

## Matura extended practice - B2 Reading Practice

### Video games are good for you!

For years video games have been criticized for making people more antisocial, **overweight** or depressed. But now researchers are finding that games can actually change us for the better and improve both our body and mind.

Games can help to develop physical skills. Pre-school children who played interactive games such as the ones available on Wii have been shown to have improved **motor skills**, for example they can kick, catch and throw a ball better than children who don't play video games. A study of surgeons who do microsurgery in Boston found that those who played video games were 27 per cent faster and made 37 per cent fewer errors than those who didn't. Vision is also improved, particularly telling the difference between shades of gray. This is useful for driving at night, piloting a plane or reading X-rays.

Games also benefit **a variety** of brain functions, including decision-making. People who play action-based games make decisions 25 per cent faster than others and are no less **accurate**, according to one study. It was also found that the best gamers can make choices and act on them up to six times a second, four times faster than most people. In another study by researchers from the University of Rochester in New York, experienced gamers were shown to be able to **pay attention to** more than six things at once without getting confused, compared with the four that most people can normally keep in mind. Additionally, video games can also **reduce gender differences**. Scientists have found that women who play games are better able to mentally manipulate 3D objects.

There is also evidence that gaming can help with psychological problems. At the University of Auckland in New Zealand, researchers asked 94 young people diagnosed with depression to play a 3D fantasy game called SPARX and in many cases, the game reduced symptoms of depression more than **conventional treatment**. Another research team at Oxford University found that playing Tetris shortly after **exposure to** something very upsetting – in the experiment, a film of traumatic scenes of injury and death was used – can actually prevent people having **disturbing flashbacks**.

The effects are not always so positive, however. Indiana University researchers carried out brain scans on young men and found evidence that violent games can alter brain function after as little as a week of play, affecting regions in the brain **associated with** emotional control and causing more aggressive behavior in the player. But Daphne Bavelier, one of the most experienced researchers in the field, says that the violent action games that often worry parents most may actually have the strongest **beneficial effect** on the brain. In the future, we may see many treatments for physical and neurological problems which **incorporate** the playing of video games.

1. Only relatively recently have people started to realise \_\_\_\_.

the harmful effects of video games

the beneficial effects of video games

how much we don't know about video games' effects

how much video games affect the people that play them

2. Very young children show improved \_\_\_\_ after playing video games.

muscle control and co-ordination

social interaction

decision-making

ability to differentiate between different colours

3. Playing video games helps doctors \_\_\_\_.

do operations and read X-rays

make decisions under pressure

operate complex equipment

tend to more than one patient at a time

4. Video gamers' decision-making speed is significantly improved by \_\_\_\_.

years of gaming experience

long periods of game playing

playing video games in short bursts

certain types of video game

5. Women who play video games demonstrate \_\_\_\_.

- faster reaction speeds
- reduced stress levels
- better spatial awareness
- better multitasking ability

6. In one research study, the video game Tetris helped people to \_\_\_\_.

- improve their concentration
- overcome depression
- forget disturbing experiences
- make decisions faster

7. Research shows that violent video games \_\_\_\_.

- have no negative effects on players
- only affect players' brains after extended hours of play
- may have positive and negative effects on the brain
- only affect players' brains in beneficial ways

8. In the future, computer games may be used for \_\_\_\_.

- treating a variety of medical problems
- training doctors to deal with emotional pressure
- helping parents to deal with difficult teenagers
- treating prisoners with a history of violent behaviour