

C. Exercise

Task 1

Choose the best answer

1. 'Last year I didn't have to pay for my brother's tuition fee!
'That's great. I heard he... a scholarship from a foreign university.
A. receives
B. would receive
C. had received
D. has received
E. was receiving
2. "I wonder why Agus is absent. He might be sick." "He isn't. I saw him when I ...for a bus."
A. wait
B. was waiting
C. is waiting
D. had waited
E. have waited
3. "My uncle's office stays open until 12.00 on weekends."
The sentence means....
A. My uncle works at 12.00 on weekends.
B. My uncle's office opens at 12.00 on weekends.
C. My uncle doesn't have to work on weekends.
D. My uncle has to work on weekends.
E. My uncle's office closes at 12.00 on weekends.
4. 'Is anyone living with your grandmother in that house?'
'No, and she... anyone did anything for her for years!
A. never had
B. does not have
C. has never had
D. never has
E. will never have

5. 'What are you looking for?'

'My wallet; I don't know where I... it'

- A. Have been putting
- B. Am putting
- C. Had put
- D. Was putting
- E. Have put

6. "How long has he been the principal of our school?" "Since I... this school."

- A. was entering
- B. have entered
- C. entered
- D. had already entered
- E. had entered

7. I started school when I was five years old. I ...a student for seventeen years now.

- A. have been
- B. am to be
- C. am
- D. am being
- E. has been

8. Because the river... unstable since Sunday, the residents of the area have been advised to prepare for flood.

- A. is rising
- B. has been rising
- C. rose
- D. had risen
- E. has been resurrected

9. Erika... on her report for three days in a row without much sleep. That's why she looks so tired.

- A. works
- B. is working
- C. has been working
- D. was working
- E. had been working

10. Windy has stayed with us since her father.....

- A. sends abroad by his company
- B. sent abroad by his company
- C. was sent abroad by his company
- D. is sent abroad by his company
- E. to be sent abroad by his company

Task 2

ERROR ANALYSIS - WHICH PART IS WRONG

11. As the time is not enough to finish this project, we are still working on it now

A

B

C

We are working on it for four days.

D

A. A

B. B

C. C

D. D

12. Mother will cook the food by the time the children come home.

A

B

C

D

A. A

B. B

C. C

D. D

13. Every night the watchman turns on all the lights and walks around the building every half

A

B

C

D

an hour.

A. A

B. B

C. C

D. D

14. Ditto never visited Indonesia before he came to Jakarta to study in an international student

A

B

C

D

program.

A. A

B. B

C. C

D. D

15. The bus came after I was waiting for about twenty minutes

A

B

C

D

A. A

B. B

C. C

D. D

Task 3

Choose true or false for the sentences

1. Nahdlatul ulama was established on January 21, 1926

a.

true

b.

false

2. The membership of Nahdlatul Ulama was over 90 millions in 2019.

a.

true

c.

false

3. The founder of Nahdlatul Ulama was Hasyim Asy'ari

a.

True

b.

False

4. Hasyim Asy'ari is the head of an Islamic religious school in West Java.

a.

True

b.

False

5. Nahdlatul Ulama is the largest independent Islamic Organization in the world

a.

True

b.

False

B. Explanation Descriptive text

Descriptive text is defined as text in English that explains a person, place or object in detail. Both in terms of depicting bodies, objects, characteristics, or others.

In short, descriptive text is text that explains something. Be it people, objects, events or places. Descriptive text provides a detailed explanation so that readers understand the object of information they are looking for.

- The purpose of descriptive text
has only one purpose, namely to describe, represent or reveal a person or an object, whether abstract or concrete. This is why descriptive text is written in clear and short language, so that the content of the text is easy to understand.
- Structure of descriptive text
Descriptive text has two structures, namely identification (introduction) and description (elaboration). The following is the explanation:

1. Identification (introduction)

Identification contains an introduction or explanation of the main character to be described. This section is located in the first paragraph. Characters can be people, objects, places or events.

2. Description (elaboration)

The description section contains a clear and specific explanation of the characteristics, traits, habits or other things related to the object to be described.

PLEASE READ THE EXPLANATORY VIDEO BELOW

C. Exercise

Task 1

Please choose the best answer

1. What can you find in this text?

"Lions are majestic wild animals known for their powerful roars. They are often referred to as the 'King of the Jungle'."

- A. The African savanna.
- B. Different animal species.
- C. Lion behavior.
- D. Animal nicknames.

2. What is the text primarily discussing?

"The Eiffel Tower is an iconic landmark in Paris, France. It was built for the 1889 World's Fair and has become a symbol of the city."

- A. French cuisine.
- B. Parisian history.
- C. Architectural landmarks.
- D. World's Fairs.

3. "The Great Barrier Reef is the world's largest coral reef system, located off the coast of Australia. It is home to a diverse range of marine life."

What is the main focus of this descriptive text?

- A. Australian geography.
- B. Marine conservation.
- C. Coral reefs worldwide.
- D. Tourist destinations in Australia.

4. What is the text describing?

"The Grand Canyon is a breathtaking natural wonder located in Arizona, USA. Its colorful rock formations and vastness make it a popular tourist attraction."

- A. Arizona's climate.
- B. The Colorado River.
- C. The Grand Canyon.
- D. USA's national parks.

Read the text and answer questions 5-6!

Angkor Wat was faced with a Hindu temple, a man of Buddhist temple completed in Cambodia. It is the largest religious monument in the world. The temple was built by the Khmer King, Suryawarman

It was built in the early twelfth century in Yosadapura, the capital of the Khmer Empire as this temple of eventual Moslem.

