

EF Pre-intermediate
Second Term Exam

Grammar

A. Write the comparative or superlative form of the adjective in brackets.

1. Sarah works _____ (hard) than Michael. He has too many breaks!
2. Harry's _____ (friendly) person I know. He talks to everybody!
3. Russia is _____ (big) country in the world.
4. It was _____ (bad) dream I've ever had. I was really frightened.
5. Peter is _____ (generous) than Joe – he always pays for the drinks!
6. His trainers were _____ (expensive) than mine. I got mine in the sale.
7. This is _____ (good) book I've ever read. I can't stop reading it!

/ 7

B. Complete the text with too, enough or not enough.

The other day I went shopping because I needed to buy some shoes. I went into a shop and found a pair that I really liked. Unfortunately, they were (1) _____ expensive and I did (2) _____ have _____ money. I went into a different shop and found another pair I liked but they were (3) _____ big _____. Then I chose a different pair. They were big (4) _____ and they weren't (5) _____ expensive so I bought them. When I left the shop, I realised I did (6) _____ have _____ money for the bus fare home!

/ 6

C. Complete the sentences with the words from the box.

any many much a little a few

1. I went to the beach with _____ friends.
2. There is _____ sugar in the bowl.
3. How _____ food is there in the fridge?
4. How _____ people came to the party?
5. I can't buy that shirt because I don't have _____ money.

/ 5

D. Complete with been or gone.

1. Let's go to the *Peking Duck*. I've never _____ there.
2. The secretary isn't here. She's _____ to the bank.
3. I've never _____ to the USA.
4. My neighbours aren't home. They've _____ on holiday.
5. Have you ever _____ abroad?
6. We have lots of food. We've _____ to the supermarket.

/ 6

E. Complete the sentences with will / 'll, won't, or shall and a verb from the box.

not drive not forget go have help make open

Example: 'I can't do this exercise.' 'Don't worry I'll help you.'

- 1 _____ I _____ you a cup of coffee?
- 2 We _____ to Glasgow; we'll take the bus.
- 3 'It's hot in here.' I _____ the window.'
- 4 I'll ring you tomorrow – I _____!
- 5 'How will you get to Lyon?' 'I _____ by train.'
6. _____ we _____ some juice with our sandwiches?

/ 6

F. Underline the correct word – gerund or infinitive?

Example: He wants get up / to get up / getting up early tomorrow.

1. Don't forget turn off / to turn off / turning off all the lights before you go.
2. I need go / to go / going to the supermarket. We don't have any fruit.
3. I don't mind do / to do / doing the washing-up. It's relaxing.
4. I'd like buy / to buy / buying a new car next year, so I'm saving money.
5. Have you finished tidy up / to tidy up / tidying up your room yet?
6. She promised call me / to call me / calling me back when she has more time.
7. My daughter spends hours play / to play / playing on her mobile phone.
8. My nephew is 3 years old so he can't read / to read / reading yet.

/ 4

G. Complete the gaps in the following sentences with the correct form of the verb in brackets. Use the present simple, present continuous, past simple, past continuous or present perfect:

1. They _____ at 10:00 every day. (start)
2. She _____ seven emails yesterday. (write)
3. What _____ at 8 o'clock yesterday evening? (you/do)
4. My brother _____ me a present yesterday. (give)
5. Oh, no! I _____ (not/buy) a present for Philip yet.
6. Where _____ (be) your children born?
7. This looks delicious! I _____ (never/eat) sushi.
8. Luke Harker _____ (work) for Unifax from 1993 to 2000.
9. The football match _____ (already/finish).
10. Please turn off the radio! I _____ (study).

/ 10

H. Complete the text with the correct form of the verb in brackets. Use present simple, present continuous, past simple, past continuous, present perfect, will or going to.

Dear Julia,

How _____ (be) you? Last winter we _____ (go) skiing. We _____ (have) a fantastic time. One morning while I _____ (sit) in the hotel restaurant I _____ (see) Rosalia and Jeremy. I _____ (not/speak) to them because I was too nervous. Next week we _____ (go) to New York. I can't wait to go! We _____ (stay) in a five-star hotel. I _____ (never/stay) in a five-star hotel, so I'm really excited. What about you? _____ (you/have) a nice Christmas? What _____ (you/do) this summer? If I have enough money, I'm not sure, but I think I _____ (study) Spanish in Barcelona in August. _____ (you/want) to come with me? I have to go now because my mum _____ (call) me.

