

ชื่อ _____ นามสกุล _____ ชั้น _____ เลขที่ _____

คำชี้แจง จงเลือกคำตอบที่ถูกต้องที่สุด

มาตรฐานการเรียนรู้/ ตัวชี้วัด/ ผลการเรียนรู้ข้อที่ 1 ต1.2 ม. 6/1, ต1.3 ม.6/2, ต1.4 ม.6/3, ต3.1 ม. 6/1

Reading (Items1-7) Culture Crash

It's almost thirty years now since Brad Perkins came into our small southern town like an ambulance on its way to a car crash. At the time, he had no idea that anyone had noticed him, but of course we had. He was from New York City, a place where manners, values, and the rules of courtesy were very different from ours. Up North, being direct is something positive. Down here, it's considered rude.

During the years, Brad never realized that he was offending anyone. We now know that he never meant to. Once, Dr. Franklin invited Brad for Sunday dinner, not long after he'd arrived. Although he is actually quite reserved, Dr. Franklin likes to be known around town as a cultured man. He therefore felt the need to welcome Brad to town and show him some southern hospitality. Yet that meal caused such a problem for Brad that he almost had to leave town. Looking back now, I can see that we were the ones who were being rude, and not Brad Perkins.

There were only six people at dinner, but what he did seemed to have been broadcast all over town by the next day. And, of course, everyone took offense. Later, Dr. Franklin agreed that they had gone overboard and had been too sensitive. As a rule, however, it is not customary for a guest to refuse a second helping in a southerner's home.

Brad Perkins will have been here for thirty years next June. We've come to admire him, and it's hard to imagine the place without him. We treat him just like one of us, but I guess we've just gotten used to people from up North. Over the years, we've tried to learn more about what's considered appropriate in the North. We realize now that they're not rude; they just communicate differently.

1. From where did Brad Perkins move to the southern town?

1) Los Angeles	2) New York City	3) Boston
4) Chicago	5) Washington	

2. To show someone hospitality means _____

- 1) to take someone to the hospital.
- 2) to be very offensive to someone.
- 3) to be kind and welcoming to guests.
- 4) to study tourism and the hotel industry.
- 5) to receive medical care especially in a hospital.

3. How did the town perceive Brad's directness?

- 1) As a lack of interest
- 2) As cultural exchange
- 3) As a sign of intelligence
- 4) As rudeness
- 5) As polite behavior

4. Which word in the story means "**the way things are usually done**"?

- 1) appropriate
- 2) customary
- 3) sensitive
- 4) cultured
- 5) sensitive

5. What does "**broadcast**" mean in this story?

- 1) advertised
- 2) shown on TV
- 3) spread via gossip
- 4) announced on the radio
- 5) to send out a program on television

6. Who invited Brad for Sunday dinner?

- 1) A close friend
- 2) The town's sheriff
- 3) A local pastor
- 4) The mayor of the town
- 5) Dr. Franklin

7. How has the town's perception of Brad changed over the years?

- 1) They are afraid of him
- 2) They still find him rude
- 3) They admire him now
- 4) They ignore him
- 5) They want him to leave

8. What does the word "**bored**" mean?

- 1) feeling a lack of interest in what you are currently doing
- 2) something that is fair, having good judgment
- 3) understanding and caring, easily offended
- 4) being very honest and to the point
- 5) a feeling of great pleasure, satisfaction, or happiness

9. What does the word "**reasonable**" mean?

- 1) feeling a lack of interest in what you are currently doing
- 2) something that is fair, having good judgment
- 3) understanding and caring, easily offended
- 4) being very honest and to the point
- 5) a feeling of great pleasure, satisfaction, or happiness

10. What does the word “**direct**” mean?

- 1) feeling a lack of interest in what you are currently doing
- 2) something that is fair, having good judgment
- 3) understanding and caring, easily offended
- 4) being very honest and to the point
- 5) a feeling of great pleasure, satisfaction, or happiness

Conversation (Items 11-16)

Husband: Buster, here boy, Buster.

Wife: What's going on?

