

Zadanie 1. Posłuchaj pięciu wypowiedzi na temat podrózowania. Na podstawie zawartych w nich informacji, zaznacz właściwą odpowiedź: A, B lub C. Przed odtworzeniem nagrania zapoznaj się szczegółowo z treścią pytań i odpowiedzi.

Nagranie 1

- 1 How long is Speaker 1 staying in Cyprus?
A seven days **B** two days **C** four days

- 2 How is the passenger going back to Athens?
A by ship **B** by plane **C** on foot

Nagranie 2

- 3 Which item hasn't Speaker B got?
A sun cream **B** a swimming costume **C** sunglasses

- 4 What does Speaker B want to do on the beach?
A swim in the sea **B** read a book **C** listen to some music

Nagranie 3

- 5 How long is the reception open?
A all the time **B** from nine to five **C** at night only

- 6 Where's the restaurant situated?
A on the first floor **B** on the third floor **C** on the second floor

Nagranie 4

- 7 What happened with the speaker's luggage?
A it never arrived **B** it came later **C** it got lost

- 8 Which means of transport did Speaker 4 use?
A a bus **B** a train **C** a taxi

Nagranie 5

- 9 What did the Dutch tourists give to Speaker 5 and her friend?
A a tent **B** a cookery book **C** a guidebook

- 10 What did the people have to use until the end of their holidays?
A matches **B** lighters **C** guidebooks

Zadanie 2. Wybierz poprawną formę: A lub B.

1. When you want to go to Łódź, just ____ a train. **A** go **B** take
2. Have you packed your swimming ____ yet? **A** trunks **B** torch
3. To reach the museum, go ____ this street. **A** on **B** along
4. When I was in Karpacz last year, I stayed in a mountain _____. **A** shelter **B** guest
5. Are there any places of ____ in Warsaw? **A** interest **B** hobby
6. You should ____ trains in Kielce. **A** move **B** change

7. They went on an exciting ____ tour of the city.	A sightseeing	B single
8. Have you ____ your flight yet?	A arrived	B booked
9. You can ask that flight ____ for some more water.	A person	B attendant
10. Could you show me the ____ to the nearest bus stop?	A way	B street

Zadanie 3. Wybierz właściwe opcje.

1. Tom **came** / **was coming** home late last night.
2. When I **met** / **was meeting** Peter he **was going** / **went** to the barber's.
3. Mr Houston **worked** / **was working** all day yesterday.
4. I **was having** / **had** lunch when my guests **arrived** / **were arriving**.
5. What **did you do** / **were you doing** yesterday at eleven p.m.?
6. It **rained** / **was raining** hard while we **were driving** / **drove** home.
7. My sister **wasn't writing** / **didn't write** any letters yesterday.
8. We **ate** / **were eating** dinner in a restaurant last Sunday.
9. Our teacher **was telling** / **told** us a lot of interesting stories yesterday.
10. When I **was seeing** / **saw** Jack, he **smoked** / **was smoking** a cigarette.

Zadanie 4. Do każdej z opisanych sytuacji dobierz właściwą reakcję.

- 1 Chciałbyś/abyś się dowiedzieć, gdzie znajduje się kasa biletowa. Jak to wyrazisz?
 - A Excuse me. I'm looking for the ticket office.
 - B Is it the ticket office?
 - C What time does the ticket office open?
- 2 Prosisz o bilet tam i z powrotem do Oxfordu. Jak wyrazisz tę prośbę?
 - A I'd like a single to Oxford, please.
 - B A return to Oxford, please.
 - C Oxford ticket, please.
- 3 Widzisz wolne miejsce. Chciałbyś/abyś je zająć. Jakie pytanie zadasz osobie siedzącej obok?
 - A Can I change this seat?
 - B Is this seat for me?
 - C Is this seat taken?
- 4 Ktoś podaje ci wskazówkę, że należy skręcić w lewo na światłach. Co usłyszysz?
 - A Turn left at the traffic lights.
 - B Turn right at the traffic lights.
 - C Turn back at the traffic lights.

5 Zapytaj konduktora, o której pociąg będzie w Manchesterze.

A What time does it depart from Manchester?
B What time will it move to Manchester?
C What time does it get to Manchester?

6 W samolocie chciałbyś/abyś zająć miejsce przy oknie. Jak poprosisz o to osobę, z którą podróżujesz?

A Can I have an aisle seat?
B Could I have a window seat?
C Can you show me a window seat?

7 Wskazujesz turystie drogę do muzeum położonego naprzeciwko banku. Jak mu to wytlumaczysz?

A You'll find the museum opposite the bank.
B You can see the museum past the bank.
C You'll see the museum behind the bank.

8 Zapytaj, z którego peronu odjeżdża pociąg do Glasgow.

A Which platform does the train to Glasgow depart from?
B Which platform does the train to Glasgow arrive at?
C Does the train to Glasgow leave from here?

9 Na lotnisku słyszysz komunikat, aby nie pozostawiać bagażu bez opieki. Co usłyszysz?

A Don't leave your suitcase without help.
B Take care of your luggage.
C Don't leave your luggage unattended.

10 Zapytaj, gdzie jest postój taksówek.

A Can you take me to the city centre?
B Could you tell me where the nearest taxi rank is?
C I can't find any taxis at the airport.

Zadanie 5. Wybierz właściwy zaimek lub przymiotnik dzierżawczy.

1. Jane has broken **her** **hers** leg.
2. You can't eat any more chocolates! They're all **mine** **my**.
3. My pencil is broken. Can I borrow **your** **yours**?
4. Peter lend me **his** **its** books.
5. Ella bought **her** **hers** lovely dress on sale and she looks so pretty.
6. The car lost **its** **his** rear bumper in an accident.

7. I'm going to give **you** **your** yours money back.
8. The mother cat and **its** **it's** kittens napped in the sunshine.
9. **Ours** **Our** grandfather used to take us fishing.
10. Please return **my** **mine** oney at once.

Zadanie 6. Przeczytaj tekst. Zdecyduj, czy podane zdania są prawdziwe (T) czy fałszywe (F).

William Shakespeare

Shakespeare was born in Stratford-Upon-Avon, a small town in England, in 1564. He went to school there, but he didn't go to university.

Shakespeare got married when he was only eighteen. About ten years later, he went to live in London. He wanted to be an actor. His wife and children stayed in Stratford, but he sometimes visited them. The journey took two days.

Shakespeare soon became interested in writing. When he was about thirty, he wrote *Romeo and Juliet*. Everybody loved it! His plays were very popular, and he made a lot of money.

When he was about fifty, Shakespeare came back to Stratford to live with his family. He died there a few years later.

- 1 Shakespeare was born in England. _____
- 2 He went to school. _____
- 3 He went to university. _____
- 4 He got married when he was fifty. _____
- 5 He went to London when he was eighteen. _____
- 6 He wanted to be an actor. _____
- 7 His wife went to London with him. _____
- 8 He wrote *Romeo and Juliet*. _____
- 9 A lot of people liked his plays. _____
- 10 He died in London. _____