Grammar

1 Are the underlined words countable or uncountable? Choose countable (C) or uncountable (U).

1 I usually have a cup C/U of hot chocolate when I get home from school.
2 When you have some free time C/U, let's have a game C/U of tennis.
3 My brother works at the new furniture C/U shop in Jacob Street.
4 There were a lot of mistakes C/U in Suzy's homework.
5 The word C/U 'banana' comes from an African language.

2 Choose the correct alternatives to complete the sentences.

1 There weren't *much/many* robberies in the city last month.
2 There are still a *little/few* pieces of cake on the plate.
3 I've got *some/a* great news! Our team won the cup!
4 How *much/many* ketchup do you want on your chips?
5 The jacket looked very expensive, but actually it wasn't a *lot/lot of*.
6 We don't do *some/any* outdoor sports in the winter.

3 Complete the sentences with these relative pronouns.

who which whose where

1 There's a new book _____ tells the story of Harry Potter's early life.
2 My Chinese teacher's the one _____ classroom is on the top floor.
3 I'm going to a beach _____ you can dive off the rocks into the sea.
4 'Muggles' are people _____ haven't got magical powers in *Harry Potter*.
5 I saw the dog _____ Karen bought last week.
6 Let's meet at the café _____ is by the bike shop.

Vocabulary

4 Complete the sentences with one word.

1 People in Portugal speak _____.
2 People in China speak _____.
3 People in Argentina speak _____.
4 People in Austria speak _____.
5 People in Italy speak _____.
6 People in Ukraine speak _____.

5 Choose the correct alternatives to complete the sentences.

1 Jean-Francois Menard ___ *Harry Potter* from English into French.
A wrote
B translated
C revised
2 Lucy ___ a lot of mistakes in her spoken English, but not in her written English.
A does
B makes
C tells
3 The listening exercises we ___ in German lessons are quite easy.
A make
B do
C take
4 It's a good idea to go to bed early the night before you ___ an exam.

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A practise
B take
C study

5 I think it's good to listen to music while you ___ for exams.
A exercise
B memorize
C revise

6 **Add the correct negative prefix to these words. Use *dis-*, *in-*, *il-*, *ir-* and *im-*. Use them to complete the sentences.**

usual correct regular legal possible

1 Many of the most common verbs in English are _____.
2 It is very _____ to see a teenager wearing a suit.
3 Piracy is the _____ sale of books, music and films.
4 It is _____ to count how many words there are in English.
5 I got 100% in my maths exam. I didn't give any _____ answers.

7 **Choose the correct alternatives to complete the text.**

Can dogs understand language? **(1)** ___ animal lovers believe that their doggy friends can understand **(2)** ___ word they say to them, but is this really true? It is more probable that dogs generally understand **(3)** ___ way we say things and not the words that we say. So, for example, we can say 'Walkies!' and they get excited, **(4)** ___ it's not the word 'Walkies!' that they recognize, it's the lift in our voice – the intonation. We can say another word with **(5)** ___ same intonation and they get excited again! However, there are some types of dog that can understand separate words. We can train these dogs to understand a **(6)** ___ of different words. There **(7)** ___ one dog in Germany that can identify over 200 different toys. The owner says the name of a toy and the dog finds the correct one from a big group of toys. That is more **(8)** ___ young children can do! This **(9)** ___ that doggy brains can give meaning to language.

1	**A** Much	**B** The	**C** Many	**D** Any
2	**A** all	**B** both	**C** every	**D** other
3	**A** the	**B** some	**C** any	**D** this
4	**A** so	**B** after	**C** or	**D** but
5	**A** a	**B** the	**C** some	**D** any
6	**A** few	**B** little	**C** lot	**D** lots
7	**A** are	**B** is	**C** has	**D** have
8	**A** like	**B** as	**C** than	**D** with
9	**A** shows	**B** shown	**C** show	**D** showing

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