

LANGUAGE REFERENCE

UNIT 5

(not) as + adjective + as

- We use **(not) as ... as** to compare one thing or person with another.
This tablet is as expensive as a laptop.
- We use **not as + adjective + as** to say that two things or people are not equal in some way.
Being a carer isn't as dangerous as being a firefighter. (= Being a firefighter is more dangerous than being a carer.)
- We use **as + adjective + as** to say two things or people are the same.
Being a nurse is as hard as being a doctor. (= Being a doctor is as hard as being a nurse.)

(not) + adjective + enough

- We use **not + adjective + enough** when we need more of something or something is insufficient.
I'm not old enough to work there. You need to be 16 and I'm only 15.
- We use **adjective + enough** when we have the right amount of something or something is sufficient.
This carpet is big enough to cover the floor.

have to/don't have to

Affirmative	Negative
I / You / We / They have to do the ironing.	I / You / We / They do not (don't) have to do the ironing.
He / She / It has to do the ironing.	He / She / It does not (doesn't) have to do the ironing.

- We use **have to** to say that something is necessary.
My sister has to empty the dishwasher every day.
You have to drive on the right side of the road in Turkey.
- We use **don't have to** to say that something isn't necessary.
I don't have to help at home, but it makes my parents happy.
They don't have to do after-school activities at their school.

Question	Short answer
Do I / you / we / they have to do the ironing?	Yes, I / you / we / they do. No, I / you / we / they don't.
Does he / she / it have to do the ironing?	Yes, he / she / it does. No, he / she / it doesn't.

- To form questions, we use **Do/Does + subject + have to + infinitive.**
Does your mum have to work at the weekend?
- In short answers we repeat **do** or **does**, not **have to**.
*A Do you have to go to bed early during the week?
B Yes, I do. (NOT Yes, I have to.)*