It is dedicated to Vishnu. It is designed to represent Khmer Meru, frames the Devis in Hindu mythology within the mouth and has an outer wall which is 3 to 7 km long.

It has three rectangular galleries which rises about the neck. At the center of the temple stands Queen Cap of Tower.

5. What is the monologue about?

- A. Gallery complex.
- B. Buddhist mythology.
- C. Cambodia.
- D. Angkor Wat.

6. In the twelfth century which Empire was strong enough to build the biggest temple of the world?

- A. Old Empire
- B. Yosadapura Empire
- C. Meru Empire
- D. Khmer Empire

Read the text and answer questions 7-9!

Peter is the youngest in our family. He is fourteen years old and four years younger than me. He has long, straight hair, bright eyes and a friendly smile.

Sometimes he is rather naughty at home, but he usually does what he is asked to do. Peter is interested in sports very much, and at school, he plays football and tennis. He is the best badminton player in our family.

7. What is the text mostly about?

- A. Peter.
- B. Peter's hobby.
- C. Peter's family.
- D. Peter's elder brother.

8. From the text, we may conclude that...

- A. Many people don't like Peter.
- B. People are older than the writer.
- C. Peter is a welcoming person.
- D. Peter is not diligent at all.

9. It is implied in the passage that ...

- A. Peter is naughty.
- B. Peter is lazy.
- C. Peter is unfriendly.
- D. Peter is diligent.

10. What is the main topic of this descriptive text?

"Mount Everest is the tallest mountain in the world, located in the Himalayas. It's a popular destination for climbers from around the globe."

- A. The Himalayan region.
- B. Mountain climbing.
- C. The tallest mountain.
- D. Global destinations.

Task2

Work in pairs

- Make a group (2-3 people)
- Make three paragraphs about descriptive text
- Practice in front of class with your group

CHAPTER IV

Degree of Comparison

A. Explanation comparison degrees

Degree of comparison is used as a comparison word between objects. It can be an adjective or *an adjective* or an adverb or *an adverb*.

B. Kind of comparison degrees

There are three types of *degrees of comparison* that we can use to express comparisons in English, including *positive degree*, *comparative degree*, and *superlative degree*.

➤ Positive degrees

Positive degree is a simple form of *degree of comparison* because there is no comparison in it.

positive degree only states something in the same ratio, so we can use the phrase "as.... as" to complete the sentence.

Example sentences from positive degree :

- *I want to look as beautiful as my mother* (I want to look as beautiful as my mother)
- *You should practice karate as often as you can* (You should practice karate as often as you can)
- *Ben looks as handsome as Arya* (Ben looks as handsome as Arya)

➤ Comparative degrees

Comparative degree is used to compare two things in one sentence. Generally, when using *the comparative degree* you need to add the *suffix -er or -ier*. For example, in the word *angry*, you can change it to *angry*.

Comparative degree as an adverb can also be added with the word *more* before *the adjective*, such as *more angrily*, *more happily*, and so on.

Example sentences from comparative degree :

- *Be careful, the road is more slippery than you think* (Be careful, the road is more slippery than you previously imagined)
- *Learning English is easier than mathematics* (Learning English is easier than mathematics)

➤ Superlative degrees

The superlative degree is used to compare three or more things in one sentence. If in Indonesian we often use the word "most", then in *the superlative*

degree the phrase used is "most" or changes the ending from *the adjective* to - est , such as *happy* to *happiest*.

Example sentences from superlative degree :

- *Sandy is the smartest student in my school* (Sandy is the smartest student in my school)
- *Among the three basketball players, Beni is the most handsome man!* (Among the three basketball players, Beni is the most handsome guy!)

An easy way to differentiate between the three types of degrees of comparison

- Ben is **hungry** (*positive degree*)
- Ben is **Hungarian** than me (*comparative degree*)
- Ben is **the hungriest** of all (*superlative degree*)

Watch the explanatory video below

C. Exercise

Task 1

Please choose the best answer

1. I moved to this town in 2004. You moved two years later than I did. It means that
 - A. You moved in 2002
 - B. You moved before I did
 - C. I moved after you did
 - D. I have been living here longer than you have
 - E. We moved here together

2. The view from your house is... from mine.
 - A. better
 - B. better than
 - C. the better
 - D. the best
 - E. more good

3. vegetables are.... As fruits.
 - A. healthier
 - B. as healthy
 - C. healthies
 - D. healthy
 - E. healthier

4. The art of singing is.... humanity.
 - A. as old
 - B. old as
 - C. as old as
 - D. so old
 - E. oldest

5. I wonder what he is made of. His heart is... as ice.

- A. cold
- B. as cold
- C. cooler
- D. coldest
- E. the coldest

Task 2

Error analysis

5. Don't you know that Jupiter is the bigger planet in this galaxy?

- | | | | |
|------|---|---|---|
| A | B | C | D |
| A. A | | | |
| B. B | | | |
| C. C | | | |
| D. D | | | |

7. I wonder what he is made of. His heart is as colder ace ice.

- | | | | |
|------|---|---|---|
| A | B | C | D |
| A. A | | | |
| B. B | | | |
| C. C | | | |
| D. D | | | |

8. Leo is always proud of being wealthy of all.

- | | | | |
|------|---|---|---|
| A | B | C | D |
| A. A | | | |
| B. B | | | |
| C. C | | | |
| D. D | | | |

9. Jason is best of all the students in my class.

A B C D

- A. A
- B. B
- C. C
- D. D

10. The red car is half my car's price. The red car is as expensive as my car.

A B C D

- A. A
- B. B
- C. C
- D. D