

# WATER

All the water on Earth makes up the *geosphere* / *hydrosphere* / *atmosphere*.

There are two types of water - salt water and fresh water.  
Click on each word, listen to the words then put *S* (Salt water) or *F* (Fresh water) next to the different bodies of water.

1. lake ----
2. ocean ----
3. gully ----
4. groundwater ----
5. waves ----
6. spring ----
7. glacier ----
8. ocean currents ----
9. tributary ----
10. river ----
11. tides ----
12. aquifers ----
13. surface water ----
14. sea ----

What percentage of the Earth's water is salt water? 79% 3% 97%

What percentage of the Earth's water is fresh water? 97% 69% 3%

Order the phases of the water cycle. Write 1, 2, 3, 4.



*Match the phase of the water cycle to its definition.*

1. *Evaporation*

2. *Condensation*

3. *Precipitation*

4. *Collection*

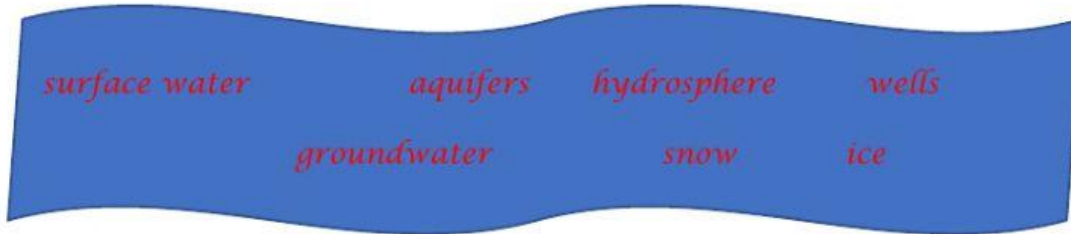
a. *Drops of water fall from the clouds.*

b. *Water collects in rivers, lakes and underground.*

c. *The Sun heats the water which changes from a liquid to a gas.*

d. *Water vapor condenses and forms clouds.*

*Listen to the definitions and match each definition to the correct word.*



1. *used to take water from aquifers* -----
2. *all the water on the Earth* -----
3. *covers the coldest parts of the Earth* -----
4. *frozen and liquid water on the surface of the Earth* -----
5. *covers high mountain peaks* -----
6. *fresh water underground* -----
7. *deposits of groundwater* -----

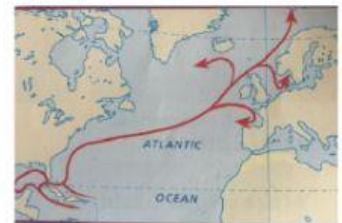


# OCEANS



Waves

movement caused by  
differences in  
temperature



Tides

movement caused by  
wind



Currents

rising and falling  
of the sea level



# RIVERS

Read and write the words. Then, label the picture A,B,C,D and E.

source          aquifer          lake          tributary          river

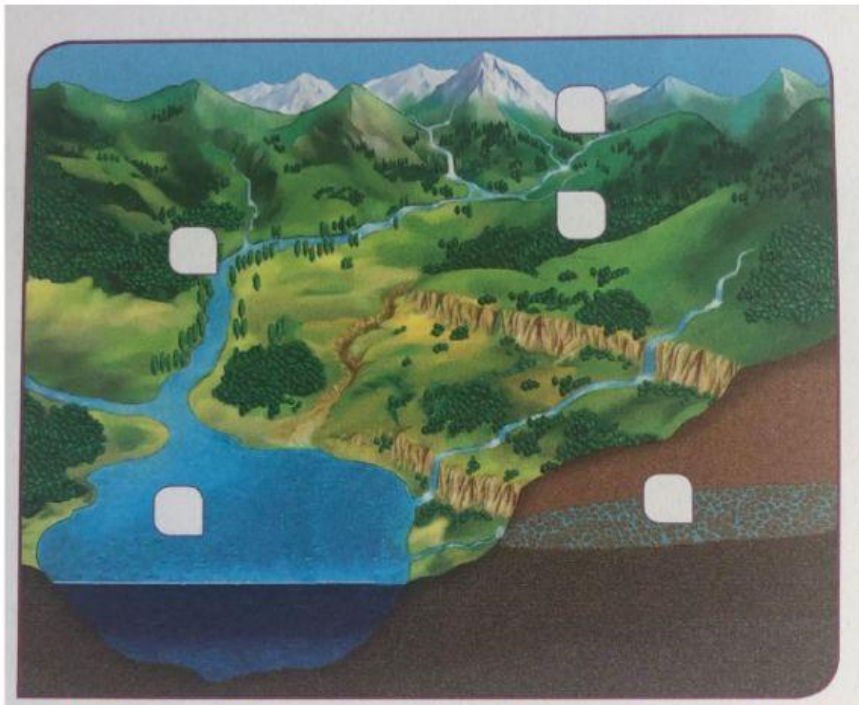
A. a large deposit of fresh water \_\_\_\_\_

B. a moving body of fresh water \_\_\_\_\_

C. a river that flows into another river \_\_\_\_\_

D. a deposit of groundwater \_\_\_\_\_

E. the place where a river begins \_\_\_\_\_



What is the difference between *surface water* and *ground water*?

SURFACE WATER

GROUNDWATER

FRESH WATER UNDERGROUND

FROZEN AND LIQUID WATER ON THE SURFACE

MATCH EACH WORD TO THE CORRECT DEFINITION.

FLOW REGIME

RIVER BASIN

COURSE

CHANNEL

GULLY

A COURSE WHERE WATER FLOWS AFTER IT RAINS

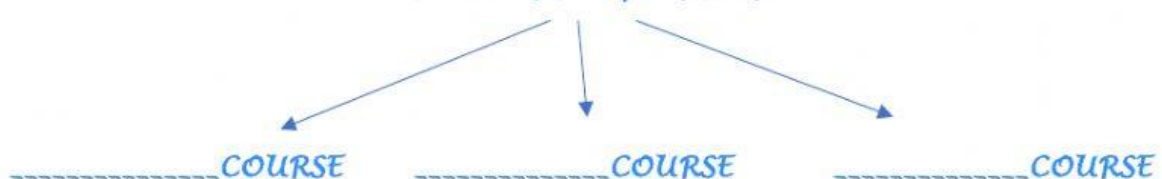
THE ROUTE THE RIVER TAKES

THE AREA THAT CONTAINS FLOWING WATER

THE AMOUNT OF WATER THE RIVER CARRIES

AN AREA OF LAND THAT DRAINS INTO A RIVER

THE COURSE OF A RIVER



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FLOW INCREASES

UPPER

DELTA

LOWER

MEANDERS

STREAMS

END OF THE RIVER

SOURCE

MIDDLE

WATERFALLS

TRIBUTARIES

LOTS OF WATER

## WATERSHEDS



Put the rivers in the correct watershed.

EO                  DUERO                  GUADIANA                  MIÑO                  EBRO  
 NAVIA                  GUADALQUIVIR                  SEGURA                  TAJO  
 NALÓN                  JÚCAR                  ISLAS BALEARES                  ISLAS CANARIAS

CANTABRIAN WATERSHED	ATLANTIC WATERSHED	MEDITERRANEAN WATERSHED
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX		
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX		XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX		XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX