

PRACTICE TEST 3

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

1. A. knew B. few C. threw D. new
2. A. stopped B. laughed C. watched D. stayed

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

3. A. summer B. birthday C. busy D. machine
4. A. selection B. national C. recycle D. convenient

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

5. I am afraid this camera is too expensive for we to buy.
A. too B. am afraid C. we D. to buy
6. Mr. Smith is going to buy a new Japanese car, doesn't he?
A is B. doesn't he C. new Japanese D. to buy
7. If I were you, I didn't buy that expensive car.
A. didn't B. if C. were D. expensive

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to Indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

8. This task is _____ than the one we did last month.
A. more difficult B. difficult C. the most difficult D. as difficult as
9. The roses _____ he gave me are very beautiful.
A. who B. where C. which D. when
10. When she was a child, she _____ play many kinds of instruments.
A. must B. could C. can D. should
11. Do you mind if I _____ in here?
A. smoking B. to smoke C. smoke D. smoked
12. This building _____ in 1980.
A. built B. builds C. was built D. is built
13. There was no football match on VTV3, so I turned to another _____.

A. media B. television C. number D. channel

14. The Kimono is a Japanese _____ costume.

A. tradition B. traditions C. traditional D. traditionally

15. We usually _____ our grandparents on summer vacations.

A. to visit B. visited C. visiting D. visit

16. The air is polluted _____ there is too much traffic.

A. because B. therefore C. however D. but

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

17. - Tony: "Well, I hope you enjoyed your meal." - Henry: " _____ "

A. Oh, absolutely delicious. B. Yes, that's right
C. No problem. D. Yes, it's very interesting.

18. - Son: "I got mark 10 in my final exam, Mom." - Mom: " _____ "

A. Try more! B. Well done!
C. You should study harder D. Thanks

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

19. Now, I will give you a **short** introduction about my company.

A. long B. high C. little D. brief

20. It is very **kind** of him to donate lots of money to the poor.

A. hot-hearted B. cool-hearted C. warm-hearted D. cold-hearted

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

21. The train **arrived** at the station 20 minutes late.

A. entered B. finished C. came back D. left

22. I can't breathe because it is **full** of people here.

A. empty B. lots of C. lack D. few

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

If you are (23) _____ to someone's house for dinner in the United States, you should (24) _____ a gift, such as a (25) _____ of flowers or a box of chocolates. If you give your host a wrapped gift, he or she may open it in front of you. Opening a present in front of the gift-giver is considered polite. It shows that the host is excited (26) _____ receiving the gift and wants to show his/her appreciation to you immediately. (27) _____ the host doesn't like it, he or she will tell a "white lie" and say how much they like the gift to prevent the guest from feeling bad.

23. A. called B. invited C. calling D. inviting
24. A. take B. give C. bring D. make
25. A. bunch B. box C. group D. hand
26. A. with B. for C. at D. about
27. A. Although B. But C. Because D. So

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

The traditions of Viet Nam are affected by Chinese culture for a long time. In my family, women had to do all the housework, take care of their children, fathers and husbands. They had to **obey** and respect their fathers and husbands in solving family problems. Women had no choice in controlling the number of babies **they** needed, partly they had little knowledge about contraception and as a result of religious and economic requirements.

Concerning work and education, in the past, women almost stayed at home and did housework, looked after children and did agriculture jobs like cultivation, livestock breeding, agricultural process and selling agricultural produce. People thought that women should not study high, what women should learn was how to cook well, how to become a good wife, mother. As a consequence, few women finished secondary school and some studied primary school. In making decisions, women in the past had no right to decide any social and family problems. Their fathers and husbands would decide all problems related to family and society.

28. What is the passage mainly about?
- A. Traditional roles of Vietnamese women in the past.
B. Traditional roles of Chinese women in the past.
C. Vietnamese women's roles in work and education.

D. Vietnamese women's roles in the family.

29. According to the passage, in the family, women had to do _____.

A. partly housework, respect their children, fathers and husbands

B. all housework, look after their children, fathers and husbands

C. all housework, look after their parents and children

D. all housework, solve all family problems

30. The word obey is closest in meaning to _____.

A. argue

B. discuss

C. follow

D. support

31. What does the word they in the first paragraph refer to?

A. women

B. husbands

C. babies

D. fathers

32. What were the women's roles in the past EXCEPT for _____?

A. looked after children

B. sold agricultural produce

C. decide social and family problems

D. did housework

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to the original sentence in each of the following questions.

33. "I'd take a taxi if I were you", said Peter.

A. Peter suggested me taking a taxi.

B. Peter advised me to take a taxi.

C. Peter offered me taking a taxi.

D. Peter warned me to take a taxi.

34. Bring this egg sandwich because you may be hungry at noon.

A. Unless you are hungry at noon, bring this egg sandwich.

B. If you aren't hungry at noon, bring this egg sandwich.

C. In case you are hungry at noon, bring this egg sandwich.

D. If you are hungry at noon, bring this egg sandwich.

35. No one in the group is as young as Mai.

A. Mai is the youngest person in the group.

B. Mai is the most young person in the group.

C. Mai is youngest person in the group.

D. Mai isn't as young as other people in the group.

36. "Where are you going on your holiday?" I asked them

A. I asked them where are they going on their holiday.

- B. I asked them where they were going on their holiday.
- C. I asked them where were they going on your holiday.
- D. I asked them where you were going on their holiday.

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the sentence that is best written from the words/ phrases given.

37. A letter / send / my friend / London / last week.

- A. A letter is sent to my friend in London last week.
- B. A letter was sent to my friend at London last week.
- C. A letter has been sent to my friend in London last week.
- D. A letter was sent to my friend in London last week.

38. They / not / have / map, / they / get lost.

- A. Because of they didn't have a map, they got lost.
- B. Although they didn't have a map, they got lost.
- C. In spite of they didn't have a map, they got lost.
- D. Because they didn't have a map, they got lost.

39. If / he / tired, / he / can / finish / work / on time.

- A. If he weren't tired, he couldn't finish his work on time.
- B. If he were tired, he can't finish his work on time.
- C. If he weren't tired, he could finish his work on time.
- D. If he were tired, he could finish his work on time.

40. The little boy / pretend / sick / he / stay / home / from / school.

- A. The little boy pretended to be sick although he stayed at home from school.
 - B. The little boy pretended to be sick because he would stay at home from school.
 - C. The little boy pretended to be sick so that he could stay at home from school.
 - D. The little boy pretended to be sick whereas he wanted to stay at home from school.
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