

**GRAMMAR**

Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences.

Example: My sister \_\_\_\_\_ Italian.

A speak  B speaks  C do speak

- 1 Who \_\_\_\_\_ you that strange story?  
A did tell  B told  C did you tell
- 2 Which hotel \_\_\_\_\_ the most expensive rooms?  
A has  B does have  C is have
- 3 Eva was tired because she \_\_\_\_\_ the night before.  
A didn't slept  B hadn't sleep   
C hadn't slept
- 4 We gave Kojo a lift because he \_\_\_\_\_ missed his bus.  
A would  B had  C have
- 5 Who \_\_\_\_\_ yesterday?  
A you saw  B did see you  C did you see
- 6 The man said the time \_\_\_\_\_ 8 o'clock.  
A was  B been  C be
- 7 What \_\_\_\_\_ to your hair? It looks terrible!  
A has happened  B was happened   
C happens
- 8 When I got home I realized I \_\_\_\_\_ my keys on the bus.  
A leave  B left  C had left
- 9 The teacher \_\_\_\_\_ to sit down.  
A said us  B told us  C told to us
- 10 Who \_\_\_\_\_ the cake? It's very good!  
A did make  B made  C was made
- 11 How \_\_\_\_\_ last night?  
A you felt  B were you feel   
C did you feel
- 12 Ben said he \_\_\_\_\_ ring me later.  
A had  B was  C would
- 13 Maria told us she \_\_\_\_\_ tired, and went to bed.  
A was  B has been  C is
- 14 Jamie said he \_\_\_\_\_ the film many times before.  
A saw  B had seen  C sees
- 15 How many people \_\_\_\_\_ to the concert?  
A goes  B were gone  C went
- 16 My grandfather told us about the places he \_\_\_\_\_ to in his life.  
A was travelling  B had travelled   
C going to travel
- 17 Before last night, I \_\_\_\_\_ the professor.  
A was never meeting  B have never met   
C had never met
- 18 Who \_\_\_\_\_ you last night? Was it Mary?  
A does call  B called  C have you called

- 19 Tom said he \_\_\_\_\_ a doctor in the future.  
A goes to be  B had been   
C was going to be
- 20 The radio news said there \_\_\_\_\_ a road accident an hour earlier.  
A been  B had been  C would been

20

**VOCABULARY**

a Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the verb phrases.

Example: He was \_\_\_\_\_ prison for six months.

A into  B in  C at

- 1 Please put your luggage \_\_\_\_\_ the belt.  
A to  B on  C over
- 2 Who does this bag \_\_\_\_\_?  
A belong to  B own to  C go with
- 3 At first nobody \_\_\_\_\_ there was a problem.  
A planned  B organized  C realized
- 4 Quick! \_\_\_\_\_ the train. It's leaving now.  
A Get on  B Catch on  C Go in
- 5 We're going \_\_\_\_\_ holiday next week.  
A for  B to  C on
- 6 Check how hot the water is before you \_\_\_\_\_ the bath.  
A get into  B go on  C walk to
- 7 We \_\_\_\_\_ the bus at the wrong stop.  
A took off  B got off  C went from
- 8 The men were freed \_\_\_\_\_ prison after two years.  
A off  B from  C out of
- 9 Is there time to \_\_\_\_\_ swim before we go home?  
A go  B have a  C take
- 10 I'm away next weekend, so I'm \_\_\_\_\_ my dog with friends.  
A leaving  B having  C staying

b Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences.

Example: 'Hello!' she \_\_\_\_\_.

A told  B said us  C said

- 11 Please \_\_\_\_\_ Mark that dinner is ready.  
A told  B say  C tell
- 12 What have you \_\_\_\_\_ your mother? She's very unhappy.  
A said to  B said  C told to
- 13 'Hurry up!' \_\_\_\_\_ Dad.  
A told us  B said  C told
- 14 Dom \_\_\_\_\_ that he wanted to study medicine.  
A has told  B said us  C said

15 I \_\_\_\_\_ you not to do that!

A 'm saying  B 've told  C told to

c Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences with past participles.

Example: J.K. Rowling had \_\_\_\_\_ several *Harry Potter* books by 2000.

A written  B wrote  C write

16 I didn't know that you and Raju had \_\_\_\_\_ about this.

A speaked  B spoken  C spoke

17 She had never \_\_\_\_\_ the song before, but she did it beautifully.

A sang  B singed  C sung

18 John told us he had \_\_\_\_\_ the police.

A rung  B rang  C ring

19 Liam said that he hadn't \_\_\_\_\_ an aeroplane before.

A flyed  B flown  C flew

20 Gina's parents had \_\_\_\_\_ her some money.

A given  B gaven  C gave

20

## PRONUNCIATION

a Which past participle has a different sound? Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

Example: A won  B begun  C got

1 A become  B done  C gone

2 A broken  B brought  C caught

3 A felt  B spoken  C read

4 A made  B paid  C said

5 A put  B sung  C come

b Which syllable has the unstressed /ə/ sound? Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

Example: A afternoon  B afternoon

C afternoon

6 A forgetting  B forgetting

C forgetting

7 A interesting  B interesting

C interesting

8 A disasters  B disasters  C disasters

9 A afterwards  B afterwards

C afterwards

10 A information  B information

C information

10

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total  50