

WATER

All the water on Earth makes up the geosphere / hydrosphere / atmosphere.

*There are two types of water - salt water and fresh water.
Click on each word, listen to the words then put S (Salt water) or F (Fresh water) next to the different bodies of water.*

1. *lake* -----
2. *ocean* -----
3. *gully* -----
4. *groundwater* -----
5. *waves* -----
6. *spring* -----
7. *glacier* -----
8. *ocean currents* -----
9. *tributary* -----
10. *river* -----
11. *tides* -----
12. *aquifers* -----
13. *surface water* -----
14. *sea* -----

What percentage of the Earth's water is salt water? 79% 3% 97%

What percentage of the Earth's water is fresh water? 97% 69% 3%

Order the phases of the water cycle. Write 1, 2, 3, 4.



Match the phase of the water cycle to its definition.

1. Evaporation	a. Drops of water fall from the clouds.
2. Condensation	b. Water collects in rivers, lakes and underground.
3. Precipitation	c. The Sun heats the water which changes from a liquid to a gas.
4. Collection	d. Water vapor condenses and forms clouds.

Listen to the definitions and match each definition to the correct word.

surface water

aquifers

hydrosphere

wells

groundwater

snow

ice

1. used to take water from aquifers _____
2. all the water on the Earth _____
3. covers the coldest parts of the Earth _____
4. frozen and liquid water on the surface of the Earth _____
5. covers high mountain peaks _____
6. fresh water underground _____
7. deposits of groundwater _____

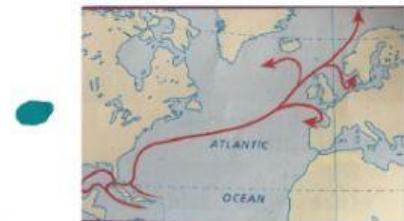


OCEANS



Waves

movement caused by differences in temperature



Tides

movement caused by wind



Currents

rising and falling of the sea level



RIVERS

Read and write the words. Then, label the picture A,B,C,D and E.

source aquifer lake tributary river

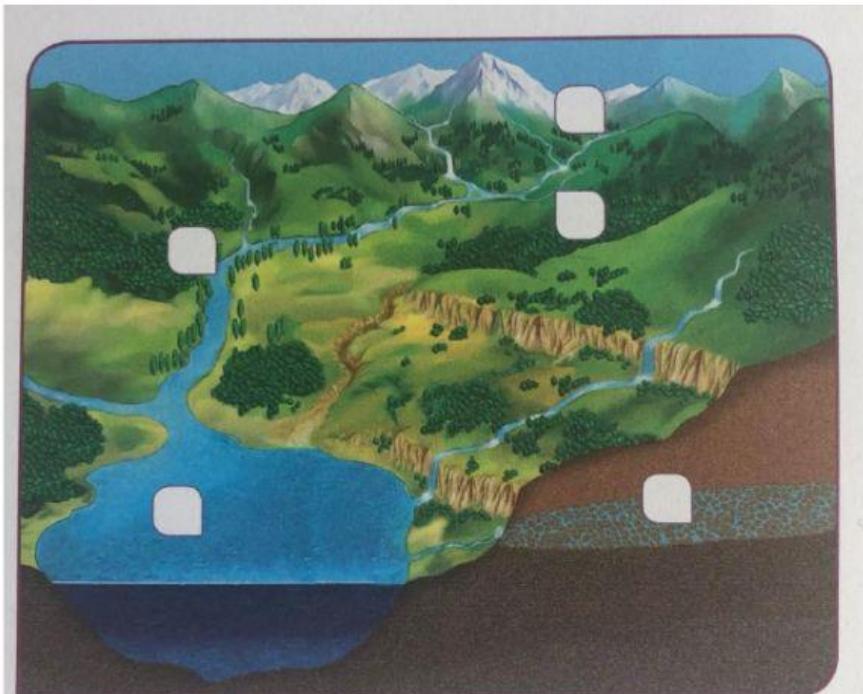
A. a large deposit of fresh water _____

B. a moving body of fresh water _____

C. a river that flows into another river _____

D. a deposit of groundwater _____

E. the place where a river begins _____



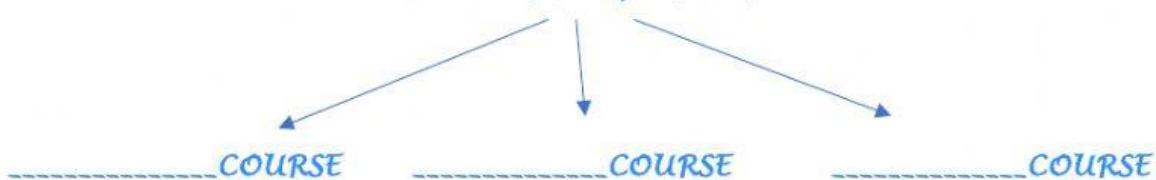
What is the difference between surface water and ground water?

SURFACE WATER	•	FRESH WATER UNDERGROUND
GROUNDWATER	•	FROZEN AND LIQUID WATER ON THE SURFACE

MATCH EACH WORD TO THE CORRECT DEFINITION.

FLOW REGIME	•	A COURSE WHERE WATER FLOWS AFTER IT RAINS
RIVER BASIN	•	THE ROUTE THE RIVER TAKES
COURSE	•	THE AREA THAT CONTAINS FLOWING WATER
CHANNEL	•	THE AMOUNT OF WATER THE RIVER CARRIES
GULLY	•	AN AREA OF LAND THAT DRAINS INTO A RIVER

THE COURSE OF A RIVER



FLOW INCREASES

UPPER

DELTAS

LOWER

MEANDERS

STREAMS

END OF THE RIVER

SOURCE

MIDDLE

WATERFALLS

TRIBUTARIES

LOTS OF WATER

WATERSHEDS



Put the rivers in the correct watershed.

EO	DUERO	GUADIANA	MIÑO	EBRO
NAVIA	GUADALQUIVIR	SEGURA		TAJO
NALÓN	JÚCAR	ISLAS BALEARES	ISLAS CANARIAS	

CANTABRIAN WATERSHED	ATLANTIC WATERSHED	MEDITERRANEAN WATERSHED
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX		
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX		XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX		XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX