

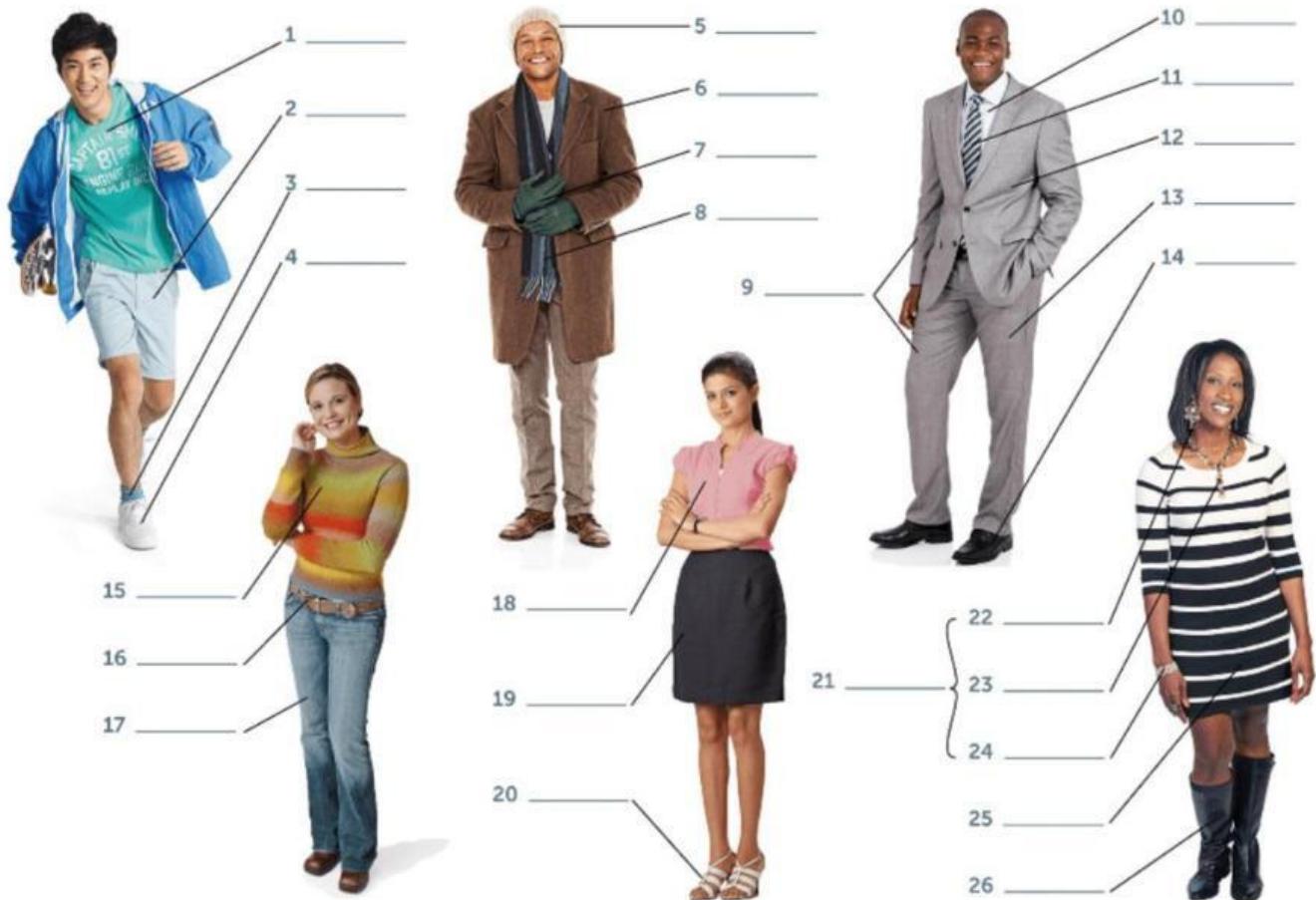
UNIVERSIDAD MARIANO GÁLVEZ
ESCUELA DE IDIOMAS
BEGINNERS 2
AGENDA WEEK 1 PART 1

NAME: _____ CARNÉ: _____

Vocabulary Clothes page 99

1  5.1 Label the clothes and jewelry in the pictures with the words in the box. Listen and check.

belt tie necklace bracelet pants T-shirt earrings boots coat jacket jeans sandals blouse
sneakers scarf jewelry dress gloves hat shirt shoes shorts skirt socks suit sweater



2 Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.

- 1 My pants are too big. I need a *necklace* / *belt*.
- 2 Jim hates wearing a suit and *tie* / *scarf*. He prefers jeans and a T-shirt.
- 3 When Anna goes running, she wears *boots* / *sneakers*.
- 4 I like wearing jewelry, especially *sandals* / *earrings*.
- 5 It's cold outside. Wear a scarf and *gloves* / *shorts*.

- 6 My daughter likes climbing trees, so she wears *pants / a skirt*.
- 7 Sally's going to a party, so she's wearing a *T-shirt / dress*.
- 8 In the summer, I like wearing *shorts / shoes* and sandals.
- 9 Should I wear my red *blouse / socks* or my blue shirt with my jeans?
- 10 You need to wear a *coat / suit* when you go to a job interview.

SPEAKING PRACTICE

What are you wearing today?

I am wearing... blue T-shirt, blue jeans, black socks, and black shoes.

Vocabulary ordinal numbers page 99

1  5.4 Write the ordinal numbers. Listen and check.

1 first	8 _____	15 _____
2 _____	9 _____	20 twentieth
3 third	10 tenth	21 _____
4 _____	11 _____	22 twenty-second
5 _____	12 _____	30 thirtieth
6 sixth	13 thirteenth	40 _____
7 seventh	14 fourteenth	50 fiftieth

Reading dates: in English we use ordinal numbers for dates, for example, Mother's Day in Guatemala is on May 10th. (tenth)

SPEAKING PRACTICE

When is your birthday?

It's on October 31st.

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Text builder adjectives

Adjectives often show someone's opinion:

It's pretty boring. *We have a nice uniform at the bank.* *The hat's terrible.*

Adjectives come before a noun and after the verb *be*:

We wear a great uniform. *The uniform's great!*

Grammar page 84

5A Simple present and present continuous

We use the simple present to talk about facts and things that happen regularly.

Sam lives in Australia.

We wear a uniform at work.

I usually wake up at six o'clock.

We use the present continuous to talk about things that are happening now, or are temporary.

I'm wearing blue pants today.

I'm going to work by car today.

My friend is living in New York right now.

We often use the simple present and present continuous together to contrast the usual situation with what is happening now, or is temporary.



5.2 Present simple and present continuous

It usually doesn't rain in the summer, but **it's raining** today.

I usually wear jeans to work, but today **I'm wearing** a suit.

I often don't cook, but **I'm cooking** every evening this week.

There are some verbs that describe a state, not an action. We normally don't use these verbs in the present continuous.

I prefer this music. NOT *I'm preferring this music.*

Sorry, I don't understand. NOT *Sorry, I'm not understanding.*

I have some new sandals. NOT *I'm having some new sandals.*

Look! Here are some common state verbs:

Feelings: *like, love, hate, want, prefer, need*

Thoughts and opinions: *know, believe, remember, forget, understand, think*

States: *be, belong, have* (when we talk about relationships or possessions)

1 Choose the correct words to complete the sentences and questions.

1 What *do you do / are you doing* right now?

2 *Is he going / Does he go* there often?

3 *They're working / work* late tonight.

4 *I never read / I'm never reading* books.

5 *I'm studying / study* in my bedroom now.

6 Most people *finish / are finishing* school at eighteen or nineteen years old.