

# Present Simple (1)

## Form



### Afirmative

I walk  
You walk  
He walks  
She walks  
It walks  
We walk  
You walk  
They walk

### Negative

I **don't** walk  
You **don't** walk  
He **doesn't** walk  
She **doesn't** walk  
It **doesn't** walk  
We **don't** walk  
You **don't** walk  
They **don't** walk

### Interrogative

**Do** I walk?  
**Do** you walk?  
**Does** he walk?  
**Does** she walk?  
**Does** it walk?  
**Do** we walk?  
**Do** you walk?  
**Do** they walk?

### Short answers

#### Affirmative

Yes, I / you / we / they **do**  
Yes, he / she / it **does**

#### Negative

No, I / you / we / they **don't**  
No, he / she / it **doesn't**

### Third person singular

We add **-s** to the verb to form the third person singular (he, she, it).

I drink - he drinks  
I run - he runs

#### BUT

- We add **-es** to verbs that end in -ss, -sh, -ch, -x, -o.  
I watch - he watches.
- With verbs ending in consonant + y, we change the **-y** to **-ies**.  
I cry - he cries  
But with verbs ending in vowel + y, we just add **-s** as usual.  
I play - he plays

## Use

We use the Present Simple:

- for habits and actions that we do regularly:  
He **visits** his friends every Sunday.  
She **goes** to school by bus.
- for general truths:  
The sun **rises** in the East.
- for permanent situations:  
He **lives** in Athens.



### Expressions used with the Present Simple

**Frequency adverbs:** always, usually, often, sometimes, rarely, never  
(they are placed before the main verb)

**Time expressions:** every day / week / Friday...  
on Mondays / Sundays...  
at the weekend...  
in the morning / afternoon...  
in winter / spring...  
once a day / week...