

# Protestant Reformation

## Matching:

1. \_\_\_\_\_ - leader of the Christian Church that had greater political and military influence than some emperors and kings.
2. \_\_\_\_\_ - occurred on October 31<sup>st</sup> 1517; Luther nailed the 95 Theses onto the door of the Castle Church in Wittenberg, Germany.
3. \_\_\_\_\_ - a new invention that allowed Luther's 95 Theses to be copied and spread across Europe
4. \_\_\_\_\_ - a revolution of religion in Western Europe that was the result of political and social grievances against the Christian Church
5. \_\_\_\_\_ - transformative social and intellectual period involving the rise of humanism
6. \_\_\_\_\_ - philosophy that shifted man's fate from being determined by religious doctrine to being determined by man himself.

**Renaissance**

**Printing Press**

**Humanism**

**Protestant Reformation**

**Pope**

**Birth of Protestant Reformation**

7. What 2 denominations did Luther's 95 Theses split Christianity into?

1. \_\_\_\_\_

2. \_\_\_\_\_

8. What word did the Protestant denomination come from? \_\_\_\_\_

9. Luther and other reformists translated biblical text into what 3 languages?

1. \_\_\_\_\_

2. \_\_\_\_\_

3. \_\_\_\_\_

10. Luther believed the Church needed to revise its doctrine by returning to the bible's teachings by saying that salvation could be granted by \_\_\_\_\_ in \_\_\_\_\_ alone.