

NAME: _____ CARNÉ: _____

Vocabulary Life stages page 106

1 8.7 Match the words and phrases in the box with pictures 1–12. Listen and check

be born meet someone get divorced finish school go to college retire
 have a baby/family start school get married get a job get a degree die

1 be born 3 _____ 5 _____ 7 _____ 9 _____ 11 _____

2 _____ 4 _____ 6 _____ 8 _____ 10 _____ 12 die

1 8.9 Match the irregular simple past forms in the box with the verbs. Listen and check.

spoke heard said began had ate drank left
 thought gave drove did saw got came took
 went met wrote knew

- | | |
|---------------|----------------|
| 1 begin _____ | 11 say _____ |
| 2 come _____ | 12 see _____ |
| 3 do _____ | 13 leave _____ |
| 4 drink _____ | 14 speak _____ |
| 5 drive _____ | 15 get _____ |
| 6 eat _____ | 16 take _____ |
| 7 go _____ | 17 think _____ |
| 8 give _____ | 18 write _____ |
| 9 hear _____ | 19 meet _____ |
| 10 know _____ | 20 have _____ |

SPEAKING PRACTICE

What is your favorite invention?

It is the smartphone

Grammar page 91

8C Simple past: regular verbs and past time expressions

We use the simple past to talk about completed actions and situations in the past.

With regular verbs, we usually add *-ed* to the base form of the verb.

My brother worked as a waiter in London for two years.

In the past, children played with traditional toys.

My brother wanted a bike for his birthday.

I finished my exams last month.

Spelling rules for regular affirmative simple past *-ed* endings

We usually add **-ed** to the verb.

work ⇒ *worked* *watch* ⇒ *watched*

When a verb ends in **e**, we add **-d**.

dance ⇒ *danced* *live* ⇒ *lived*

When a verb ends in consonant + **y**, we change the **y** to **i** and then we add **-ed**.

study ⇒ *studied* *try* ⇒ *tried*

When a verb ends in vowel + **y**, we add **-ed**.

play ⇒ *played* *enjoy* ⇒ *enjoyed*

When a verb ends in consonant + vowel + consonant, we usually double the final consonant and add **-ed**.

stop ⇒ *stopped* *plan* ⇒ *planned*

Past time expressions

We often use past time expressions with the simple past to say when an action or situation happened.

I played tennis last week.

I played tennis yesterday morning.

I moved to Spain seven years ago.

In the 1920s, clothes were very different from now.

last	evening/night/week/month/year/spring/summer/fall/winter
yesterday	morning/afternoon/evening
two days three weeks five years	ago
in	1990/the 1930s/the 18th century

- 1 Complete the sentences with the verbs in the box. Use affirmative simple past forms.

enjoy live play work listen watch study want

- 1 In his last job, Tony _____ at a bank.
- 2 We _____ to the news on the radio.
- 3 She _____ in Berlin in a great apartment.
- 4 Lena _____ to go out, but her friends were busy.
- 5 They _____ tennis in the park yesterday.
- 6 My parents _____ a movie online last night.
- 7 I _____ reading my new book on the weekend.
- 8 I _____ Spanish in Mexico a few years ago.