

TEST 8



Part 1 USE OF ENGLISH

Choose the option (A, B, C or D) that best completes each of the following sentences. (15 points)

1. This is our evening news. An earthquake Kent City.
A. hit B. hits C. has hit D. hitting
2. I don't know when that new car.
A. John has bought B. John bought C. has John bought D. did John buy
3. Most teenagers have no idea what in that situation.
A. is doing B. they do C. should they do D. to do
4. What has been done to prepare the future natural disasters?
A. in B. of C. at D. for
5. What a surprise! We you for a long time.
A. do not meet B. didn't meet C. haven't met D. aren't seeing
6. A passer-by showed me to get to your house. I nearly got lost.
A. when B. what C. why D. how
7. In the past, people the church bells to inform villagers of a disaster.
A. rang B. blew C. hit D. invented
8. My sister has not visited our hometown 2015.
A. in B. since C. for D. by
9. The streets have all been closed and hundreds of people have been
A. damaged B. hurt C. died D. destroyed
10. In a(n), the ground shakes and buildings collapse.
A. volcano B. flood C. storm D. earthquake
11. I'm at the of a disaster. It's terrifying.
A. scene B. scenery C. sight D. site
12. What does the sign say? Choose the best option.
A. Touching the surface can make your hands hot.
B. The surface is hot enough for you to touch now.
C. The surface is too hot for you to touch now.
D. Touching the surface cannot be too dangerous.
13. What does the sign say? Choose the best option.
A. The floor is too wet to slip.
B. The floor is too wet for caution.
C. Be careful or you may fall.
D. Be careful and you can dance.



Choose the option whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others'.

14. A. damageded B. laughed C. destroyed D. raised
15. A. kissed B. watched C. sniffed D. decorated

Part 2

SPEAKING

Fill in each blank with an appropriate question from the list. There are **THREE** EXTRA questions. (10 points)

- Has anything been damaged?
- Are you and the people scared?
- Have the streets been closed?
- What's happened?
- Has anyone come to help?
- How long is it since the thunderstorm started?
- What about the people?
- What can we do for you now?

Interviewer: Hello. Sunday Times speaking.
 Tom: Hello. I'm calling about my town.
 Interviewer: Excuse me. (1)
 Tom: A big storm has hit our town.
 Interviewer: Oh, I see. (2)
 Tom: Yes, many houses had their roofs blown off.
 Interviewer: (3)
 Tom: A dozen people have been injured. They have been taken to hospital.
 Interviewer: (4)
 Tom: No. Some people are still trying to make their way home.
 Interviewer: That sounds dangerous. (5)
 Tom: About 5 minutes.
 Interviewer: Thanks for your information. We'll send some reporters there soon. Stay safe!

Part 3

WORD FORMS

Supply the correct forms of the given words. (10 points)

- The _____ flood has made thousands of people homeless. (DISASTER)
- Our belongings are _____ kept in the bank. There's no need to worry. (SAFETY)
- John has _____ all dangerous items from the baby room. (MOVE)
- Natural disasters put human beings and animals in _____. (DANGEROUS)
- Don't forget to move to a _____ place with your children. The water might flood in very quickly. (HEIGHT)



Part 4

READING COMPREHENSION

1. Read the following passage. Next to questions 1-5, write **TRUE** if the statement is true, **FALSE** if the statement is false, or **NI** if there is no information on this. (5 points)

A natural disaster is an unpleasant event caused by the earth's natural processes. It has severe consequences for not only many people but also animals and plants. It destroys buildings, leaving thousands of people homeless. According to scientists and environmentalists, worse global warming means there will be more and more natural disasters in the future. There are four types of natural disasters. Geological disasters include landslides and volcanic eruptions, just to name a few. The main hydrological disasters are floods and tsunamis. Typical examples of meteorological disasters are thunderstorms, droughts and tornadoes. Wildfires are the fourth type of natural disasters which are also considered to be caused by humans. The last group, space disasters refer to impact events with meteor and solar flare with large amounts of solar radiation.

- Natural disasters affect only human beings. _____
- Thousands of people lose their houses after a natural disaster. _____
- Global warming is a cause of natural disasters. _____
- Floods and tsunamis are the typical hydrological disasters. _____
- Most wildfires are caused by human beings. _____

TEST 8

2. Choose the option (A, B, C or D) that best completes each numbered blank in the passage. (10 points)

A tsunami is a natural disaster in which there is a series of (6) waves in the ocean as a result of powerful earthquakes, volcanic eruptions or landslides. A tsunami starts suddenly and travels at a great (7) across an ocean without losing much of its energy. It causes incredible destruction. It can (8) trees, wash away buildings and vehicles and even destroy whole cities. (9) a tsunami can take place in any large body of water, (10), especially the part called the ring of fire, has experienced the most tsunamis so far.

- | | | | |
|--------------------------|------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| 6. A. moving-fast | B. fast-moved | C. moved-fast | D. fast-moving |
| 7. A. depth | B. distance | C. length | D. speed |
| 8. A. damage | B. injure | C. wound | D. sweep |
| 9. A. Because | B. When | C. Although | D. Whereas |
| 10. A. the Pacific Ocean | B. Pacific Ocean | C. a Pacific Ocean | D. Pacific Oceans |

3. Fill in each blank with ONE suitable word. (10 points)

Looking at their states, volcanoes are categorized into (11) groups. The first group is "active" volcanoes. Such volcanoes have erupted recently and it may erupt soon. There are more than 1,500 active volcanoes (12) Earth. At any given time, about 10 to 20 volcanoes are (13) The second group is "dormant" volcanoes. These volcanoes have (14) erupting for a long time but there are chances that they will erupt some time in the (15) The last group includes "extinct" ones. As the name suggests, they will not erupt any longer.



Part 5

WRITING

1. Rearrange the given phrases to make a complete sentence. (10 points)

1. turn off/gets in/electricity/the flood water/your house./remember to/before

→

2. since/streets/the/the/all been/flood./have/closed

→

3. often/coming/people/Mount/saw/from/Vesuvius./smoke

→

4. the/a/a/a/with/large/volcano/top./opening/is/mountain/at

→

5. flooding/unexpected/in/over/city./2010./typhoon/all/an/the/caused

→

2. Rewrite the following sentences with the given words and/or beginnings in such a way that the meanings stay unchanged. (10 points)

6. There have been a lot of volcanic eruptions over the last 2,000 years.

→ Many volcanoes _____.

7. Can you suggest a good place for vacation? (WHERE)

→ I don't know _____ go on vacation.

8. When did you last see Tom?

→ How long is _____?

9. Don't use the stove in an earthquake. (WHEN)

→ Put _____.

10. It's a good idea to stay indoors during a thunderstorm.

→ You _____.

Part 6 LISTENING Listen to a talk about surviving an earthquake

Task 1. Listen and choose the FIVE things you should prepare in the disaster supplies kit. Write the letters in the provided spaces. (10 points)

- | | |
|-----------------------------|----------|
| a. a first-aid kit | 1. _____ |
| b. a hammer | 2. _____ |
| c. some canned food | 3. _____ |
| d. bottle openers | 4. _____ |
| e. water | 5. _____ |
| f. a battery-operated radio | |
| g. flashlight | |
| h. strong clothing | |



Task 2. Listen again and complete the following guidelines. Use only ONE WORD for each blank. (10 points)

- You need to choose a (6) _____ place in every room of the house.
- You should (7) _____ what to do in an earthquake.
- Make sure no furniture can (8) _____ during an earthquake.
- You must check and (9) _____ some items in the disaster supplies kit every (10) _____.