

11.3. Economic recovery and social inequality

1. Match the economic measures taken in each kingdom.

Livestock farming was the main economic activity		Exportation to Flanders and England	
Abolished certain feudal rights in the countryside		The export of wool hindered the development of textile industry	
Creation of the <i>Mesta</i> (sheep farming association)		Protection of textile industry.	
Judgement of Guadalupe		Nobility and clergy became wealthy with the exportation of wool	
The Crown collected taxes from the wool exportation		Establishment of the <i>Majorat</i>	
Sicilian and Sardinian ports were reserved to textile products from the kingdom.		Artisan industries in Toledo (goldsmithing) and Talavera (ceramics) were also important	

2. Match the concept with its definition.

Right of remensa (<i>dret de remença</i>)	Bad uses (<i>mals usos</i>)	contract of emphyteusis
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Rights that allowed the lords to collect a series of abusive taxes from the peasants and even physically abuse them	the farmer had the useful domain (right of use) of the land he cultivated for many years, as long as he paid the censuses to the lord. In addition, it allowed him to pass it on as an inheritance to his descendants.	forced the farmer to pay a ransom to the lord if he wanted to leave the land he was working on