

Present Simple (1)

Form



Affirmative

I walk
You walk
He walks
She walks
It walks
We walk
You walk
They walk

Negative

I **don't** walk
You **don't** walk
He **doesn't** walk
She **doesn't** walk
It **doesn't** walk
We **don't** walk
You **don't** walk
They **don't** walk

Interrogative

Do I walk?
Do you walk?
Does he walk?
Does she walk?
Does it walk?
Do we walk?
Do you walk?
Do they walk?

Short answers

Affirmative

Yes, I / you / we / they **do**
Yes, he / she / it **does**

Negative

No, I / you / we / they **don't**
No, he / she / it **doesn't**

Third person singular

We add **-s** to the verb to form the third person singular (he, she, it).

I drink - he **drinks**

I run - he **runs**

BUT

- We add **-es** to verbs that end in **-ss**, **-sh**, **-ch**, **-x**, **-o**.

I watch - he **watches**

- With verbs ending in consonant + **y**, we change the **-y** to **-ies**.

I cry - he **cries**

But with verbs ending in vowel + **y**, we just add **-s** as usual.

I play - he **plays**



Use

We use the Present Simple:

- for habits and actions that we do regularly:
He **visits** his friends every Sunday.
She **goes** to school by bus.
- for general truths:
The sun **rises** in the East.
- for permanent situations:
He **lives** in Athens.

Expressions used with the Present Simple



Frequency adverbs: always, usually, often, sometimes, rarely, never
(they are placed before the main verb)

Time expressions: every day / week / Friday...
on Mondays / Sundays...
at the weekend...
in the morning / afternoon...
in winter / spring...
once a day / week...