



### 1 Choose the correct verbs to complete the sentences.

- 1 You were very lucky. You *might* / *must* have been seriously hurt!
- 2 Nobody is answering the door. They *couldn't* / *must* have gone out.
- 3 The burglar *couldn't* / *might* have known we were on holiday, because we didn't tell anybody.
- 4 I'm not sure, but I think I *may* / *must* have forgotten to lock the front door.
- 5 You *couldn't* / *must* have heard the news! Everybody's talking about it.
- 6 Marie *might* / *can't* have forgotten about the extra practice, because I reminded her about it.
- 7 I don't know who phoned, but it *must* / *could* have been Harry.
- 8 It *couldn't* / *must* have been very cold last night because there's ice on the roads this morning.



### 2 Complete the conversations with a modal verb + have + the past participle of the verbs in brackets. Sometimes more than one modal verb is possible.

- 1 **A:** Thanks for all your help. I \_\_\_\_\_ (fix) the broken door without you.  
**B:** No problem. I think the burglar \_\_\_\_\_ (be) very strong.
- 2 **A:** It's possible that the police \_\_\_\_\_ (find) the criminal by now.  
**B:** No, they \_\_\_\_\_ (find) them yet. They don't work that fast!
- 3 **A:** Do you think Hunter \_\_\_\_\_ (get) stuck in traffic? He's very late.  
**B:** No, he \_\_\_\_\_ (get) stuck in traffic – the streets aren't busy at this time.  
**A:** Then you \_\_\_\_\_ (forget) to invite him. There's no other explanation!
- 4 **A:** I'm not sure, but I think I \_\_\_\_\_ (upset) Sophie when I told her how surprised I was that she got 100% in the test.  
**B:** She \_\_\_\_\_ (get) 100%. That was a really hard test. She \_\_\_\_\_ (be) lying to you.
- 5 **A:** Have you seen Gary recently? He's got some great news!  
**B:** Well, I thought I saw him at the gym yesterday evening, but it \_\_\_\_\_ (be) him, he was quite far away.  
**A:** No, you \_\_\_\_\_ (see) him yesterday evening, because he was with me, telling me his news.