TEST FOR UNIT 12

I. Choose the word that has underlined part pronounced differently from the rest.

1. a. d<u>i</u>verse   b. cr<u>i</u>me   c. d<u>i</u>sease   d. v<u>i</u>olence

2. a. d<u>ea</u>th   b. p<u>ea</u>ceful   c. w<u>ea</u>lthy   d. spr<u>ea</u>d

3. a. overcrowd<u>ed</u>   b. populat<u>ed</u>   c. pollut<u>ed</u>   d. advanta<u>ged</u>

4. a. <u>c</u>ity   b. spa<u>c</u>e   c. spa<u>c</u>ious   d. pea<u>c</u>eful

5. a. h<u>o</u>meless   b. pr<u>o</u>blem   c. p<u>o</u>verty   d. s<u>o</u>lve

II. Choose the word that has different stress pattern.

1. a. peaceful   b. disease   c. shortage   d. spacious

2. a. commit   b. healthy   c. standard   d. poverty

3. a. malnutrition   b. population   c. overcrowded   d. accommodate

4. a. criminal   b. density   c. nutrition   d. megacity

5. a. populated   b. explosion   c. economy   d. diverse

III. Complete each sentence with an appropriate word in the box.

overcrowded	poverty	population	disease
wealthy	slum	crimes	effects

1. The _____ of overpopulation are quite severe.

2. More than half the world's _____ live in urban areas.

3. The city of Auckland is so _____ that it is paying people to leave.

4. The largest _____ in Mumbai is called Dharavi.

5. The _____ is easily preventable with a vaccine.

6. People living in poverty are more likely to commit _____.

7. Only _____ people could afford to travel abroad.

8. Because of their _____ they did not have the means to spend much.

IV. Choose the best answer a, b, c or d to complete the sentence.

1. In 2019, the population _____ Jakarta is over 10.5 million.
   a. in   b. with   c. of   d. for

2. It is not unusual to be stuck in traffic _____ several hours during rush hour.
   a. in   b. for   c. at   d. to

3. People living in a city want to spend _____ time in traffic jams.
   a. more   b. less   c. fewer   d. much

4. Because of _____ poverty, Mumbai can be a difficult place to live.
   a. its   b. it's   c. his   d. theirs

5. The population _____ of London city is 5,590 people per square kilometer.

   a. growth   b. explosion   c. density   d. decline

6. Many countries have the problem of overpopulated cities, _____?

   a. do they   b. haven't they   c. doesn't it   d. don't they

7. _____ there are still thousands of homeless people living on the streets, it is fewer than in the past.

   a. As   b. Though   c. Because   d. While

8. Overpopulation is a serious problem which is _____ the world in negative ways.

   a. facing   b. solving   c. causing   d. affecting

9. We will be successful if we try hard, _____?

   a. don't we   b. will we   c. won't we   d. do we

10. "Life must be very difficult with homeless people."

   "_____. They have to face many problems beyond the lack of a suitable home."

   a. Not really.   b. No doubt.   c. Of course not.   d. Not at all.

V. Write the correct form or tense of verbs in brackets.

1. In 2016, more than half of Mumbai's population _____ (live) in slums.
2. Many people _____ (move) from small towns to big cities in recent years
3. The world's population _____ (grow) at a startling rate
4. In the next forty years, the earth _____ (accommodate) nearly 3 billion more people.
5. London _____ (be) one of the most populated cities of the world.
6. At this time tomorrow, we _____ (visit) Dharavi slum in Mumbai.
7. No one _____ (want) to be homeless-it's dangerous and stressful
8. The Dharavi slum _____ (found) in 1883 during the British colonial era.
9. City governments need _____ (find) a solution to reduce traffic jams
10. They don't mind _____ (help) the people who are in need.

