Part 1

For questions **1–8**, read the text below and decide which answer (**A**, **B**, **C** or **D**) best fits each gap. There is an example at the beginning (**0**).

In the exam, mark your answers **on the separate answer sheet**.

Example:

0 A meet   **B** link   **C** join   **D** unite

0	A	B	C	D

What is a coincidence?

A coincidence is a surprising thing that happen to us. For example, two friends go shopping alone on the same day. When they **(0)** …….. up afterwards, they discover that they've each bought an identical T-shirt. Many people **(1)** …….. coincidences as significant or mysterious. But the simple **(2)** …….. could be that friends tend to have similar taste in clothes.

In reality, life is **(3)** …….. of coincidences, but normally we don't notice them. For example, in almost fifty percent of all football matches, two players share the same birthday. This seems surprising, **(4)** …….. that there are 365 possible birthdays in the year. But most of these matches will be played without anybody being **(5)** …….. that the coincidence exists. **(6)** …….. your birthday is today or tomorrow, you don't generally go around telling people when it is. What's more, without realising it, you probably **(7)** …….. into contact with lots of people born on the same day as you. But when a coincidence is **(8)** …….. to your attention, it still seems amazing.

1	**A**	regard	**B**	think	**C**	consider	**D**	believe
2	**A**	explanation	**B**	definition	**C**	motivation	**D**	resolution
3	**A**	heavy	**B**	rich	**C**	full	**D**	crowded
4	**A**	given	**B**	except	**C**	even	**D**	instead
5	**A**	noticed	**B**	known	**C**	aware	**D**	intelligent
6	**A**	Therefore	**B**	Whereas	**C**	Meanwhile	**D**	Unless
7	**A**	make	**B**	come	**C**	have	**D**	go
8	**A**	taken	**B**	carried	**C**	brought	**D**	shown

LIVEWORKSHEETS