INVERTEBRATES

Molluscs

They have a **soft** **muscular body** protected by a **hard** **shell.** Examples: snails, mussels and octopuses.

Jellyfish

They live in the sea. They have a **soft** **body,** called umbrella and **long tentacles.**

Sponges

They live in the sea. They have **soft** **bodies** with **small holes**

Echinoderms

They live in the sea they have a **hard skin or spikes** and are often brightly coloured. Examples: starfish, sea urchin.

Annelids

They have a long, soft body **divided into segments**. Examples: earthworm.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

ARTHROPODS

Bees are **insects**.

Scorpions are **arachnids**.

Crabs are **crustaceans**.

Millipedes are **myriapods**.

They have a **head, a thorax and abdomen**, **jointed legs** and a **hard protective exoskeleton**. Examples: insects, arachnids, crustaceans.

1. Write the name of the invertebrate group.

2. Write the words in the correct column.

head – soft body – shell – umbrella – soft body with holes – exoskeleton hard – skin – tentacles – spikes – abdomen – segments – thorax – bright colours – jointed legs – soft muscular body

MOLLUSCS	JELLYFISH	SPONGES	ECHINODERM	ANNELIDS	ARTHROPODS

LIVEWORKSHEETS