

Name: ..... **G7 - SECOND TERM TEST 5-Marks: .....**

Circle the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in the following questions

- |                   |                |               |                |
|-------------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|
| 1. A. future      | B. traffic     | C. petrol     | D. allow       |
| 2. A. energy      | B. plentiful   | C. another    | D. dangerous   |
| 3. A. appear      | B. function    | C. travel     | D. walkcar     |
| 4. A. popular     | B. teleport    | C. accident   | D. consumption |
| 5. A. easily      | B. consumption | C. government | D. negative    |
| 6. A. dangerous   | B. plentiful   | C. limited    | D. develop     |
| 7. A. comfortable | B. convenient  | C. teleporter | D. energy      |
| 8. A. syllables   | B. expensive   | C. abundant   | D. convenient  |
| 9. A. compose     | B. control     | C. onion      | D. perform     |
| 10. A. ancient    | B. prefer      | C. replace    | D. produce     |

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.**

- |                  |               |                 |              |
|------------------|---------------|-----------------|--------------|
| 11. A. correctly | B. seriously  | C. personally   | D. carefully |
| 12. A. confident | B. interested | C. D. memorable | D. excited   |

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.**

- |                |               |         |            |
|----------------|---------------|---------|------------|
| 13. A. cover   | B. folder     | C. here | D. answer  |
| 14. A. recycle | B. helicopter | C. free | D. vehicle |

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.**

15. For the most part, young children spend their time playing, eating, and \_\_\_\_\_ a lot.  
A. sleeps      B. sleeping      C. they are sleeping      D. they sleep
16. \_\_\_\_\_ an accident in the High Street, traffic is moving very slowly on the London Road.  
A. Since      B. Despite      C. Because of      D. Because
17. Hurry up or we can't \_\_\_\_\_ the last bus home.  
A. go      B. follow      C. keep      D. catch
18. Next month, they \_\_\_\_\_ a new hydro power station on the river.  
A. are build      B. will build      C. build      B. will be build
19. Our class \_\_\_\_\_ ways to save energy at home next Saturday morning.  
A. is discussing      B. is discuss      C. will discuss      D. will discussing
20. We should \_\_\_\_\_ solar panels to save energy.  
A. install      B. installing      C. be installed      D. to install
21. Burning more \_\_\_\_\_, we will pollute our environment.  
A. coal      B. dioxide      C. carbon dioxide      D. solar
22. \_\_\_\_\_ can be a clean and abundant energy source in Viet Nam.  
A. Solar energy      B. Coal      C. Oil      D. gas
23. Water falls can be used for the production of \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. solar power      B. hydro power      C. wind power      D. heat power

24. If we use more cars, the amount of \_\_\_\_\_ in the air will continue to rise.

A. oxygen                      B. carbon dioxide                      C. oil                      D. carbon footprint

25. If we continue to burn \_\_\_\_\_, we will face a serious shortage of energy.

A. fossil fuels                      B. forests                      C. wastes                      D. renewable energy

**Give the correct form of the words in brackets.**

26. This flying car is \_\_\_\_\_. (SHE)

27. These e-tickets are Bill's and Sue's e-tickets. They are \_\_\_\_\_. (THEY)

28. These magazines are \_\_\_\_\_. (WE)

29. That is your electric bike. \_\_\_\_\_ is here. (I)

30. Is this wireless TV \_\_\_\_\_? (YOU)

## **READING**

they can take you anywhere at any time	it is a modern means of transport
visitors can use in the city of Athens	the suburban railway is the interchange
Athen's metro is the quickest solution	

There are many means of transport that (31) \_\_\_\_\_, the capital of Greece. In order to move around inside the city there is a wide network of buses leading to different areas of Athens, then there are trolleybuses which move with the help of electricity and cover a wide area as well.

(32) \_\_\_\_\_ but since it is quite new in Greece it doesn't yet cover every single prefecture but there are plans for expansion so that other locations are served as well. The metro has connections with the railway train of Athens which can take you from the Port of Piraeus to the northern suburbs with many stops in between.

(33) \_\_\_\_\_ of the metro which will take you to the Athens Airport and a few more areas which are a bit far from the center of Athens but inside the prefecture of Attica.

Moving on with the tram, (34) \_\_\_\_\_ preferred by many people since it connects areas that didn't have adequate transportation before and it passes by locations where there are no metro stations. Taxis are cheap in comparison to other European countries and (35) \_\_\_\_\_ since they are easy to find and quick if there is no traffic.

**Choose true, false or no information.**

In Western countries, electricity, gas, and water are not luxuries but necessities. Companies now realize that consumers want products that will not only work effectively, but also save money.

For most North American households, lighting accounts for 10 percent to 15 percent of the electricity bill. However, this amount can be reduced by replacing an ordinary 100-watt light bulb with an energy-saving bulb. These bulbs use a quarter of the electricity of standard bulbs and last eight times longer. Therefore, consumers can save about US\$7 to US\$21 per bulb. In Europe, there is a labeling scheme for refrigerators, freezers, washing machines and tumble dryers. The label tells the consumers how much energy efficiency each model has, compared with other appliances in the same category. Ultimately, these innovations will save money as well as conserve the Earth's resources.

**36. In Western countries, energy is cheap.**

A. False    B. True

**37. Consumers can save money by using energy-saving bulbs.**

A. False    B. True

**38. Labeling scheme is a good innovation which helps the European to save money and natural**



resources.

A. True

B. False

**39. Ordinary 100-watt light bulbs use a quarter of the electricity of standard bulbs.**

A. True

B. False

**40. North American and European countries are interested in saving money and natural resources.**

A. False

B. True

**WRITING - Mark letter A, B, C or D to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to the original sentence in each of the following questions.**

**41. He was very tired but he kept on working.**

A. In spite of he was very tired, he kept on working. B. Although he was very tired, he kept on working.

C. Though his tiredness, he kept on working. D. Despite he was very tired, he kept on working.

**42. Could you help me to send this letter to my boss?**

A. Do you mind send this letter to my boss?

B. Would you mind send this letter to my boss?

C. Would you mind sending this letter to my boss? D. Would you mind to send this letter to my boss?

**43. I did not answer the door even though I knew it was my friend.**

A. Only when I answered the door did I knew it was my friend.

B. I knew it was my friend, but I did not answer the door.

C. Unless I knew it was my friend, I would not answer the door.

D. I answered the door since I knew it was my friend.

**44. Yesterday we decided to paddle around West Lake in a canoe.**

A. We decided to go around West Lake in a canoe yesterday.

B. We decided to walk around West Lake in a canoe yesterday.

C. We decided to ride around West Lake in a canoe yesterday.

D. We decided to run around West Lake in a canoe yesterday.

**45. She was so busy that she couldn't answer the phone.**

A. Although she was very busy, she could answer the phone.

B. Although she was very busy, she couldn't answer the phone.

C. Because she was very busy, she couldn't answer the phone.

D. Because she was very busy, she could answer the phone.