

Beliefs and Practices of the Catholic Church Before Reformation

Matching:

1. _____ - Bishop of Rome
2. _____ - When a priest or bishop had more than one parish or diocese, giving them more money
3. _____ - Priests, bishops and cardinals were not in their areas to fulfil their duties
4. _____ - Pieces of paper sold to lessen their time in Purgatory; First issued to the Crusaders
5. _____ - Helping family members to be appointed to high ranking in church positions
6. _____ - buying and selling of church positions
7. _____ - common people who did not practice the Jewish faith.
8. _____ - Catholic belief of a place of great suffering after you die where a soul would be cleansed before it went to heaven
9. _____ - allowed Christians to be free and retrieve all of their property and preach their religion as they saw fit
10. _____ - In 1305 the Pope (Clement V) moved his residence from Rome to Avignon where he came under the influence of the French King
11. _____ - Pope Gregory XI returned the papacy to Rome but when he died there was a split in the church with Rome electing an unpopular pope and then Cardinals in Avignon electing a different pope, the Anti Pope

Gentiles	Pope	Western Schism (1378 - 1413)	Pluralism	The Sale of Indulgences
Nepotism	Purgatory	Simony	Edict of Milan	Babylonian Captivity
				Absenteeism

Multiple Choice:

12. The Catholic Church considers itself a ____ of early Christianity.
 - a) Copycat
 - b) Continuation
 - c) Separate religion
13. Jesus was a Jew, and he was introduced to ____ teachings but expanded on them. He chose ____ Jewish Apostles and 72 Gentile Disciples.
 - a) Jewish, 12
 - b) Hindu, 15
 - c) Catholic, 25
14. For the first 60 years of the Catholic faith, it was referred to as the _____.
 - a) Way
 - b) Truth
 - c) Life
15. Jesus Christ was born in _____ in Judea sometime between 6 and 4 BC.
 - a) Nazareth
 - b) Bethlehem
 - c) Capernaum
16. According to Saint John, Jesus Christ is the eternal ____ of the Father; his nature is divine, and his purpose is the _____ of the world.
 - a) Brother, distinction
 - b) Son, preservation
 - c) Brother, influence
17. Jesus was born during the reign of the first Roman emperor, _____.
 - a) Julius Caesar
 - b) William Shakespeare
 - c) Caesar Augustus
18. The main goal of the Gospels was to persuade readers of Jesus' _____.
 - a) Divine nature
 - b) Anger
 - c) Gentle side
19. Jesus was baptized by _____.
 - a) Peter the fisherman
 - b) John the Baptist
 - c) Matthew the tax collector

20. Much of what we know of Jesus and his life comes from the Gospels written by the Four Evangelists – _____, _____, _____, and _____.
a) Mark, Matthew, Luke, John
b) Genesis, Leviticus, Numbers, Acts
c) John, Mark, Psalms, Revelations
21. The first Catholic Church was the _____, founded in the 4th century.
a) Jewish Temple
b) Holy Rosary Catholic Church
c) Roman Catholic Church
22. The Christian faith began with the act of _____. Before that Jesus was known as the Messiah of an already existing faith called _____. Therefore Christianity _____ considered a religion on it's own.
a) Contrition, Buddhism, was
b) Resurrection, Judaism, was not
c) Repentance, Catholicism, was
23. It was Peter who expressed his belief that both Jews and non-Jews were granted "_____" through the grace of Jesus.
a) sanctification
b) salvation
c) confession
24. Christianity was a religion of _____ and love, and morals.
a) Joy
b) Peace
c) kindness
25. The Catholics believe their religion was founded by _____.
a) John the Baptist
b) Jesus Christ
c) God the Father
26. Jesus started his public mission around the age of _____.
a) 40
b) 12
c) 30