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7. What was one key feature of Hedeby's town defenses?

- A. A high wall of earth surrounded the town.
- B. A large moat encircled the town.
- C. Towers with archers guarded the town.
- D. Stone walls were built around the town.

8. What provided Hedeby's residents with water for drinking and washing?

- A. A series of wells.
- B. Rainwater collected in cisterns.
- C. A small brook running through the center of the town.
- D. Water transported from a nearby river.

9. How were the wealthiest people's houses in Hedeby different from those of ordinary residents?

- A. They were built of stone.
- B. They had tiled roofs.
- C. They were built from tree trunks split lengthwise.
- D. They had multiple stories.

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10. How did the rich merchants and craftsmen of Hedeby heat and light their homes?

- A. They used electric lamps and heaters.
- B. They had large windows for natural light.
- C. They used a central fireplace and lamps with wicks burning oil.
- D. They used torches mounted on the walls.

11. What tools did Viking craftsmen use to make objects from metal?

- A. Hammers and anvils
- B. Crucibles and molds
- C. Saws and chisels
- D. Kilns and pottery wheels

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12. What were some of the goods brought by Viking merchants to trade in Hedeby?

- A. Corn, peas, and cabbage
- B. Jewelry, silk, lace, and slaves
- C. Metal tools and farm equipment
- D. Wool, cheese, and dried peas

13. What were the main responsibilities of Viking women on the farm?

- A. Working in the fields and taking care of the livestock
- B. Hunting and fishing for food
- C. Spinning and weaving wool, cooking, and caring for the family
- D. Trading and raiding voyages

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14. What were some of the foods typically eaten by Viking families during good times?

- A. Soups and stews of beef or mutton, fish from the sea, and roasted meat
- B. Chicken and rice dishes, salads, and fruit
- C. Pizza and pasta
- D. Sushi and sashimi

15. What were some recreational activities enjoyed by Vikings during their free time?

- A. Chess, swimming, skiing, and merils
- B. Baking bread, cooking meals, and farming
- C. Trading, raiding, and wrestling
- D. Writing sagas and crafting jewelry

16. How were Viking skates constructed for ice-skating?

- A. They were made of metal with leather straps.
- B. They were made of wood with animal bone blades attached with leather straps.
- C. They were made of plastic with Velcro straps.
- D. They were made of stone with rope straps.

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17. What musical instruments did the Vikings use for celebrations and festivals?

- A. Harps and lyres
- B. Drums and tambourines
- C. Guitars and flutes
- D. Bagpipes and trumpets

18. What type of wind instruments did archaeologists find at Viking archaeological sites?

- A. Pipes made of metal
- B. Flutes made of wood
- C. Pipes made of hollowed-out animal bones
- D. Clarinets made of bamboo

19. What skills were valued in potential marriage partners according to Viking customs?

- A. Singing and playing instruments for girls, and mastery of weapons for boys
- B. Cooking and sewing for girls, and hunting and fishing for boys
- C. Writing and reading for girls, and farming and trading for boys
- D. Crafting jewelry for girls, and sailing and navigation for boys