VI. Write the correct form of the words in brackets.

1. Today, we suffer from a population _____. (explode)
2. Jakarta is the most _____ city in Southeast Asia. (populate)
3. The policeman ordered the _____ to drop his weapon. (crime)
4. Approximately one-third of Dhaka's residents live in_____ . (poor)
5. The population _____ of Vietnam is 293 people per square kilometer. (dense)
6. Many of the refugees are suffering from severe_____ . (nutrition)
7. London's population makes it by far the _____ city in the UK. (large)
8. Rapid growth of the city has led to a housing _____. (short)
9. Do you think overpopulation is a cause of _____ in the world? (hungry)
10. Children living in severely _____ homes often have no space to play, study and develop. (crowd)

VII. There is one mistake in each sentence. Find and correct it.

1. In 2050, the <u>world's population</u> <u>will</u> <u>grown</u> to 9 billion.
               A   B   C

2. Traffic <u>congestion</u> <u>has become</u> a serious problem in big cities, <u>doesn't it</u>?

                      A   B   C

3. The <u>amount</u> of <u>motorbikes</u> should be limited <u>to reduce</u> traffic jams.

               A   B   C

4. <u>Nearly</u> one million people <u>live</u> in Dharavi, the largest slum <u>of</u> Mumbai.

          A   B   C

5. Forest areas are <u>destroy</u> to <u>make</u> space <u>for</u> new houses.

               A   B   C

6. <u>Less</u> than thirty children each year <u>develop</u> the <u>disease</u>.

       A   B   C

7. There are social <u>causes of</u> <u>homeless</u>, such as <u>a lack of</u> housing, poverty and unemployment.   A   B   C

8. Your father <u>used to</u> <u>drink</u> coffee every morning, <u>usedn't</u> he?

              A   B   B

VIII. Match sentences

1. Are people's lives affected if the population increases?

a. Reducing births around the world

2. What is the current world population?

b. It could lead to higher levels of pollution.

3. What can we do to stop overpopulation?

c. 3.1 people per sq km.

4. Overpopulation is a serious problem, isn't it?

d. Yes, of course.

5. How does overpopulation affect the environment?

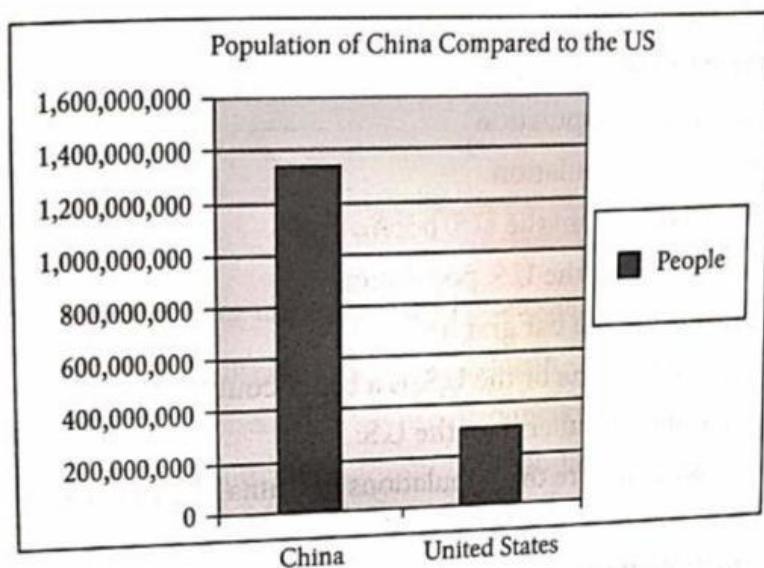e. Sounds awful! Something must be done to solve this problem.

6. Many poor people in the city live in slums because of a housing shortage.

    f. That may be true.

7. What is the population density of Australia?

    g. 7.7 billion

8. There won't be enough food to feed the world in 2050, will there?

    h. Yes, it is.