Husband: Honey, don't get mad. But there's been a disappearance.

Wife: Disappearance? What do you mean?

Husband: Buster! He's disappeared! I took him for a walk. When we got home, I went to the kitchen to make some coffee, turned around and Buster was gone!

Wife: Gone? How can that be? Did you look for him?

Husband: Of course! I looked all over the house - upstairs and downstairs. I called for him. I whistled for him. He's nowhere to be found.

Wife: I'm really worried! There's a rumor going around about a gang stealing pedigree dogs. Buster is worth a lot of money.

Husband: That's it! The thieves must have broken in while I was making coffee, and stolen Buster! Let's call the police!

Wife: Wait, before you start calling the police... I think I might have a different version of events.

Husband: Really? What's that?

Wife: Well, did you forget to close the back door again? That's what I thought. I'll go around to the neighbors to look for him...

Husband: The evidence is not conclusive! I may be innocent!

11. The title of this story could be _____.

- 1) The Neighbor's Dog.
- 2) Buster Catches a Thief.
- 3) Where's Buster?
- 4) Don't Forget to Walk the Dog.
- 5) Wife and Husband

12. The wife has probably just come home from_____.

- 1) the gym
- 2) the supermarket
- 3) walking the dog
- 4) a clothing store
- 5) the hospital

13. What is the husband doing at the beginning of the story?

- 1) Calling for Buster
- 2) Calling a neighbor
- 3) Calling a police

4) Closing the back door 5) Waiting for his wife to come home

14. What has the wife heard that is causing her concern?

- 1) The neighbors are complaining about missing pets.
- 2) There's a rumor about a gang stealing pedigree dogs.
- 3) There's been an accident on their street.
- 4) Buster has been barking too much lately.
- 5) A new pet store is opening nearby.

15. How did the husband become aware that Buster had disappeared?

- 1) He saw a gang stealing Buster.
- 2) He found Buster's collar on the floor.
- 3) The neighbors told him Buster was missing.
- 4) After making coffee, he noticed Buster was gone.
- 5) He received a phone call about Buster's disappearance.

16. How does the wife suggest resolving the situation?

- 1) Hiring a detective to find Buster.
- 2) Offering a reward for Buster's return.
- 3) Waiting for Buster to return on his own.
- 4) Asking the husband to remember where he last saw Buster.
- 5) Checking if the back door was left open and searching the neighborhood.

17. What does “another version of events” mean?

- 1) A different show for pedigree dogs
- 2) A solution to a problem
- 3) Another person is looking for the dog
- 4) A different story explaining what happened
- 5) A particular form of something that is slightly different from other forms

18. What does “**rumor**” mean?

- 1) to show something to be correct or incorrect based on facts
- 2) information that may or may not be true
- 3) the process of passing from sight, becoming lost, vanished
- 4) to say something that is unproven and can be argued
- 5) the opinion that people in general have about someone or something

19. What does “**disappearance**” mean?

- 1) to show something to be correct or incorrect based on facts
- 2) information that may or may not be true
- 3) the process of passing from sight, becoming lost, vanished

- 4) to say something that is unproven and can be argued
- 5) the opinion that people in general have about someone or something

20. What does “**claim**” mean?

- 1) to show something to be correct or incorrect based on facts
- 2) information that may or may not be true
- 3) the process of passing from sight, becoming lost, vanished
- 4) to say something that is unproven and can be argued
- 5) the opinion that people in general have about someone or something

Conversation (Items 21-27)

Speaker A: I can't stand these expensive little boutiques.

Speaker B: I know. They charge so much for so little.

Speaker A: I'm getting tired of shopping. Let's get out of here and go eat.

Speaker B: Great idea! I'm starving.

Speaker A: Wait! Look! Isn't that a fabulous little black dress?

Speaker B: Absolutely! And it's on sale, too!

