Present Simple (1)

Form



Afirmative	Negative	Interrogative
I walk	I don't walk	Do I walk?
You walk	You don't walk	Do you walk?
He walks	He doesn't walk	Does he walk?
She walks	She doesn't walk	Does she walk?
It walks	It doesn't walk	Does it walk?
We walk	We don't walk	Do we walk?
You walk	You don't walk	Do you walk?
They walk	They don't walk	Do they walk?

Short answers

Affirmative	Negative
Yes, I / you / we / they do	No, I / you / we / they don't
Yes, he / she / it does	No, he / she / it doesn't

Third person singular

We add -s to the verb to form the third person singular (he, she, it).

I drink - he drinks
I run - he runs

BUT

- We add -es to verbs that end in -ss, -sh, -ch, -x, -o.
  I watch - he watches
- With verbs ending in consonant + y, we change the -y to -ies.
  I cry - he cries
  But with verbs ending in vowel + y, we just add -s as usual.
  I play - he plays

Use

We use the Present Simple:

- for habits and actions that we do regularly:
  He visits his friends every Sunday.
  She goes to school by bus.
- for general truths:
  The sun rises in the East.
- for permanent situations:
  He lives in Athens.

LIVEWORKSHEETS



Expressions used with the Present Simple

Frequency adverbs: always, usually, often, sometimes, rarely, never
(they are placed before the main verb)

Time expressions: every day / week / Friday...
on Mondays / Sundays...
at the weekend...
in the morning / afternoon...
in winter / spring...
once a day / week...

LIVEWORKSHEETS