

# The Counter-Reformation: How the Catholic Church Revived

## Fill-in-the-blank:

1. Name the 7 Sacraments of the Catholic Church:
  1. \_\_\_\_\_
  2. \_\_\_\_\_ (First Communion)
  3. \_\_\_\_\_
  4. \_\_\_\_\_ (confession)
  5. \_\_\_\_\_
  6. \_\_\_\_\_
  7. \_\_\_\_\_ (Commitment to God and the Church)
2. All Catholics were to live by both faith and practice \_\_\_\_\_ as their path to salvation.
3. The Counter Reformation used the Papal Index and the declaration of power over marriage to take Catholicism from a point of \_\_\_\_\_ and actually expanded its power.
4. The Jesuits founded schools where humanistic education thrived alongside religious \_\_\_\_\_.
5. In addition to reforming Catholicism in Europe, the Jesuits undertook \_\_\_\_\_ the faith as a regular part of their mission.
6. Through the Jesuits, Catholicism became a \_\_\_\_\_ religion, reaching India, Japan, and Africa.
7. The Jesuits wanted to convert souls, but they also wanted to shape the way that young people \_\_\_\_\_.
8. The Counter Reformation revitalized the Catholic Church and reaffirmed its hierarchical structure, clerical \_\_\_\_\_, and devotion to the Virgin Mary and the Saints.
9. What you learn about shapes the way that you \_\_\_\_\_.
10. Protestants smashed ornate statuary of the saints and the holy family and instead created \_\_\_\_\_, unadorned places of worship, while Catholics embrace \_\_\_\_\_ religious interiors, enhancing religious figures through the use of light and shade in \_\_\_\_\_ of Jesus, angels, saints, and the royalty surrounding the Divine.
11. The Jesuits learned many \_\_\_\_\_ before approaching people and in many cases took elements from local beliefs and tried to persuade those they wished to convert that Catholic beliefs were basically \_\_\_\_\_ to local ones.
12. In China, there were \_\_\_\_\_ converts to Catholicism by 1633, and by 1650 there were over \_\_\_\_\_.

13. The Jesuits became an early version of industrial \_\_\_\_\_ when it came to producing porcelain, reporting back from China to Europe about the processes that went into making high-quality porcelain.

### **Matching:**

1. \_\_\_\_\_ - Spanish mystic nun who escaped the confines of her home where she was recuperating from one of her many, and lifelong bouts of illness to join the Carmelite order of nuns.
2. \_\_\_\_\_ - Ignatius' followers were named this by the Pope in 1540
3. \_\_\_\_\_ - the act of hitting one's self with a whip in imitation of Christ's suffering at the cross
4. \_\_\_\_\_ - New style in the Catholic Church that emphasized the majesty of the divine
5. \_\_\_\_\_ - a list of books that Catholics were forbidden to read.
6. \_\_\_\_\_ - books that were written by Saint Teresa about her spiritual experiences
7. \_\_\_\_\_ - a charismatic Spanish nobleman who after being shot as a soldier in one of Spain's wars, took up the challenge to fortify (strengthen) Catholicism.
8. \_\_\_\_\_ - shoeless or barefoot
9. \_\_\_\_\_ - a painting that shows a biblical heroine and her maid getting revenge on the general Holofernes who threatened her peoples survival; it evoked the senses and showed an emotional connection to God's word.
10. \_\_\_\_\_ - Catholic response to the Reformation; also known as the Catholic Reformation; aimed to address the theological, administrative, and cultural challenges posed by the Protestant Reformation
11. \_\_\_\_\_ - a comprehensive document that provided presentation of Catholic doctrine, serving as a guide for priests instructing their congregations.

**Counter-Reformation**

**Ignatius of Loyola**

**Self-Flagellation**

**"Judith Slaying Holofernes"**

**Saint Teresa of Avila**

**Baroque**

**Roman Catechism**

**"Way of Perfection" and "The Book of Foundations"**

**Discalceate**

**Society of Jesus ("Jesuits")**

**Papal Index**