21. Who most likely are the speakers?

- 1) Two salespeople
- 2) Two friends
- 3) Two shop assistants
- 3) A teacher and a student
- 5) A salesperson and a customer

22. What does Speaker A dislike?

- 1) Expensive boutiques
- 2) Sales in stores
- 3) Small boutiques
- 4) Big shopping malls
- 5) The idea of eating out

23. What does the speaker A mean when she says, "I'm getting tired of shopping"?

- 1) Shopping always makes her tired.
- 2) She wants to try another clothing store.
- 3) She wants to nap before going shopping.
- 4) She doesn't feel like shopping anymore.
- 5) She finds the prices reasonable.

24. What is the speaker A's suggestion?

- 1) To go eat
- 2) To go home
- 3) To sell the dress
- 4) To go to the bank
- 5) To go to another store

25. What does the speaker B mean when she says, "**They charge so much for so little**"?

- 1) They mostly carry small sizes.
- 2) She is surprised by the low prices.
- 3) They only have a few things in the store.

4) They have a lot of clothes but nothing nice.
5) The clothes are expensive even though they're not so great.

26. What catches Speaker A's attention after deciding to eat?
1) A shoe sale 2) A little black dress 3) A restaurant menu
4) A food advertisement 5) A boutique's window display

27. What will the speaker A probably do next?
1) Leave the shop 2) Try on the dress 3) Sit down to rest
4) Look for boots 5) Find a restaurant to eat at

28. What does "**topic**" mean?
1) a specific subject that is written about or discussed
2) an informative film about a particular event or topic
3) interesting article titles in a newspaper to make readers want to know more
4) to give time, money or effort to a cause or organization
5) a person who corrects or changes pieces of text before they are printed

29. What does "**documentary**" mean?
1) a specific subject that is written about or discussed
2) an informative film about a particular event or topic
3) interesting article titles in a newspaper to make readers want to know more
4) to give time, money or effort to a cause or organization
5) a person who corrects or changes pieces of text before they are printed

30. What does "**catchy headline**" mean?
1) a specific subject that is written about or discussed
2) an informative film about a particular event or topic
3) interesting article titles in a newspaper to make readers want to know more
4) to give time, money or effort to a cause or organization
5) a person who corrects or changes pieces of text before they are printed

Reading (Items 31-35)

Are you annoyed by high interest rates? Do you ever need help keeping track of your financial records? Do you wish you could overdraw on your account without seeing your checks bounce? If you answered "yes" to any of the above questions, it's time for you to check out "Bank-Plus" at ABC Finance Bank. For just a small monthly fee, you'll get high-quality service to help you manage your bank account. But don't take it from me. Listen to one of our satisfied customers: "At ABC Finance Bank, there's always someone who helps me understand my statements and keeps an eye on my investments. The people there really care about me. Also, since the bank double-checks everything, errors which in the long run

could cost me a lot of money are avoided. As long as my money is at ABC Finance Bank, my savings are secure."

ABC Finance Bank likes to be known as the bank that cares about you as well as your money. That's a bank to invest in. Why don't you check us out? Now that you know more about us, you'll be glad you did.

31. According to the ad about the bank, which sentence is **not** true?

- 1) ABC Finance Bank cares about you and your money.
- 2) ABC Finance Bank's service doesn't save you any money.
- 3) ABC Finance Bank double-checks everything in your account.
- 4) ABC Finance Bank gives high-quality service for a monthly fee.
- 5) ABC Finance Bank offers to assist with financial record keeping.

32. How does the bank make sure errors are avoided?

- 1) They use "Bank-Plus."
- 2) They keep an eye on their customers.
- 3) They keep track of investments.
- 4) They double-check everything.
- 5) They offer the strongest firewalls for online accounts

33. Based on the advertisement, what does ABC Finance Bank seem to value most?

- 1) The speed of their services
- 2) The financial success of the bank
- 3) The savings amount of each customer
- 4) The quantity of transactions per customer
- 5) The personal relationship with customers

34. What benefit is highlighted by the satisfied customer in the advertisement?

- 1) Low-interest loans
- 2) Free banking services
- 3) High return on investments
- 4) Ability to overdraw without penalty
- 5) The bank gives him high-quality service

35. How often does a customer with "Bank-Plus" have to pay for the service?

1) Once a week	2) Once a month	3) Once a year
4) Free of charge	5) Twice a month	

Dear Ms. Moore,

Since your letter arrived, we have given careful _____(36)_____ to your proposal. We are impressed with your _____(37)____ for this project. We feel that a magazine of this _____(38)_____ could help us show our _____(39)_____ to more high school and college students. We would be interested in some _____(40)_____ advertisements but must discuss this with you. Since we have some additional advice about the outline for the first issue, we would like to make a presentation with our ideas.

