

HOW MUCH DO YOU REMEMBER?

1) Look at the pictures. Now, match the opposite adjectives to the pictures.

BLONDE - DARK

OLD - YOUNG

BEAUTIFUL - UGLY

TALL - SHORT FAT - THIN



LET'S READ!

2) Read the descriptions and look at the photos.

- ★ Who are the two people?
- ★ Can you guess the meaning of the highlighted words?

HOLLYWOOD STARS

Who are they?

He's a famous American actor. He's quite tall and he's very attractive. He has long hair and brown eyes. I think he's about 50.

She's a very beautiful actress. She's quite short and slim, and she has long dark hair. She's a Hollywood star, but she isn't American, she's Spanish.



3) Read the text again and find as many adjectives as you can.

PAY ATTENTION!

4) What type of words are the ones in blue?

- 1 The **White** House is in the USA.
They're **blue** jeans.
- 2 He's **strong**.
It isn't **easy**.
Is it **American**?
- 3 It's a **very big** city.
She's **quite small**.

★ When we use an adjective before a noun, the adjective goes **before** the noun.

- For example: *It's a big house.*

★ Adjectives **don't change** before a plural noun.

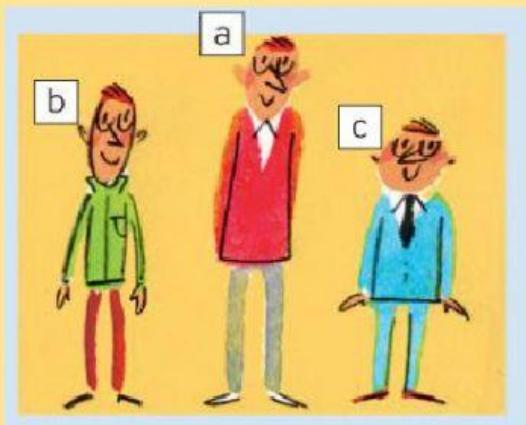
- For example: *They're blue jeans.*

★ We can also use adjectives without a noun, after the verb to be.

- For example: *She is pretty.*

★ We often use **very** and **quite** before adjectives.

- For example: a. He's **very** tall.
b. He's **quite** tall.
c. He isn't **very** tall.



5) Look at the sentence and identify an ADJECTIVE, A SUBJECT, THE VERB TO BE, A NOUN, and an INTENSIFIER.

Sarah is a **very** good person.

LET'S PRACTICE!

6) Make phrases from with an adjective and a noun from the circles. Use a/an with singular words.

Adjectives

old new
grey fast
black good
big cheap
short

Nouns

book boots
cars cat
day fish
jeans photo
story

1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

6.

7.

8.

9.

7) Think of a famous person from any country in the world. Use the jobs in the box to help you. **Now, write a description of the person.**

actor / actress musician politician
singer sportsman / sportswoman TV presenter