| ĐỀ THI THỬ SỐ 4<br>TRƯỜNG THCS : ……<br>LỚP : ……...<br>( Đề theo cấu trúc mới Format 40 câu ) | SỞ GD – ĐT THÀNH PHỐ HỒ CHÍ MINH<br>KỲ THI TUYỂN SINH VÀO LỚP 10<br>KHÓA NGÀY……THÁNG……NĂM 20…<br>(Thời gian làm bài 90 phút) |
|---|---|

**I. Choose the word (A, B, C or D) whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.**

**1.** A. chemistry B. kitchen C. watch D. catch

**2.** A. invited B. wanted C. ended D. liked

**II. Choose the word (A, B, C or D)whose main stress is placed differently from the others in each group.**

**3.** A. economic B. activity C. disappointed D. scientific

**4.** A. detective B. romantic C. national D. adventure

**III. Choose the word / phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence.**

**5.** One of the essential things that children, when grown up, need to acquire is .....

A. life skill B. shopping habit C. blame game D. laziness

**6.** ..... Saturday afternoons we usually play basketball.

A. On B. In C. At D. To

**7.** We had a picnic on the river ..... before going home late in the evening.

A. side B. bank C. part D. place

**8.** My ……. is playing tennis and collecting coins.

A. work B. hobby C. free time D. duty

**9.** It took us two hours ..... the village by bus.

A. to come B. to reach C. to get D. to arrive

**10.** You should calm ..... and we will find out the best solution.

A. about B. up C. down D. from

**11.** He wishes he ..... younger again.

A. is B. would C. could be D. be

**12.** Since he arrived, he ..... a lot about life on a farm.

A. was learning B. had learned C. has been learning D. learned

**13.** "Shall we eat out this evening?" – " ……."

A. Yes, we shall. B. How do you do?

C. Yes, let's! D. You're welcome.

**14.** "……." - " It's nice of you to say so!"

A. We have no other choices. B. What you did was so stupid.

C. I'd like to stop you doing so. D. Have a nice trip to Hue.

**IV.Choose the best answer (A, B, C or D) for the following picture or sign.**

**15.What does the sign say?**

A. You mustn't drive after drinking.

B. You shouldn't drink after taking medicines.

C. You must be careful with drunk drivers.

D. You must drive carefully.



**16. What does the sign say?**

A. Accident-prone areas

B. Areas with no pedestrians

C. Pedestrian crossing is not allowed

D. Pedestrians must not turn left.



**V. Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in the following passage.**

Camping is an activity in which people live temporarily in the outdoors. Campers ..... (17) in fishing, hunting, swimming, and wildlife watching. It provides physical benefits when it involves hiking around a campsite, and many people believe that camping ..... (18) youngsters feel more confident.

People throughout the world enjoy hiking to wildness campsites. This activity is called backpacking



LIVEWORKSHEETS

..... (19) it involves carrying such essential camping gear as the tent, food, clothing, and sleeping bag on the back in a bag ..... (20) a backpack. Backpacking is best suited for ..... (21) who are in good physical conditions as it may require walking several miles.

The key to any enjoyable camping trip is planning. A decision ..... (22) where to camp depends on personal preference, but planning the trip before leaving helps campers avoid preventable accidents.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **17.** | A. participate | B. take | C. enter | D. get |
| **18.** | A. enables | B. allows | C. makes | D. causes |
| **19.** | A. although | B. because | C. so | D. but |
| **20.** | A. mentioned | B. told | C. known | D. called |
| **21.** | A. anyone | B. those | C. someone | D. Everyone |
| **22.** | A. for | B. with | C. on | D. in |

**VI.Read the passage, then decide if the statements that follow it are True or False**

The country is more beautiful than a town and more pleasant to live in. Many people think so, and go to the country for summer holidays though **they** cannot live there all the year around. Some have a cottage built in a village so that they can go there whenever they can find the time.

English villages are not all like, but in some ways they are not very different from one another. Almost every village has a church, the round or square tower of which can be seen for many miles around. Surrounding the church is the churchyard where people are buried.

The village green is a wide stretch of grass, and houses or cottages are built round it. Country life is now fairly comfortable and many villages have water brought through pipes into each house. Most villages are so close to some small towns that people can go there to buy what they cannot find in the village shops.

**A.Write True or False for the following statements.**

**23.** The town isn't so beautiful as the country.

**24.** English villages are completely alike.

**25.** It is not far from most villages to some small towns.

**26.** People can buy everything in the village shops.

**B. Choose the most suitable item.**

**27.** The main topic of the passage is .....

A. to encourage people to live in the country. B. to introduce English villages.
C. to compare towns with villages. D. to describe the quiet life in the country.

**28.** The word "**they**" refers to .....

A. villages B. towns C. people D. holidays

**VII. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence**

**29.** I'm ..... that we will have a vacation abroad this week. **(DELIGHT)**
**30.** He ..... packed his school things and left immediately. **(HURRY)**
**31.** How to boost up self-..... is what the lecture aims at. **(CONFIDE)**
**32.** We took …… food like chicken salad with grapes last weekend. **(PICNIC)**
**33.** Though he has final exam tomorrow, it looks as if he was ..... **(WORRY)**
**34.** Sophia did her best to provide …….. atmosphere in her home. **(RELAXION)**

**VIII. Put the words in the correct order to make meaningful sentences.**

**35.** went /was /It /swimming /such/weather/we/good/that

→ **It was ……..**

**36.** attraction/the/photos/around/sightseers/to/walked/Many/tourist/took

→ **Many ……..**

**IX. Rewrite each of the following sentences in another way so that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it**

**37.** They made me wait for the door for twenty minutes.

**I was ……..**

**38.** He is sorry that he can't see Audrey on her trip to London.

**He wishes……..**

**39.** I always find it strange to travel by air.

**I'm not ……..**

**40.** I had to spend two days travelling to that town.



LIVEWORKSHEETS

✍**It took** ……



LIVEWORKSHEETS