

GE5 U567 REVIEW 2

A. Reading: Read and choose the correct answer:

Romans built roads, arches, aqueducts and bridges. They also invented concrete which was used in many of their building projects.

Roads allowed goods and services to be transported between towns and cities. Roads also made it easier to move soldiers and supplies as the empire expanded. Roads were built with concrete, which was a Roman invention. Mixing lime and volcanic sand made a strong, durable material that dried solid and which was capable of supporting a great deal of weight. Roads were slightly humped in the middle so that rain would flow down to the sides of the roads, preventing flooding.

An arch is a curved, symmetrical structure made of brick, stone, or concrete. Most arches are composed of wedge shaped blocks supported by a wooden frame. When the top center stone, called the keystone, is inserted, the wooden scaffolding can be removed and both sides of the arch apply equal pressure to the keystone, allowing it to stand. Though the arch was not invented by the Romans, they did figure out how to increase the amount of weight it could support. Aqueducts were long channels, usually underground, that were built to enable the supply of water into cities. This water was used for drinking, public baths, and sewers. Though the homes of some wealthy people had running water, most Romans would bring their own buckets to a public place, like a fountain, to get the water they needed.

Bridges were built with stone and concrete, and arches were used to make them strong. The largest bridge built by ancient Romans was Trajan bridge over the river Danube, and it was over 3700 feet long and 62 feet high. Over 900 bridges were built in the Roman empire.

1. The Romans invented:

- a. the arch
- b. bridges
- c. concrete
- d. roads

2. Roads were _____ to prevent flooding.

- a. made from concrete
- b. capable of supporting a lot of weight
- c. symmetrical in structure
- d. slightly humped in the middle

3. Romans:

- a. figured out how to increase the amount of weight an arch could support
- b. invented the arch
- c. had no running water
- d. seldom built bridges

4. Aqueducts were used to:

- a. carry water
- b. strengthen bridges and buildings
- c. prevent flooding
- d. allow Romans to cross bodies of water

5. The top center stone of an arch is called the:

- a. Danube
- b. keystone
- c. aqueduct
- d. concrete

6. What is the text about?

- a. Roman engineering
- b. Roman soldiers
- c. Roman clothes
- d. Roman inventions

B. VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR

Read and choose the correct answer:

The tombs were full of _____.

- a. sand
- b. robbers
- c. treasures

Roman _____ often had to deal with serious injuries on their body.

- a. raiders
- b. soldiers
- c. gladiators

_____ Australians use boomerangs to hunt.

- a. Kangaroo
- b. Aboriginal
- c. Carve

The cerebellum _____ at the back of the brain.

- a. is located
- b. controls
- c. balances

You need to improve your _____ skills. How can't you deal with a 5-year-old child?

- a. circulation
- b. coordination
- c. problem-solving

From birth to age 5, a child's brain _____ very fast.

- a. improves
- b. repairs
- c. develops

You lost your _____ and fell off the bike, didn't you?

- a. balance
- b. movement
- c. digestion

Clear _____ is a way of speaking in which every word, sentence and idea is spoken clearly and simply.

- a. emotions
- b. coordination
- c. speech

_____ are fundamental units of the brain and the nervous system.

- a. Circulation
- b. Emotions
- c. Neurons

Body functions such as breathing, digestion and blood circulation are _____ by the cerebellum.

- a. connected
- b. controlled
- c. sent

A _____ is a kind of bird that likes feeding on flesh of dead animals.

- a. vulture
- b. bush
- c. feed

Other involuntary actions include _____ when we're tired or _____ when we have a cold or an allergy to something.

- a. sneezing- blushing
- b. yawning- sneezing
- c. hitting- sneezing

He discovered Roman artefacts _____ the bottom of a well in London.

- a. at
- b. on
- c. in

They're sending a _____ to fix the problem with the heating.

- a. a merchant
- b. an engineer
- c. a farmer

The cargo on _____ ships contained raw materials and agricultural products.

- a. chariot
- b. merchant
- c. engineer

I knew that my mom _____ oily foods.

- a. don't like b. didn't like c. doesn't like

They believe that Ancient Egyptians were the _____ of the first form of writing.

- a. invented b. inventors c. invention

We _____ the dishes, _____ the laundry, and _____ home before noon.

- a. were washing- doing-
left b. washed- did- left c. were washing- doing-
leaving

I _____ in the garden while she _____ books in her room.

- a. were playing- was
reading b. played- read c. was playing- was
reading

He(sit) _____ at his computer at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

- a. was siting b. sat c. was sitting

I'll be back _____ ten minutes.

- a. for b. in c. at

Paul isn't here _____ the moment.

- a. at b. in c. on

_____ this valley, there is a train passing through.

- a. at b. in c. on

The Cool Detective Gang heard the alarm bells of their local museum ring during the middle of the night, _____ they decided to get up _____ go out to investigate.

- a. so- and b. so- while c. but- and

Peter, if the light is green, _____ the street.

- a. crosses b. crossing c. cross

You and Mark have 2 daughters, _____?

- a. don't we b. don't you c. haven't you

Tony _____ annoyed when I _____ to him

- a. felt- talked b. will feel- talk c. feels- talk

Water _____ if you _____ it to 100 degrees Celsius.

- a. boiling- heat b. boils- heat c. will boil- heat

_____ becoming Jane's friends, Lana used to feel very lonely.

- a. Before that b. After that c. After