I suggest that we meet at the earliest possible date.

36. 1) objectives 2) full-page 3) consideration 4) quality 5) products
37. 1) objectives 2) full-page 3) consideration 4) quality 5) products
38. 1) objectives 2) full-page 3) consideration 4) quality 5) products
39. 1) objectives 2) full-page 3) consideration 4) quality 5) products
40. 1) objectives 2) full-page 3) consideration 4) quality 5) products

41. I _____ move the table. It was too heavy.
 1) couldn't 2) mustn't 3) shouldn't 4) wouldn't 5) oughtn't

42. I was using my pencil a minute ago. It _____ be here somewhere!
 1) can 2) could 3) must 4) would 5) ought to

43. What do you want to do? - Well, we _____ have a picnic, but it looks like rain.
 1) can 2) could 3) must 4) would 5) should

44. Whose is this bag? - I don't know, but it _____ belong to Yuta.
 1) may 2) must 3) could 4) would 5) should

45. How did you do in the test? - OK. It _____ worse!
 1) could be 2) might be 3) could have been
 4) would have been 5) should have been

46. A castle is a place _____ a king or queen lives.
 1) who 2) which 3) whose 4) where 5) when

47. An actress is a woman _____ plays in films or theatre plays.
 1) who 2) which 3) whose 4) where 5) when

48. This is the girl _____ mother is from Canada.
 1) who 2) which 3) whose 4) where 5) when

49. This is the time of the year _____ many people suffer from hay fever.
 1) who 2) which 3) whose 4) where 5) when

50. The flowers _____ grow in the garden are beautiful.
 1) who 2) which 3) whose 4) where 5) when

51. Mum: Max, are you hungry?
 1) Mum said that he was hungry.
 2) Mum told Max that he was hungry.
 3) Mum asked Max if he was hungry.

52. Jenny: Are you both OK?

- 1) Jenny said that we were both OK.
- 2) Jenny asked us if we were both OK.
- 3) Jenny told us that we were both OK.

53. Gary: Did it rain on your holiday?

- 1) Gary said that it had rained on our holiday.
- 2) Gary asked us if it had rained on our holiday.
- 3) Gary told us that it had rained on our holiday.

54. Bella: Please close the door, Henry.

- 1) Bella asked Henry to close the door.
- 2) Bella asked Henry he closed the door.
- 3) Bella told Henry that he would close the door.

55. Mum: Turn down the music, Sally.

- 1) Mum told Sally to turn down the music.
- 2) Mum asked Sally to turn down the music.
- 3) Mum asked Sally he turns down the music.

56. Grandma: Don't be shy, Polly.

- 1) Grandma asked Polly to be shy.
- 2) Grandma told Polly not to be shy.
- 3) Grandma asked Polly he wasn't shy.

57. Teacher: What's your name?

- 1) The teacher told me what my name was.
- 2) The teacher asked me what my name was.
- 3) The teacher said to me what my name was.

58. Dad: You can't take the radio.

- 1) Dad told me I couldn't take the radio.
- 2) Dad said that I couldn't take the radio.
- 3) Dad asked me I couldn't take the radio.

59. Jess: It won't take very long.

- 1) Jess told it wouldn't take very long.
- 2) Jess said it wouldn't take very long.
- 3) Jess asked if it wouldn't take very long.

60. Leo: I don't like cake.

- 1) Leo told he didn't like cake.
- 2) Leo said he didn't like cake.
- 3) Leo asked if he didn't like cake.

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