Write soon,
Kate

/ 14

I. Complete the letter with ONE word.

Dear Pat,

I arrived here three weeks _____. I'm studying at language school _____ Brighton. The students come _____ many different countries and I _____ made a lot of new friends. There _____ classes for five hours every day. I like _____ teacher very much.

_____ name is John and he helps me _____ I make a mistake. I want _____ visit London next weekend because I _____ going back to my country on Monday. Can I see you there?

Please write to _____ soon.

Best wishes,
Maria

/ 11

J. Correct the mistakes in the following sentences.

1. A Seat doesn't go as fast than a Ferrari.
2. That hotel has the dirtier rooms I've ever seen.
3. She's quite overweight because she eats much sweets.
4. He's really unfit. He doesn't do exercise enough.
5. Have you ever dream that you were flying?
6. I'll pay back you next week.
7. There was anything interesting on TV last night.
8. I never listen music when I'm studying.

/ 8

Vocabulary

A. Write the opposite.

Example: win a match lose a match

1	lose a key	_____
2	buy a car	_____
3	forget a name	_____
4	start work	_____

5	pass an exam	_____
6	miss the train	_____
7	learn English	_____
8	get a postcard	_____

/ 8

B. Underline the correct word(s). (1/2 point per correct sentence)

Example: He speaks very fast. It's **bit** / very hard to understand him.

- 1 Taking good photographs is **quite** / not very difficult. You need a lot of skill.
- 2 Of course I can cook – it's **not very** / really easy.
- 3 The test was **a bit** / not very difficult. I didn't answer all of the questions.
- 4 Mobile phones are **not very** / incredibly useful. I use mine all the time.
- 5 Colette's **really** / a bit nice. She helps anyone who has a problem.
- 6 He's **not very** / a bit worried about his driving test. He's had a lot of practice.

/ 3

C. Fill in the gaps with one of the verbs from the box.

call	come	give	pay	send	take
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- 1 Sorry, I can't talk now. I'm very busy! Can I _____ you back later?
- 2 This skirt is too short! I think I'll _____ it back to the shop tomorrow.
- 3 Can you please lend me €5? I promise I'll _____ you back soon.
- 4 The good thing about buying from Amazon is that you can always _____ back the things you don't like.
- 5 I'm going to the supermarket now and I'll _____ back in one hour.
- 6 I don't like lending books to people because they never _____ them back.

/ 6

D. Choose the correct answer to complete the sentences. (1/2 point per correct sentence)

e.g. She _____ going to parties.

a) would b) wants c) likes

1. We're _____ to buy a new car soon.
a) hoping b) liking c) dreaming
2. My sister always _____ a long time in front of the mirror.
a) wants b) passes c) spends
3. Please stop _____ so much noise. I'm studying for an important exam!
a) making b) to make c) make
4. Albert is very good _____ playing the violin.
a) to play b) at playing c) playing

5. I don't want _____ out today. It's too cold.
a) to go b) going c) go

6. We're learning _____ paddle but it's not as easy as it looks.
a) play b) to play c) playing

7. Don't _____ to turn off the light.
a) miss b) forget c) leave

8. He always _____ to help me with my homework.
a) says b) thinks c) offers

9. Sara promised _____ us organize the party.
a) help b) to help c) helping

10. I _____ to go to the bank today.
a) dream b) like c) need

TOWNS AND CITIES

11. This city is too _____. We're going to move to a cleaner place.
a) dangerous b) polluted c) populated

12. The market was too _____ so we found a place with fewer people.
a) empty b) modern c) crowded

13. This city has a _____ of around 250,000.
a) population b) people c) tourists

14. That part of town is _____. These streets are safer.
a) empty b) dangerous c) noisy

15. You can buy anything at the _____ in the town centre.
a) cathedral b) palace c) department store

16. Rome has some amazing _____ buildings.
a) history b) historical c) cathedrals

/ 8

GRAMMAR: ____ / 77

VOCABULARY: ____ / 25

TOTAL: ____ / 102