



Grammar

be: Simple present

1 Read the factfile. Then complete the sentences about Eduardo. Use the affirmative or negative form of the verb *be*.

Factfile



Name:	Eduardo Ramos
Age:	14
Country:	Brazil
School:	The American College of São Paulo
Favorite subject:	History
Friends:	Taylor (American), Markus (German)
Favorite bands:	Paramore, Maroon 5

Eduardo's surname isn't Ramos.

- 1 Eduardo is 14.
- 2 Eduardo isn't from the U.S.
- 3 Taylor and Markus are Eduardo's teachers.
- 4 History is his favorite school subject.
- 5 His friends are from the U.S. and Germany.
- 6 His favorite bands are Linkin Park and Green Day.

2 Write questions. Then answer the questions with information about you.

What / your name?

What's your name?

1 How old / you?

2 Where / you from?

3 art / your favorite subject?

4 Who / your friends?

5 Paramore / your favorite band?

There is / isn't. There are / aren't

3 Look at Sara and Frank's perfect rooms. Complete the sentences with *there is*, *there are*, *there isn't*, or *there aren't*.



In Sara's perfect bedroom there is a big bed. There is a lot of posters on the walls, too. There is a closet and a mirror, but there aren't any shelves.



In Frank's perfect living room there is a big TV. There are sofas, too, but there aren't any armchairs. There are shelves for games and DVDs, but there aren't a table.

Demonstratives: *this*, *that*, *these*, *those*

4 Complete the sentences with *this*, *that*, *these*, or *those*.



These are my parents, Sally and Michael.

1 is my dog, Pugsy.

2 is my house.

3 boys are my brothers.