IX. Choose the correct answers to complete the passage.

Is life (1) _____ in cities? Probably not. Many people find that the city of their dreams has become a nightmare. Population (2) _____ is causing unbelievable overcrowding. This overcrowding (3) _____ many serious problems: traffic, pollution, sickness, and crime. There isn't enough water, transportation, or housing. Perhaps, most serious (4) _____ all, there aren't enough jobs. One-third to one-half of the people in many cities in developing nations cannot find work or can find only (5) _____ jobs. Millions of these people are hungry, homeless, sick and afraid. The crisis is worsening (6) _____; that is, this time of danger and difficulty is becoming more horrible every day. Population (7) _____ tell us that by the year 2025, the population in cities in developing nations will increase to four times (8) _____ present size.

1. a. good   b. better   c. best   d. gooder
2. a. density   b. exploit   c. decline   d. growth
3. a. causes   b. makes   c. forms   d. solves
4. a. of   b. for   c. at   d. in
5. a. permanent   b. well-paid   c. part-time   d. full-time
6. a. yearly   b. monthly   c. daily   d. weekly
7. a. teachers   b. experts   c. tellers   d. reporters
8. a. their   b. theirs   c. it's   d. its

X. Read the passage carefully then do the tasks.

Population of China Compared to the US

(Bar graph showing China with population over 1,300,000,000 and United States with approximately 300,000,000. Legend: ■ People. Y-axis ranges from 0 to 1,600,000,000 in increments of 200,000,000.)

China has more people than any other country in the world. China is almost equivalent, land-wise, to the United States. However, China has a much larger population.

The bars on the graph above compare the populations of China and the United States. Over 1,300,000,000 people live in China. This is four times more than the number of people who live in the United States!

Many Chinese live in cities. As people move to the cities, the cities grow. People build houses and businesses on land that was once used for farming. Then the land can no longer be used to grow crops. This makes it hard for China to grow enough food for its people.

The government was not sure there was enough food to feed people in the growing cities. So lawmakers tried to keep the cities from growing. The government even made a law to control population growth. The law said that most families living in cities should only have one child. Parents who have more than one child would have to pay a fine.

A. Match the words with their definitions.

1. equivalent   a. food that is farmed

2. land-wise   b. a sum of money given when a rule or law is broken

3. crops   c. the increase in the number of people in a place

4. population growth   d. alike in size

5. fine   e. relating to land

B. Choose the correct answers.

1. This passage is mostly about _____

   a. the differences between China and the United States.

   b. the size of China's population and where people live.

   c. laws in China about the population.

   d. why it's hard to have children in cities.

2. According to the passage, China's population is _____

   a. about equal to the U.S. population

   b. about half of the U.S. population

   c. about four times larger than the U.S. population

   d. only a tiny bit more than the U.S. population

3. Why does the author use the bar graph?

   a. To compare whether China or the U.S. is a better country

   b. To show that China is smaller than the U.S

   c. To help the reader compare the populations of China and the U.S

   d. To prove that China's population has grown dramatically.

4. Based on information in this passage, it can be concluded that _____

   a. it would be better if people only lived in city areas.

   b. many Chinese people want to move to other countries.

   c. there is enough land in China to grow food for everyone.

   d. the Chinese government is worried about the population growth.

5. Which of the following is NOT true?

    a. China covers roughly the same land area as the United States

    b. All farmland in China was converted into homes.

    c. The government of China was worried about food shortages.

    d. China adopted a one-child policy to control population growth.

XI. Make sentences using the provided key words.

1. the world/ there/ many cities/which/ facing/ overcrowding.

    _____

2. Saigon/ most populous city/Vietnam/population/ 8.6 million

    _____

3. overpopulated cities/ public transport/ usually/ overcrowded/ especially/ rush hour.

    _____

4. large numbers of people/ move/ the countryside/the cities/ in recent years.

    _____

5. There/ more/ job opportunities/ the big cities/ the rural areas/ aren't?

    _____

6. Local governments/ have to/ find/ solution/housing shortage.

    _____

7. A lot of people/ who/ homeless/suffer/ health problems

    _____

8. Over the next ten years/ the population/ the world/grow/ by 1 billion.

    _____